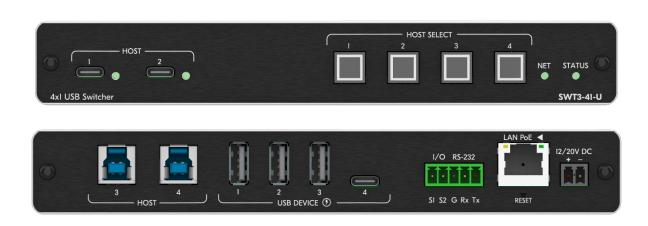


USER MANUAL

MODEL:

SWT3-41-U 4x1 USB Switcher



P/N: 2900-301686 Rev 7 www.kramerav.com

Contents

1
1
2
3
4
6
7
8
9
9
10
10
14
17
18
35
36
41
42
43
44
45
45
46
56

SWT3-41-U – Contents

Introduction



Welcome to Kramer Electronics! Since 1981, Kramer Electronics has been providing a world of unique, creative, and affordable solutions to the vast range of problems that confront the video, audio, presentation, and broadcasting professional on a daily basis. In recent years, we have redesigned and upgraded most of our line, making the best even better!

Getting Started

We recommend that you:

- Unpack the equipment carefully and save the original box and packaging materials for possible future shipment.
- Review the contents of this user manual.



Go to www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-41-U to check for up-to-date user manuals, application programs, and to check if firmware upgrades are available (where appropriate).

Achieving Best Performance

- Use only good quality connection cables (we recommend Kramer high-performance, high-resolution cables) to avoid interference, deterioration in signal quality due to poor matching, and elevated noise levels (often associated with low quality cables).
- Do not secure the cables in tight bundles or roll the slack into tight coils.
- Avoid interference from neighboring electrical appliances that may adversely influence signal quality.
- Position your Kramer SWT3-41-U away from moisture, excessive sunlight and dust.

Safety Instructions



Caution:

- This equipment is to be used only inside a building. It may only be connected to other equipment that is installed inside a building.
- For products with relay terminals and GPI\O ports, please refer to the permitted rating for an external connection, located next to the terminal or in the User Manual.
- There are no operator serviceable parts inside the unit.



Warning:

- Use only the power cord that is supplied with the unit.
- To ensure continuous risk protection, replace fuses only according to the rating specified on the product label which is located on the bottom of the unit.

SWT3-41-U – Introduction

Recycling Kramer Products

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC aims to reduce the amount of WEEE sent for disposal to landfill or incineration by requiring it to be collected and recycled. To comply with the WEEE Directive, Kramer Electronics has made arrangements with the European Advanced Recycling Network (EARN) and will cover any costs of treatment, recycling and recovery of waste Kramer Electronics branded equipment on arrival at the EARN facility. For details of Kramer's recycling arrangements in your particular country go to our recycling pages at www.kramerav.com/il/quality/environment.

Overview

Congratulations on purchasing your Kramer **SWT3-41-U** 4x1 **USB Switcher**. **SWT3-41-U** is a high–performance switcher with two USB–C and two USB–B ports for USB host devices connection and plug and play host user auto–switching experience based on active USB signal detection. The four connected USB peripherals, such as a room camera and microphone, are switchable for use of the active USB host, for convenient online meeting participants operation.

SWT3-41-U provides exceptional quality, advanced and user-friendly operation, and flexible control.

Exceptional Quality

 USB 3.2 Switching — USB 3.2 signals switching, enables high data-rate connection between active USB host and meeting space USB 3.2 and 2.0 devices, such as 4K camera, high-quality audio devices, and HID (Human Interface Devices) mouse or keyboard devices.

Advanced and User-friendly Operation

- Collaborative Online-meeting Switching- Controllable switching of online-session USB host participants and space-deployed visual (such as camera) and audible (such as microphones or headsets) USB peripherals, allows collaborative online meeting and smooth content sharing operation among online meetings participants.
- BYOD Ease and Convenience Connect any USB–C device as an online meeting
 participant, while providing the connected device with multiple concurrent capabilities of
 USB 3.2 and Ethernet connection, USB–driven content sharing, and (if
 PD–2.0–capable) up to 60 watts of power, all via a single USB–C cable connection only.
- Auto Switcher Ease of Use Automatically plays signal of the plugged source on the connected display, according to user-configured preferences, such as last-connected input.
- Simple and Flexible Control Remote IP-controller connection, browser operation webpage, local panel buttons, or remotely connected contact-closure buttons, for easy and fully flexible USB host ports selection, and switcher control.

SWT3-41-U – Introduction

Flexible Connectivity

- Flexible USB Connectivity Wide Variety of USB peripheral and dual-role devices can be extended including cameras, touch screens, smart boards, hard drives, game controllers, audio devices, printers, scanners, or HID (Human Interface Devices) devices such as a mouse or keyboard.
- Built-in Intelligent Control Gateway Remote IP-driven intelligent control of local and remote connected USB peripherals (such as PTZ cameras) and sensor devices via IP, RS-232 or I/O. Eliminating the need for an external control gateway, this feature reduces installation complexity and costs, to enable easy integration with control systems, such as Kramer Control.
- Secured Connectivity Standard IT—grade 802.1x authentication for secured IT LAN connectivity operation.
- Comprehensive and Cost-effective Management Local panel indication LEDs to facilitate easy local maintenance and troubleshooting. Remote IP-driven device firmware upgrade and management, via user-friendly embedded web pages and optional whole site management system, ensure lasting and field proven deployment.
- Easy and Elegant Installation PoE powering via LAN port connection, 2–way powering to CAT–paired devices, and half 19" rack noise–free fan–cooled enclosure for under table mounting, or side–by–side mounting of 2 units in a 1U rack space, for easy and convenient deployment.

Typical Applications

SWT3-41-U is ideal for the following typical applications:

- Enterprise and education online meeting rooms.
- Upgrade AV meeting rooms to hybrid meeting rooms.
- Any solution with flexible connection of multiple USB hosts and space peripherals.

Controlling your SWT3-41-U

Control your SWT3-41-U directly via the front panel push buttons (with on-screen menus, or:

- Via the IP commands transmitted by a controller and touch screen system, or a browser using built-in user-friendly Web pages.
- By RS-232 serial commands transmitted by a touch screen system, PC, or a serial controller.

SWT3-41-U – Introduction

Defining SWT3-41-U 4x1 USB Switcher

This section defines SWT3-41-U.

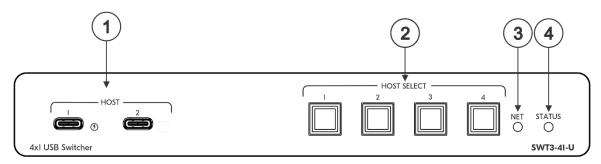


Figure 1: SWT3-41-U 4x1 USB Switcher Front Panel

#	Feature	Function		
1	HOST on USB-C ports (1 to 2)	Connect to a USB-C host (for example, a room PC) to communicate with the USB devices (for example, a PTZ camera) that are connected to the USB device ports on the rear panel and connect to the LAN. For HOST 1 only: Charges the connected host (that supports USB Power Delivery 2.0) up to 60W when the device is powered via the optional power adapter (12V DC). While charging, the charging icon (to the right of the connector) becomes visible and lights orange.		
2	HOST SELECT Buttons (1 to 4)	Press to select a host.		
3	NET LED	LED Status	Indicates	
		Dark	No IP address acquired.	
		Lights green	A valid IP address has been acquired.	
		Flashes green for 60s	A means to identify the device in a system, using command #IDV.	
		Flashes red/green	IP fallback address has been acquired.	
4	STATUS LED	LED Status	Indicates	
		Dark	Power is off	
		lights white	PSU-powered on (only). Note: This is applicable when power supply is PoE mode.	
		Lights yellow	Powered by PoE.	
		Lights Blue	Power is on and a source is connected.	

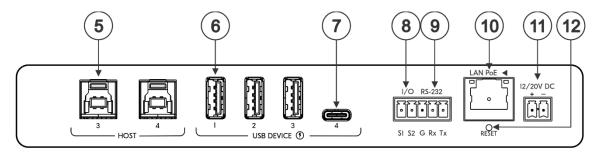


Figure 2: SWT3-41-U 4x1 USB Switcher Rear Panel

#	Feature		Function	
5	(4)		Connect to a USB host (for example, a room PC) to communicate with the USB devices (for example, a PTZ camera) connected to USB device ports on this device and connect to the LAN.	
6	USB DEVICE	USB A 3.2 Ports (1 to 3)	Connect to the USB local devices (for example, a USB camera, a soundbar, microphone and so on).	
7		USB-C Port (4)	Connect to the USB local devices (for example, a USB camera, a soundbar, microphone and so on). Note that this port does not provide Power delivery 2.0.	
(8)	8 I/O 3-pin Terminal Block (S1 to S2) PIN G is common to RS-232		Connect to:	
			Input-triggering devices (for example, remote buttons or sensors), OR	
			Output-triggered devices (for example, remote alarm LED indication).	
			These GPIO ports may be configured as a digital input, digital output, or analog input ports.	
(9)	RS-232 3-pin Terminal Block PIN G is common to I/O		Connect to:	
			RS-232 controlled device (for example, a PTZ USB camera) for its remote IP control by a controller (for example, an SL-240C), OR	
			PC RS-232 port for controlling the device.	
10	LAN PoE RJ-4	5 Connector	Connect to LAN. The device accepts power from the LAN port (PoE).	
4	12/20V DC Power Connector		Use the included +20V 6A power supply for powering the unit and charging the source device connected to the USB-C port, or For powering the unit, without USB-C charging support, use PoE powering or an optional +12V DC 5A power adapter (purchased separately).	
11)	RESET Reces	sed Button	For restoring factory default settings, press the RESET button and connect power to device (keep pressing longer than 6sec after power connection)	

Mounting SWT3-41-U

This section provides instructions for mounting **SWT3-41-U**. Before installing, verify that the environment is within the recommended range:



- Operation temperature 0° to 40°C (32 to 104°F).
- Storage temperature -40° to +70°C (-40 to +158°F).
- Humidity 10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing.



Caution:

• Mount SWT3-41-U before connecting any cables or power.



Warning:

- Ensure that the environment (e.g., maximum ambient temperature & air flow) is compatible for the device.
- · Avoid uneven mechanical loading.
- Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used for avoiding overloading of the circuits.
- Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained.
- Maximum mounting height for the device is 2 meters.

Mount SWT3-41-U in a rack:

 Use the recommended rack adapter (see www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-41-U).

Mount SWT3-41-U on a surface using one of the following methods:

- Attach the rubber feet and place the unit on a flat surface.
- Fasten a bracket (included) on each side of the unit and attach it to a flat surface. For more information go to www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-41-U.



Connecting SWT3-41-U

(i)

Always switch off the power to each device before connecting it to your **SWT3-41-U**. After connecting your **SWT3-41-U**, connect its power and then switch on the power to each device.

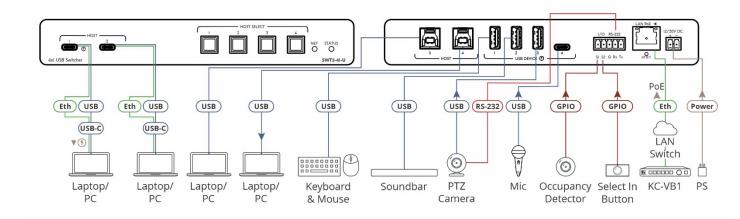


Figure 3: Connecting to the SWT3-41-U Rear Panels

To connect SWT3-41-U as illustrated in the example in Figure 3:

- 1. Connect the HOST USB-C 3.2 ports (1) to laptops or PCs.
- 2. Connect the HOST USB-B 3.2 ports (5) to room PCs or laptops.
- 3. Connect USB DEVICE ports:
- USB devices that consume power greater than the power supplied by connected port (see Technical Specifications), should be powered by an external power supply.
 - Connect the room keyboard and mouse to the USB DEVICE USB-A 3.2 port 1 6 on the rear panel.
 - Connect the soundbar to the USB DEVICE USB-A 3.2 port 2 6 on the rear panel.
 - Connect a PTZ camera to the USB DEVICE USB-A 3.2 port 3 6 on the rear panel.
 - Connect a hands-free mic to the USB-C port 4 7 on the rear panel.
- 4. To control the PTZ camera, connect the RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector (9) to the PTZ camera.
- 5. Connect a room controller (for example, the Kramer **KC-VB1**) via LAN to the LAN PoE Ethernet RJ-45 port (10).

Send serial commands from **KC-VB1** to the PTZ camera via RS-232.

- 6. Connect the IO 2-pin terminal block 8:
 - To an occupancy detector.
 - To a selector button.
- 7. When not PoE powered, connect the power adapter to **SWT3-41-U** (11) and to the mains electricity.



To charge the device that is connected to the USB-C port, you need to use a power adapter for powering the SWT3-41-U.

Connecting to SWT3-41-U via RS-232

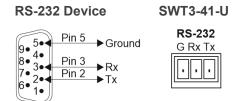
You can connect to SWT3-41-U via an RS-232 connection (9) using, for example, a PC.

SWT3-41-U features an RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector allowing the RS-232 to control **SWT3-41-U**.

Connect the RS-232 terminal block on the rear panel of **SWT3-41-U** to a PC/controller, as follows:

From the RS-232 9-pin D-sub serial port connect:

- Pin 2 to the TX pin on the SWT3-41-U RS-232 terminal block
- Pin 3 to the RX pin on the SWT3-41-U RS-232 terminal block
- Pin 5 to the G pin on the SWT3-41-U RS-232 terminal block



Operating and Controlling SWT3-41-U

Principles of Operation

Flexible SWT3-41-U Auto Switching Policy

Set the USB host switching to connected USB devices policy to:

- Manual Select a USB host manually and switching occurs whether a USB host live signal is present or not.
- Auto Auto Switching selection is performed in either Last Connected or Priority policy.

In Last Connected policy:

- If a signal is plugged in this mode, SWT3-41-U will switch to it.
- If the signal on the current input is lost, SWT3-41-U automatically selects the last connected input.



The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout

In Priority policy:

- If a signal with a higher priority than the current one is plugged in this mode,
 SWT3-41-U will switch to it.
- When the input sync signal is lost for any reason, the input with a live signal and next in priority is selected automatically.
- The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout. Inputs priority is configurable; the default setting is USB-C 1 → USB C 2 → USB 3 → USB 4.
- In both Last Connected and Priority modes, manually selecting an input (using the front panel, remote or web UI input select button) overrides automatic selection

(see Setting the USB Auto-Switching Policy on page 18)

Online Meeting Systems Integration

USB device ports can be set to auto-disconnect following presenter disconnection, to allow smooth integration and auto-activation of connected online meeting room systems.

(see <u>Auto-disconnecting a USB Device on Inactive Host</u> on page <u>24</u>).

Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway

- Remote IP connected clients can communicate and control (send commands, and receive responses and notifications), via the LAN, using the SWT3-41-U built-in and I/O control gateway:
 - RS-232 commands, to control devices connected to SWT3-41-U control ports. The
 built-in control gateway sends the serial control commands (converted from the client
 received IP messages) to the serially controlled connected devices and distributes
 their received responses to all connected clients.

Flexible Remote Buttons Control

Remote contact-closure buttons can be connected to the I/O ports, for easy end user control of device functions by button press and release operation. Flexible configuration of button press/release actions and latching (default) or momentary operation mode, enable simple and custom control according to user needs.

(see Configuring Remote Buttons on page 34).

Using Front and Rear Panel Buttons

SWT3-41-U front panel buttons enable the following actions:

- Selecting a HOST INPUT.
- Resetting device to its factory settings (for additional instructions on resetting and resetting device (see <u>Resetting and Restarting Device</u> on page <u>21</u>).

Operating via Ethernet

- Directly to the PC using a crossover cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a PC</u> on page <u>11</u>).
- Via a network switch or router, using a straight-through cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet Port via a Network Hub on page 13</u>).
- If you want to connect via a router and your IT system is based on IPv6, speak to your IT department for specific installation instructions.

Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a PC

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-41-U** directly to the Ethernet port on your PC using a crossover cable with RJ-45 connectors.



This type of connection is recommended for identifying **SWT3-41-U** with the factory configured default IP address.

After connecting SWT3-41-U to the Ethernet port, configure your PC as follows:

- 1. Click Start > Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Click Change Adapter Settings.
- 3. Highlight the network adapter you want to use to connect to the device and click **Change settings of this connection**.

The Local Area Connection Properties window for the selected network adapter appears as shown in <u>Figure 4</u>.

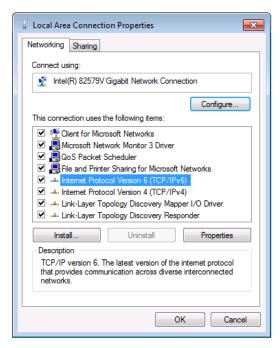


Figure 4: Local Area Connection Properties Window

4. Highlight either Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) or Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) depending on the requirements of your IT system.

5. Click Properties.

The Internet Protocol Properties window relevant to your IT system appears as shown in Figure 5 or Figure 6.

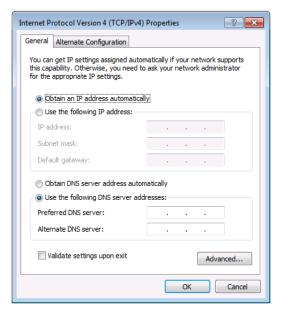


Figure 5: Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties Window

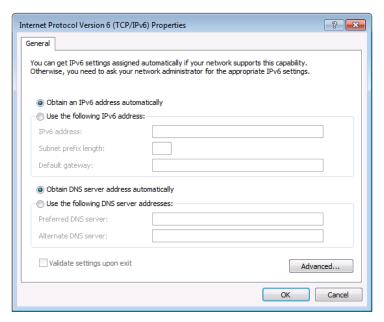


Figure 6: Internet Protocol Version 6 Properties Window

6. Select **Use the following IP Address** for static IP addressing and fill in the details as shown in <u>Figure 7</u>.

For TCP/IPv4 you can use any IP address in the range 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255 (excluding default 192.168.1.39 fallback address) that is provided by your IT department.

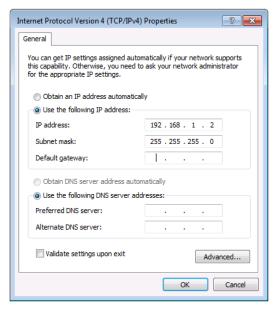


Figure 7: Internet Protocol Properties Window

- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Click Close.

Connecting Ethernet Port via a Network Hub or Switch

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-41-U** to the Ethernet port on a network hub or using a straight-through cable with RJ-45 connectors.

Configuring Ethernet Port

You can set the Ethernet parameters via the embedded Web pages.

Discovering and acquiring IP address

SWT3-41-U includes IP address auto-acquiring policy via LAN-connected DHCP server by default. When no DHCP server is detected, a fallback static IP address of 192.168.1.39, and 255.255.255.0 subnet mask (class C), is assigned until an IP address is acquired via the DHCP server.

For more information, refer to Product Page Technical Note in www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-41-U.

Using Embedded Web Pages

SWT3-41-U enables you to configure settings via Ethernet using built-in, user-friendly web pages. The Web pages are accessed using a Web browser and an Ethernet connection.



You can also configure **SWT3-41-U** via Protocol 3000 commands (see <u>Protocol 3000</u> <u>Commands</u> on page <u>46</u>).

Before attempting to connect:

- Perform the procedure in (see <u>Operating via Ethernet</u> on page <u>10</u>).
- Ensure that your browser is supported.

The following operating systems and Web browsers are supported:

Operating Systems	Browser
Windows 10 and higher	Edge
villuows to and higher	Chrome
Mac	Safari
iOS	Safari
Android	N/A



If a web page does not update correctly, clear your Web browser's cache.



Check that Security/firewalls are not blocking HTTP traffic between the device and the user PC.

To access the web pages:

 Enter the IP address of the device in the address bar of your internet browser (default = 192.168.1.39).

If security is enabled, the Login window appears.



Figure 8: Embedded Web Pages Login Window

2. Enter the Username (default = Admin) and Password (default = Admin) and click **Sign in**. The default web page appears.



Figure 9: Default Landing Page

3. Click the arrow at the top of the navigation list to view the menu items in detail.

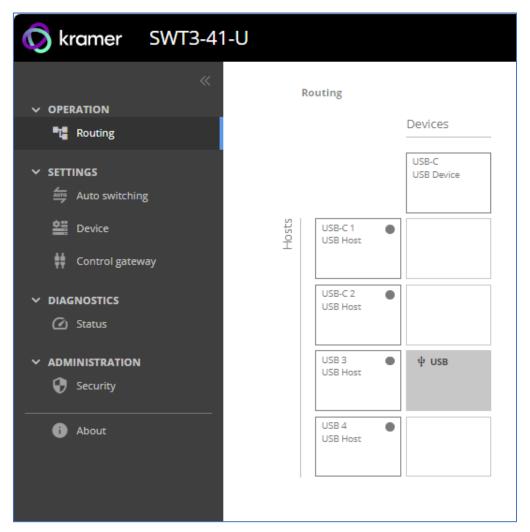


Figure 10: Pages and Tabs Navigable List

4. Click the Navigation Pane on the left side of the screen to access the relevant web page.

SWT3-41-U web pages enable performing the following actions:

- Operations on page 17.
- <u>Settings</u> on page <u>18</u>.
- <u>Diagnostics</u> on page <u>35</u>.
- Administration on page 36.
- Viewing the About Page on page 41.

Operations

Routing Signals

Routing a Host to Devices

Route any of the four USB hosts to all connected USB-C devices.

To route the Host to the Devices:

1. Go to the Routing Settings tab.

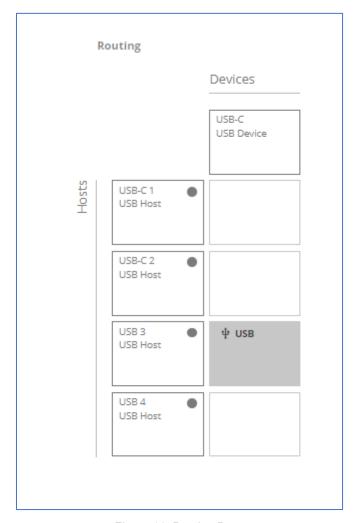


Figure 11: Routing Page

- 2. Perform the following functions:
 - Click a Host/Devices cross-point.
 - (i)

A green light button indicates a connected source.

A host is routed to the devices.

Settings

- <u>USB Switching Properties</u> on page <u>18</u>.
- <u>Device Properties</u> on page <u>19</u>.
- <u>Settings Networking Properties</u> on page <u>23</u>.
- Control Gateway Properties on page 26.
- Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports on page 29.
- Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor on page 33.
- Configuring Remote Buttons on page 34.

This section details the following action:

USB Switching Properties

This section details the following action:

Setting the USB Auto-Switching Policy on page 18.

Setting the USB Auto-Switching Policy

To set the USB auto-switching policy:

- 1. Go to the Auto switching tab.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select the auto switching policy: **Manual**, **Last Connected** or **Priority**.

USB auto-switching policy is set.

To change USB Host Input Priorities:

- 1. Go to the Auto switching tab.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select Priority.

3. Click and drag a host input between high and low to change the priorities.

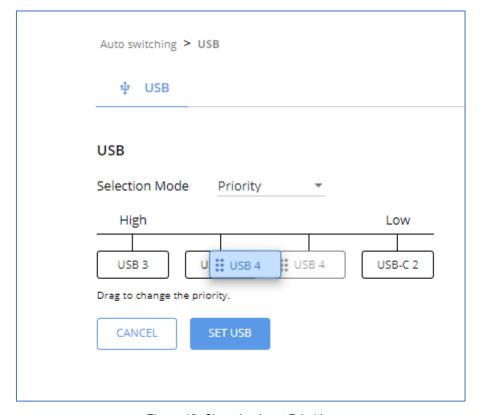


Figure 12: Changing Input Priorities

4. Click SET USB.

USB Host Input priorities are set.

Device Properties

This section details the following actions:

- Device Profile and Maintenance on page 20.
- Changing Device Name on page 20.
- <u>Upgrading Firmware</u> on page <u>20</u>.
- Resetting and Restarting Device on page 21.
- <u>Identifying Your Device</u> on page <u>22</u>.

Device Profile and Maintenance

Changing Device Name

SWT3-41-U enables you to change the DNS name of the device.

To change the device name:

1. Go to the Device > General page.

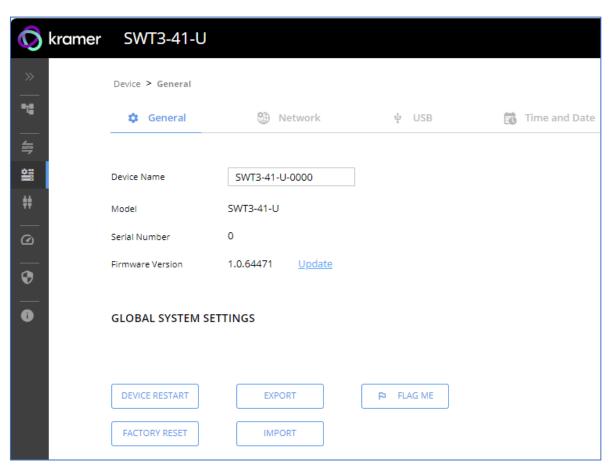


Figure 13: Device > General Tab

2. Under General Preferences, change the device name and click **SAVE**.

The device name is changed.

Upgrading Firmware

To upgrade the device firmware:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (<u>Figure 13</u>).
- 2. Under General, click **Update**, open the relevant firmware file, and follow the instructions. The upgrade takes approximately 30-60 seconds.



 During FW upgrade, the device continues to operate, but the device UI and protocol 3000 communication are inactive. When device restarts, the status LED is lit, and HDMI output signal is disconnected until restart completes.

Firmware is updated.



Figure 14:Firmware Upgrade Process

Resetting and Restarting Device

Two types of resets can be performed:

- Restart Reboots your device and keeps all your device settings, including the IP address and password.
- Reset Reboots your device and restores all factory settings including input/output definitions, switching configuration, IP address and password (a DHCP-acquired IP address is retained).

To restart the device:

Click DEVICE RESTART on the Device > General page (Figure 13).

To perform a factory reset on the device, use one of the following actions:

- Click FACTORY RESET on the Device > General page (Figure 13).
- Using protocol 3000 commands, send FACTORY command then RESET commands.
- On the rear panel, press and hold the RESET button while connecting the power for several seconds.

Exporting and Importing a Configuration File

SWT3-41-U enables you to export and store (in connected browsing PC storage) a configuration file, that records all current device settings except the routing operation setup. The stored file can then be imported to the same or different **SWT3-41-U** device to load the recorded settings, for configuration backup and/or solution-replication purposes.

Exporting a Configuration File

To export a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (Figure 13).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click **EXPORT**.
- 3. Select the storage location on your computer to save the configuration file and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is exported and saved.

Importing a Configuration File

To import a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 13).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click IMPORT.
- 3. Select the relevant configuration file from your computer storage and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is imported and the device restarts with the settings from the configuration file.

Identifying Your Device

To identify the device using a supporting discovery system:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (<u>Figure 13</u>).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click **FLAG ME**. NET LED flashes.



FLAG ME indication turns off after 60 seconds.

The device is identified by the discovery system.

Settings Networking Properties



By default, DHCP is set to on. The IP address shows the actual IP address acquired from the DHCP server, or the auto-acquired fallback IP address when there is no DHCP server detection.

To configure network settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 13).
- 2. Select the Network tab.

The network page appears.

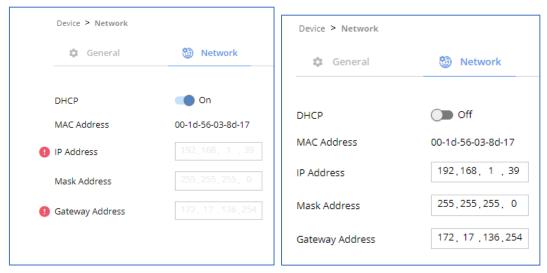


Figure 15: Device Settings > Network Tab (DHCP On/DHCP Off)

3. Change settings as needed.

If required, Set to **DHCP** (default) or static IP address resolution modes.

- 4. When in Static IP mode, perform the following actions:
 - Change the IP address.
 - Change the Mask address.
 - Change the Gateway address.
 - Define UDP/TCP port numbers.

Network settings are defined.

Enabling/Disabling USB Ethernet Connection



USB-C ethernet connection is disabled by default and is enable only by command. (see Protocol 3000 Commands on page 46).

Auto-disconnecting a USB Device on Inactive Host

When a host becomes inactive, you can automatically disconnect one or multiple USB devices.

To define auto-disconnection:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (Figure 13).
- 2. Select the USB tab.

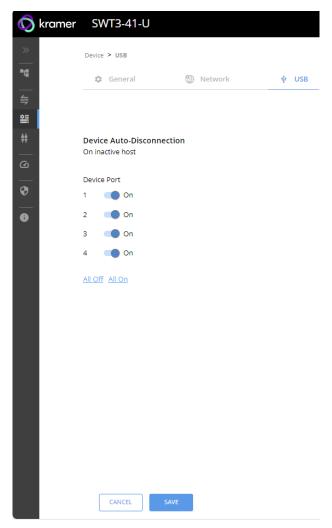


Figure 16: USB Page – USB Device Auto-Disconnection

- 3. For each USB Device Port, set the auto disconnection status to **On** or **Off**. You can also Select **All Off** or **All On** to set all device ports to off or on, respectively.
- 4. Click SAVE.

USB devices are set.

24

Setting Time and Date

You can sync the device time and date to any server around the world.

To sync device time and date to a server:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Device**. The General tab in the Device page appears.
- 2. Select the **Time and Date** tab. The Time and Date tab appears.

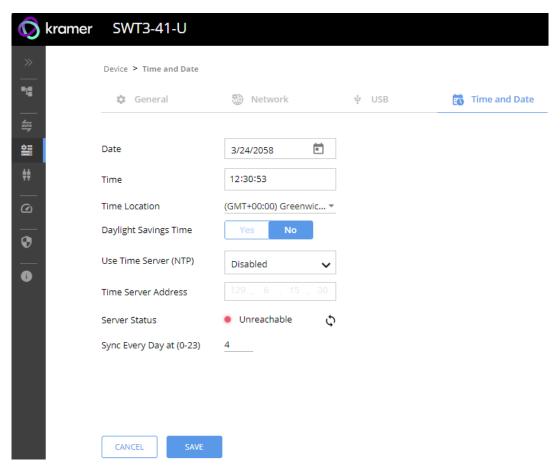


Figure 17: Device Settings – Time and Date Tab

- 3. Set the Date and Time.
- 4. Select the Time Location.
- 5. In the Use Time Server (NTP) drop-down box, click:
 - Disabled to disable the time server.
 - Manual to enable time server (NTP).
- 6. If enabled, type in server information:
 - Enter the time server address.
 - Set sync frequency (every 0 to 23 days).
- 7. Click **SAVE** for any change.

The devices date and time are synchronized to the server address entered.

Control Gateway Properties

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Setting Serial Port Properties</u> on page <u>26</u>.
- Controlling the SWT3-41-U on page 26.
- Controlling an External Device on page 27.
- Error! Reference source not found. on page Error! Bookmark not defined..

Setting Serial Port Properties

SWT3-41-U enables configuring the RS-232 port in one of the following ways:

Controlling the SWT3-41-U

To set the RS-232 port to control the device:

1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.

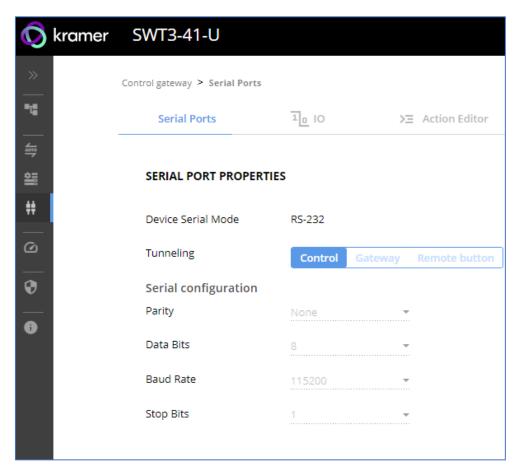


Figure 18: RS-232 Device Control

- 2. Next to Tunneling, select Control.
- Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls the SWT3-41-U.

Controlling an External Device

Control an external device via an IP-connected Controller (for example **SL-240C** that is connected via LAN)

To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.
- 2. Next to Tunneling, select **Gateway**.

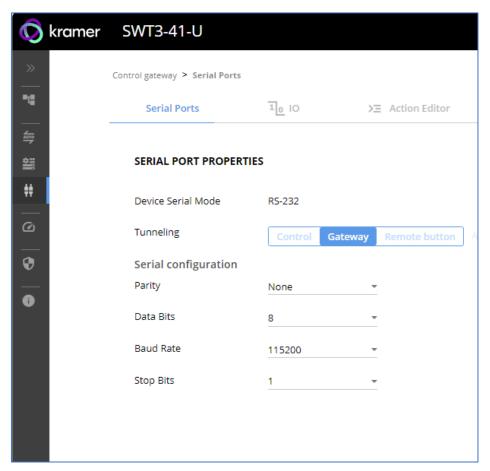


Figure 19: RS-232 as Gateway

- 3. Define the external device RS-232 settings (Parity, Data Bits, Baud Rate and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click Save.

The TUNNELING ADVANCED PROPERTIES screen appears.

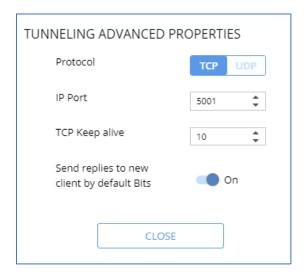


Figure 20: Setting Advanced Tunneling Properties

- 5. Select either TCP or UDP port.
- 6. Click up/down arrows to select IP Port for sending commands to RS-232.
- 7. Click up/down arrows to select desired seconds for TCP Keep alive.
- 8. Press to toggle ON Send replies to new clients by default Bits.
- 9. Click CLOSE.
- 10. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls an external device.

Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports

The 2 I/O ports can control devices such as sensors, door locks, remote contact-closure buttons, audio volume and lighting control devices and can be configured via the webpages.



To enable I/O operations, Remote Button must be set to Off.

To configure an I/O port:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab in the Device Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.

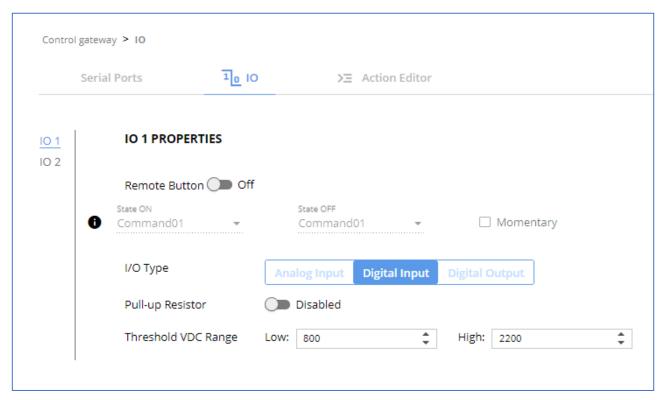


Figure 21: I/O Ports Settings Page

- 3. Select the I/O port to be configured (IO 1 or IO 2).
- 4. Select one of the following I/O types:
 - Digital Input (default setting) (see <u>Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>30</u>).
 - Digital Output (see Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type on page 30).
 - Analog Input Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type on page 32).
- The settings available on the page change (depending on which trigger type is selected.
 - 5. Click **SAVE** after setting the selected I/O type.

Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type

The Digital Input trigger mode reads the digital input of an external sensor device that is connected to the I/O port. It detects High (upon passing Max threshold from Low state) or Low (upon passing Min threshold from High state) port states according to the user defined voltage threshold levels.

To configure a digital input I/O type:

- 1. On the GPIO page, select **Digital Input** next to I/O Type. The Digital Input options appear (Figure 21).
- 2. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
 - Disabled

Suitable, for example, for a high temperature alarm that exceeds the maximum voltage threshold. When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low and to be triggered it must be pulled high by the externally connected sensor.

- Enabled Detection of an open circuit as High, or a short to ground as Low. This is suitable for example, for a pushbutton switch (connecting one terminal of the switch to ground, and the other to the input) or for an alarm closing a circuit that activates a series of actions. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high, and to be triggered it must be pulled low by the externally connected sensor.
- 3. Set the Threshold VDC Low and High Range (threshold voltage at which the port changes state).
- 4. Click **Read** to refresh port status information.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Digital input I/O type is configured.

Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type

To configure a digital output I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Digital Output next to I/O type. A warning message appears.

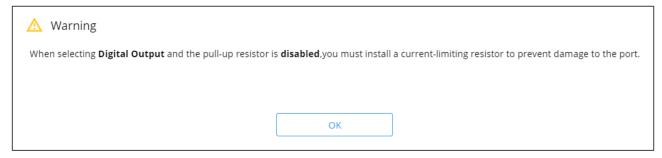


Figure 22: Digital Output Warning

2. Make sure to follow the instructions in this warning.

3. Click **OK**. The Digital Output options appear.

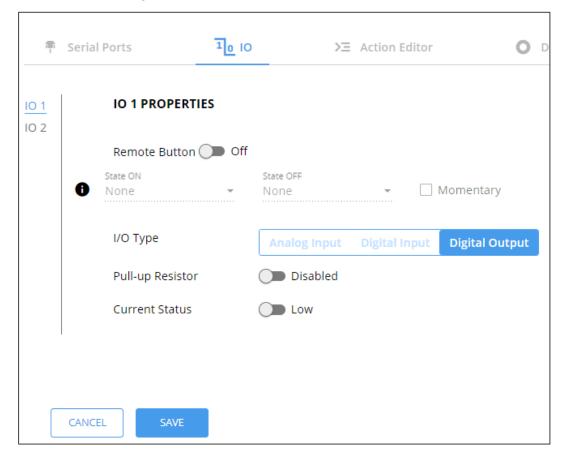
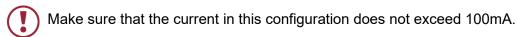


Figure 23: GPIO Settings Page - Digital Output I/O Type

- 4. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
 - Pullup resistor set to Enabled: The port can be used for controlling devices that accept a TTL signal such as for powering LEDs. The voltage output is TTL positive logic: high: >2.4V; low: < 0.5V. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high. For the state to be low, you must select Low for the Current Status.
 - Pullup resistor **Disabled**:

The port is used for controlling external devices such as room or light switches. The external source device determines the voltage output; the maximum voltage is 30V DC and the maximum current is 100mA.

When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low. For the state to be high, select **High** for the Current Status.



5. Click SAVE.

Digital Output I/O type is configured.

Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type

When selectin the Analog Input I/O type, the port is triggered by an external analog device, such as a volume control device. The trigger is activated once when the detected voltage is within the 0 to 30V DC voltage range.

To configure an analog input I/O type:

1. On the IO tab, select Analog Input next to I/O type.

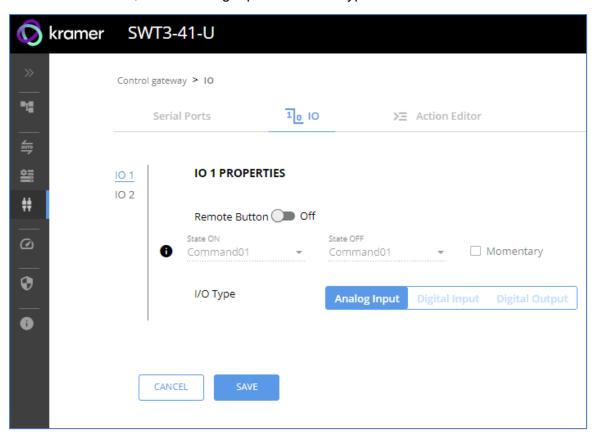


Figure 24: GPIO Port Settings Page Analog Input

- 2. Enter or use the arrows to scroll to a value (1–100) for the Maximum reported steps. This value is the number of steps that the analog input signal is divided into. To calculate the voltage of each step, use the following formula:

 Voltage of one step = 30V / number of steps.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Analog input I/O type is configured.

Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor

Use action editor to create and test control commands via CEC, UART or IR control interfaces. You can create up to 5 commands.

To add an action:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.
- 2. Select the **Action Editor** tab. The Action Editor appears.

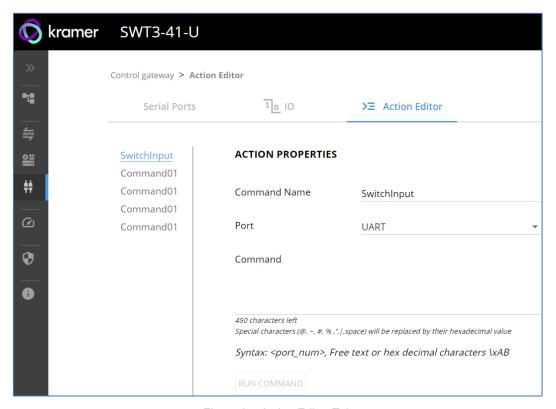


Figure 25: Action Editor Tab

- 3. Select a command name on the left side of the window.
- 4. Change the command name, if required.
- 5. Select the port (UART).
- 6. Enter the appropriate command line (see example below) to have NET LED blink for 60 seconds:
 - For RS232 1,#IDV
- 7. Click SAVE.
- 8. Click **RUN COMMAND** to run the command test.

An action is entered and can be run.

Configuring Remote Buttons

Remotely operate, by I/O-connected remote buttons, configured control actions (see (see <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>33</u>).

To Configure Remote Buttons:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab in the Device Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.
- 3. Press to toggle Remote Button to On.
- 4. Configure defined control actions, for button on/off states, using the **State ON**, **State OFF** drop-down boxes.
 - Button default operation mode is latching. For momentary mode, check the Momentary checkbox.

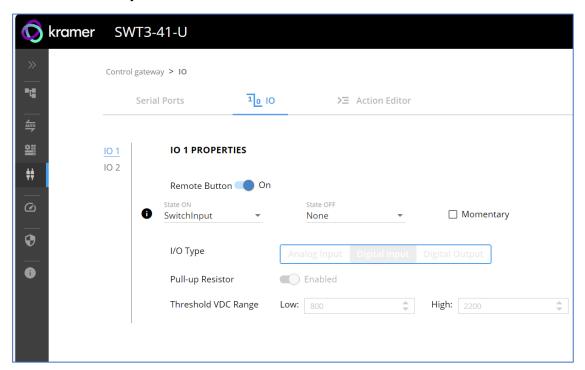


Figure 26: I/O ports settings tab - Configuring Remote Buttons

5. Click SAVE.

A control actions remote button can now be remotely operated.

Diagnostics

Viewing Device Status

View the device status.

To view the device status:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Status**.
- 2. Select the **Devices** tab. The Devices Status appears.

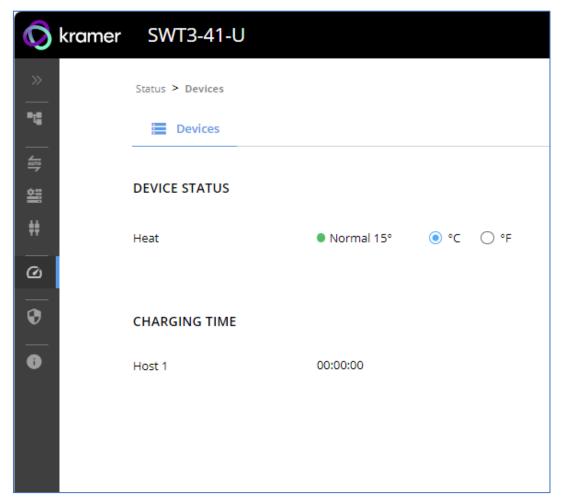


Figure 27: Device Status Page

3. View device status.

Device status can be viewed.

Administration

Setting Security Properties

This section details the following actions:

W

Changing Security Status

By default, security status is set to On.

Setting Security Status to Off

To set security status to Off:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 28).
- 2. Select the Security tab. The Security settings appears.

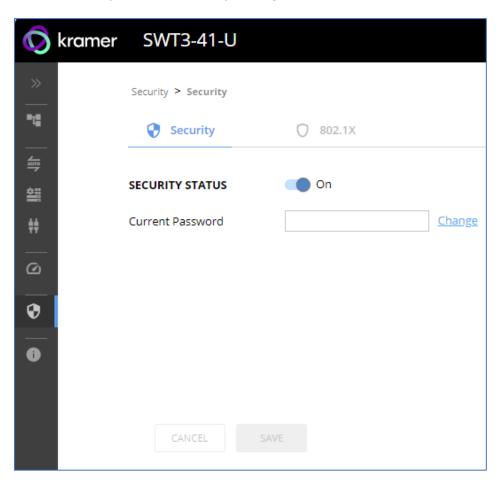


Figure 28: Security – Security Tab

3. Set **SECURITY STATUS** to **Off**. The Security Status window appears.



Figure 29: Security Status Message

- 4. Enter the current password.
- 5. Click OK.

Security status is set to Off.

Setting Security Status to On

To set security status to on:

- 1. Go to the Security > Security (Figure 28).
- 2. Set SECURITY STATUS to On.

Security status is set to On.

Changing Web Pages Access Password

To change the password for accessing the embedded web pages:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 28).
- 2. Select the Security Tab. The Security settings appear (Figure 30).
- 3. Enter the Current Password and click **Change**. The new password settings appear.

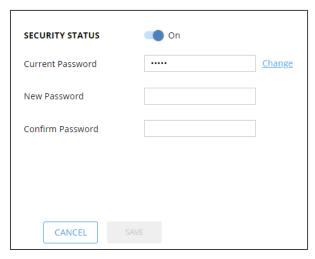


Figure 30: Device Settings - Changing the Password

4. Enter the new password and confirmation password and click **SAVE**.

The password is changed.

Defining 802.1X Authentication

802.1x security standard supports IT networking authentication based on LAN port and MAC address.

To configure security:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Security**. The Security settings tab in the Security page appears.
- 2. Select **802.1X** tab. The 802.1X settings tab appears (see Figure 31).

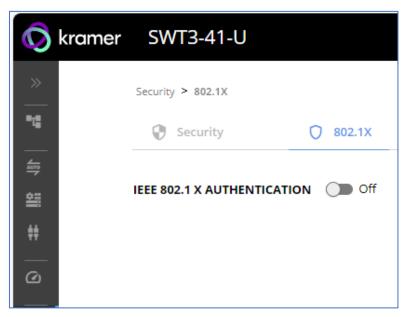


Figure 31: 802.1X Tab

- 3. For 802.1x authentication, click **ON** to enable 802.1x authentication service. 802.1x supports authentication based on port and MAC address.
- 4. When set to ON check one standard authentication method to set its security attributes.
 - PEAP-MSCHAP V2 (Figure 32) Enter:
 - Username up to 24 alphanumeric characters, including "_" and "-" characters within the username, and
 - · Password up to 24 ASCII characters

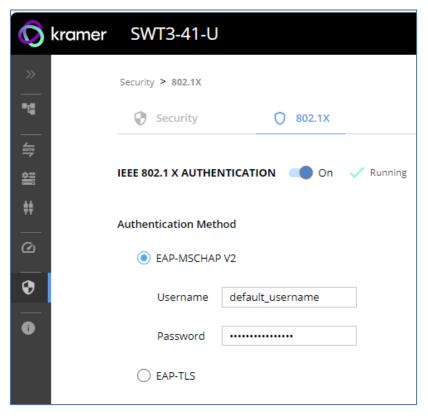


Figure 33: Security Tab – EAP-MSCHAP V2 Authentication

- **EAP-TLS** (Figure 34) To submit certificate from the server for authentication:
 - Enter Username,
 - Click to upload the certificates and keys,
 - Enter the private key password (assigned by IT administrator),
 - Set Server Certificate On

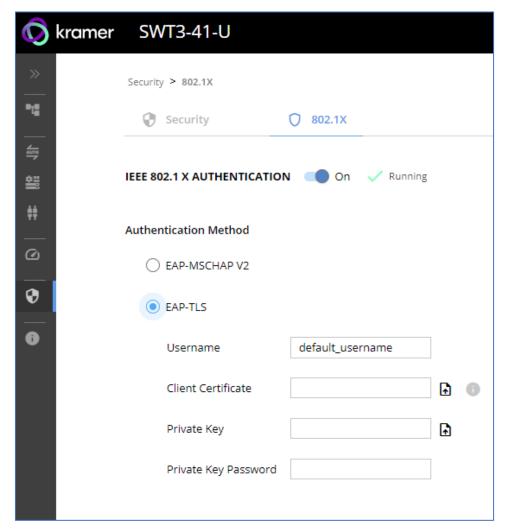


Figure 35: EAP-TLS - Certificates and Password

5. Click APPLY.

802.1x authentication security is configured.

Viewing the About Page

View the firmware version and Kramer Electronics Ltd details in the About page.

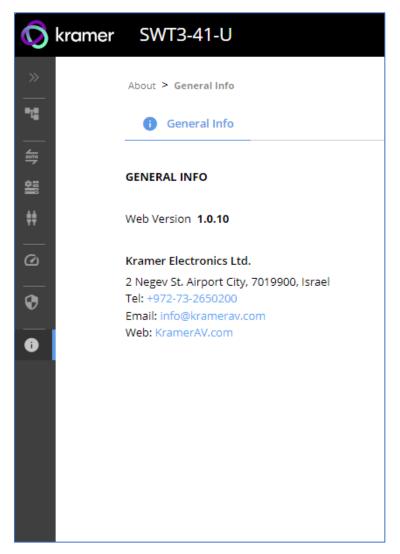


Figure 36: About Page

Upgrading Firmware

Use the Kramer **K-UPLOAD** software to upgrade the firmware via ethernet or the RS-232 port, allowing RS-232 to control/program the device). The device continues to operate and once FW upload complete, you are asked to Restart no or later.

The latest version of **K-UPLOAD** and installation instructions can be downloaded from our website at: www.kramerav.com/support/product_downloads.asp.



Note that in order to use the micro USB port, you need to install the Kramer USB driver, available at: www.kramerav.com/support/product_downloads.asp.

Technical Specifications

	2 Host USB 3.2	On USB type. C female connectors
	2 Host USB 3.2	On USB type–C female connectors On USB–B female connectors
Ports		
	3 USB 3.2	On USB-A female connectors
	1 USB 3.2	On a USB type–C female connector
	2 1/0	On a 2-pin terminal block
	1 RS-232	On a 3-pin terminal block
	1 LAN PoE	On an RJ-45 female connector
USB Features	USB 3.2 Data Rate	Up to 10Gbps
	Integrated USB Hubs	1
	Standards Compliance	USB 3.2 GEN 2, 2.0 and 1.1
Controls	Front Panel	INPUT SELECT buttons
Indication LEDs	Front Panel	1 NET LED
		1 STATUS LED
Power	Included Power Adapter	20V DC, 6A
	For HW Rev 03 and higher,	Consumption: 3.8A
	20V PSU (power supply unit) is included (replacing the 12V PSU).	Max. Power: 80W
	Optional Power Adapter	12V DC, 2A
		Consumption: 1.2A
		Max. Power: 15W
	LAN PoE	Consumption: 370mA
		Max. Power: 20W
	USB Charging	Max. Power: 60W
	a sa annignig	i When powered with 20V power supply only
		Compliance: PD 3.0
	USB Device Charging	Max. Total Current: 2A
Environmental	Operating Temperature	0° to +40°C (32° to 104°F)
Conditions	Storage Temperature	-40° to +70°C (-40° to 158°F)
	Humidity	10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing
Regulatory	Safety	CE; FCC; UKCA
Compliance	Environmental	RoHs, WEEE
Enclosure	Size	Mega Tool
	Туре	Aluminum
	Cooling	Convection Ventilation
General	Net Dimensions (W, D, H)	19 cmx 19.5 cm x 2.7 cm (7.48" x 7.67" x 1.06")
	Shipping Dimensions (W, D, H)	35.1 cm x 21.2 cm x 7.2 cm (13.82" x 8.35" x 2.8")
	Net Weight	0.95 kg (2.1lbs)
	Shipping Weight	1.45 kg (3.2lbs) approx.
Accessories	Included	Power adapter and cord (20V DC, 6A)
Product Warranty Period		84 months
Considerations are sub-	ect to change without notice at www	krameray com

Default Communication Parameters

RS-232		
Baud Rate:		115,200
Data Bits:		8
Stop Bits:		1
Parity:		None
Command Format:		ASCII
Example (Route video inp	ut 2 to the output):	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>
IP DHCP ON		
To reset the IP settings to confirm	the factory reset values go to: Menu->Setup ->	> Factory Reset-> press Enter to
Fallback IP Address:	192.168.1.39	
Fallback Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0	
Fallback gateway:	192.168.0.1	
Default username:	Admin	
Default password:	Admin	
Full Factory Reset		
P3K	"#FACTORY" command.	
	After receiving "FACTORY OK" perform one of the following to restart the device and complete the procedure:	
	Power cycle	
	Send command "#RESET"	
Embedded webpages	Go to: Device>General and click FACTORY	RESET

Protocol 3000

Kramer devices can be operated using Kramer Protocol 3000 commands sent via serial or Ethernet ports.

Understanding Protocol 3000

Protocol 3000 commands are a sequence of ASCII letters, structured according to the following.

Command format:

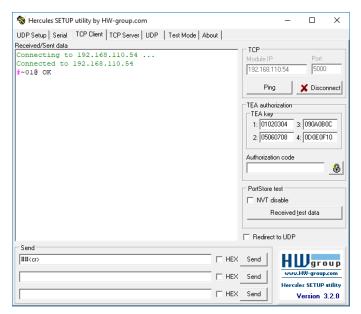
Prefix	Command Name	Constant (Space)	Parameter(s)	Suffix
#	Command	_	Parameter	<cr></cr>

Feedback format:

Prefix	Device ID	Constant	Command Name	Parameter(s)	Suffix
~	nn	@	Command	Parameter	<cr><lf></lf></cr>

- Command parameters Multiple parameters must be separated by a comma (,). In addition, multiple parameters can be grouped as a single parameter using brackets ([and]).
- Command chain separator character Multiple commands can be chained in the same string. Each command is delimited by a pipe character (|).
- Parameters attributes Parameters may contain multiple attributes. Attributes are indicated with pointy brackets (<...>) and must be separated by a period (.).

The command framing varies according to how you interface with **SWT3-41-U**. The following figure displays how the # command is framed using terminal communication software (such as Hercules):



Protocol 3000 Commands

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
#	Protocol handshaking.	COMMAND # <cr></cr>		# <cr></cr>
	(i) Validates the	*****		
	Protocol 3000 connection and gets	FEEDBACK ~nne_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	the machine number.			
	Step-in master			
	products use this			
	command to identify the availability of a			
AUTH-802-1X-	device. Set authentication	COMMAND	interface - Interface ID - 0	Set the authentication
ENABLE	802.1X feature for the	#AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr></cr>	enable_status-	802.1X feature on:
	specific interface.	FEEDBACK	0 – Off 1 – On	#AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_0,1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 6.11	<u>.</u> .
AUTH-802-1X-	Get authentication	COMMAND	interface - Interface ID - 0	Get the authentication
ENABLE?	802.1X feature for the specific interface.	#AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface <cr></cr>	enable_status-	802.1X feature status:
	specific interface.	FEEDBACK	0 – Off 1 – On	#AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?_0 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable status <cr><lf></lf></cr>		_
AV-SW-MODE	Set input auto switch	COMMAND	layer type - Number that indicates	Set the input audio switch
	mode (per output).	#AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode <cr></cr>	the signal type: 1 – Video	mode to Manual for HDMI OUT:
		FEEDBACK	2 – Audio	#AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode <c r=""><lf></lf></c>	out_index - 1	
			connection_mode - Connection mode	
			0 – manual	
			1 – priority switch 2 – last connected switch	
AV-SW-MODE?	Get input auto switch	COMMAND	layer_type - Number that indicates	Get the input audio switch
	mode (per output).	#AV-SW-MODE?_layer_type,out_index <cr></cr>	the signal type: 1 – Video	mode for HDMI OUT: #AV-SW-MODE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer type,out index,connection mode <c< th=""><th>2 – Audio</th><th>iii on 11052. <u>1</u>2/2 1010</th></c<>	2 – Audio	iii on 11052. <u>1</u> 2/2 1010
		R> <lf></lf>	out_index - 1 connection mode - Connection	
			mode	
			0 – manual 1 – priority switch	
			2 – last connected switch	
BEACON-INFO?	Get beacon information, including	COMMAND	port_id - ID of the Ethernet port ip string - Dot-separated	Get beacon information:
	IP address, UDP	#BEACON-INFO?_ <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	representation of the IP address	#BEACON-INFO?_ <cr></cr>
	control port, TCP control port, MAC	~nn@BEACON-	udp_port - UDP control port tcp_port - TCP control port	
	address, model, name.	<pre>INFO_port_id, ip_string, udp_port, tcp_port, mac_address, model, name<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	mac_address - Dash-separated mac	
		mode 2 / Traine Color (22)	address model - Device model	
			name - Device name	
BUILD-DATE?	Get device build date.	COMMAND #BUILD-DATE?_ <cr></cr>	date – Format: YYYY/MM/DD where YYYY = Year	Get the device build date: #BUILD-DATE? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	MM = Month DD = Dav	
		~nn@BUILD-DATE_date,time <cr><lf></lf></cr>	time – Format: hh:mm:ss where	
			hh = hours	
			mm = minutes ss = seconds	
COM-ROUTE?	Get tunneling port	COMMAND	com_id - Machine dependent, * (get	Get tunneling port routing
	routing.	#COM-ROUTE?_com_id <cr></cr>	all route tunnels) port type – TCP/UDP	for all route tunnels: #COM-ROUTE?* <cr></cr>
	This command sets tunneling port	FEEDBACK ~nn@COM-ROUTE_com id,port type,port id,eth rep en,pin	0-TCP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	routing. Every com	g_val <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – UDP port id – TCP/UDP port number	
	port can send or receive data from the		eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply	
	ETH port.		0 – COM port does not send replies to new clients	
	Set command can edit		1 – COM port sends replies to new	
	an existing configuration.		clients. ping val – Send an empty string to	
			TCP client every 0 to 3600 seconds. 0 -	
COM-ROUTE-	Setting the	COMMAND	3600 com_id - Machine dependent, * (get	Get tunneling port routing
MODE?	communication at certain USRT port	#COM-ROUTE?_com_id <cr></cr>	all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP	for all route tunnels: #COM-ROUTE?_* <cr></cr>
	SSIMIN GOILT POIL	FEEDBACK	0-TCP	#COM-KOUIE!
		<pre>~nn@COM-ROUTE_com_id,port_type,port_id,eth_rep_en,pin g_val<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	1 – UDP	
			port_id - TCP/UDP port number eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply	
			0 – COM port does not send replies to new clients	
			1 – COM port sends replies to new	
			clients.	
			ping_val - Send an empty string to TCP client every 0 to 3600 seconds. 0 -	
			3600	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example	<u> </u>
CONF-EXPORT	Export configuration file	COMMAND #CONE_EXPORT			Export c
	I IIIC	#CONF-EXPORT_ <cr></cr>			#CONF-E
		FEEDBACK ~nn@CONF-EXPORT _file name <cr><lf></lf></cr>			ļ
CONF-IMPORT	Export configuration	COMMAND	file name - the name of the file we	Import configuration file:	
COME - IMPURT	file	#CONF-IMPORT_file_name <cr></cr>	want to upload for the import.	#CONF-IMPORT_ SWT3-	
		FEEDBACK		41-U-T-conf <cr></cr>	
		~nn@CONF-IMPORT_file_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>			
COUNTER?	Get the sent or	COMMAND	category_id - CEC messages: 0	Get the number of sent]
	received CEC messages count.	#COUNTER?_category_id,sub_category_id <cr></cr>	Sub_category_id - Type of message:	messages: #COUNTER?_0,0 <cr></cr>	
		FEEDBACK	0 – Sent message	"SOOKIEK." O', O'CK	
		~nn@COUNTER_category_id,sub_category_id,count <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Received message		
COUNTER-CLR	Clear CEC messages.	COMMAND	count - Number range: 0-65535 category id - CEC messages: 0	Clear all CEC messages:	ł
COUNTER-CLK	Cical OLO Illessages.	#COUNTER-CLR?_category_id,sub_category_clr <cr></cr>	Sub_category_clr - Type of	#COUNTER-CLR?_0, * <cr></cr>	
		FEEDBACK	message to clear:		l
		~nn@COUNTER-	0 – Clear sent messages 1 – Clear received messages		
		CLR_category_id,sub_category_id,count <cr><lf></lf></cr>	* – Clear all CEC messages	<u> </u>	
DEV-STATE?	Get the device state.	COMMAND	dev_state - device state	Get device status:]
		#DEV-STATE?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Active 1 – Power-on and no connected AV	#DEV-STATE?_ <cr></cr>	
		FEEDBACK	I/O ports (detecting cable		
		~nn@DEV-STATE_dev_state <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	connection faults)		
			2 – Power-on and standby (low power; cables are either		Į
			connected or not)		l
EDID-DC	Force removal of deep color on EDID or	#EDID-DC in index deep color state(CR)	<pre>in_index - Number that indicates the specific input:</pre>	Remove deep color on EDID for input 1.	l
	leaving it as in the	#EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	1 – Input 1	· ·	[
	original EDID.	FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – Input 2	#EDID-DC_1,1 <cr></cr>	l
			deep_color_state - 0 - Don't change		[
			1 – Remove deep color		[
EDID-DC?	Get deep color status	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Get deep color state on]
	on EDID.	#EDID-DC?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input: 1 – Input 1	EDID for input 2.	l
		FEEDBACK	2 – Input 1 2 – Input 2	#EDID-DC?_2 <cr></cr>	[
		~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	deep_color_state -		[
			0 – Don't change 1 – Remove deep color		[
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port	COMMAND	1 - Remove deep color port_type - TCP/UDP	Set the Ethernet port	1
	protocol.	#ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id <cr></cr>	port_id - TCP/UDP port number	protocol for TCP to 12457:	l
	i If the port number	FEEDBACK	(0 – 65535)	#ETH-PORT_TCP,12457 <c< td=""><td>[</td></c<>	[
	you enter is already in	~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id <cr><lf></lf></cr>			l
	use, an error is returned.				[
	The port number must				l
	be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1).			<u> </u>	l
ETH-PORT?	Get Ethernet port	COMMAND	port_type - TCP/UDP	Get the Ethernet port]
	protocol.	#ETH-PORT?_port_type <cr></cr>	port_id - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535)	protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDP <cr></cr>	[
	i If the port number	FEEDBACK	, = =====		l
	you enter is already in use, an error is	~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id <cr><lf></lf></cr>			[
	returned.				l
	The port number must be within the following				[
	range: 0-(2^16-1).	LOOMMAND.		0.41	[
ETH-TUNNEL?	Get an open tunnel parameters.	COMMAND #ETH-TUNNEL?tunnel id <cr></cr>	tunnel_id - Tunnel ID number, * (get all open tunnels)	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and	l
	paramotors.		cmd_name - UART number	stop bit to 1:	l
		FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-TUNNEL_tunnel id,cmd name,port type,port id,e	port_type - TCP/UDP	#ETH-TUNNEL?_* <cr></cr>	
		th_ip,remote_port_id,eth_rep_en,connection_type <cr><l< td=""><td>0 – TCP 1 – UDP</td><td></td><td>l</td></l<></cr>	0 – TCP 1 – UDP		l
		F>	port_id - TCP/UDP port number		Į
			eth_ip - Client IP address		l
			remote_port_id - Remote port number		
			eth rep en - Ethernet Reply		[
			0 – COM port does not send replies		
			to new clients 1 – COM port sends replies to new		
			clients		l
			connection_type - Connection type 0 - not wired connection		[
			1 – not wired connection		l
FACTORY	Reset device to factory	COMMAND		Reset the device to factory]
	default configuration.	#FACTORY <cr></cr>		default configuration: #FACTORY <cr></cr>	
	This command	FEEDBACK		,,	
	deletes all user data from the device. The	~nn@FACTORY_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>			l
	deletion can take				l
	some time.				
	Your device may				l
	require powering off and powering on for				l
	the changes to take				I
	effect.		1	1	Į.

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
FW-TYPE?	Get the current FW	COMMAND	Fw_type -	Get the current FW type
	type status.	#FW-TYPE?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Application	status:
	Used by Kramer Network and KUpload to identify recovery	FEEDBACK ~nn@FEATURE-LIST_fw_type <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Safe mode (kboot)	#FW-TYPE? <u>u</u> <cr></cr>
	process. Set HW GPIO	COMMAND	A Library ODIO march or (4	O-ALIM ODIO 4
GPIO-CFG	configuration.	COMMAND #GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir,pullup <cr></cr>	<pre>gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1- 2)</pre>	Set HW GPIO 1 configuration:
		FEEDBACK	gpio_type - Hardware GPIO type	#GPIO-CFG_1,1,1,1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – analog 1 – digital	
			gpio_dir - Hardware GPIO direction	
			0 – input 1 – output	
			pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up	
			0 – disable 1 – enable	
GPIO-CFG?	Get HW GPIO	COMMAND	gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get HW GPIO configuration:
	configuration.	#GPIO-CFG?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2) Hordword CRIO type	#GPIO-CFG?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	gpio_type - Hardware GPIO type 0 - analog	
		~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – digital	
			gpio_dir - Hardware GPIO direction 0 - input	
			1 – output	
			pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up 0 – disable	
			1 – enable	
GPIO-STATE	Set HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to High:
	(i) GPIO-STATE? can	#GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	2) gpio_mode – Hardware GPIO state	#GPIO-STATE_2,1 <cr></cr>
	only be set in digital out mode and the	~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio id,gpio mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Low	
	answer is 0=Low,		1 – High	
	1=High. In all other modes an error			
	message is sent.			
	The device uses this			
	command to notify the user of any change			
	regarding the step and			
	voltage in:			
	In digital mode the answer is 0 (low), 1			
	(high).			
	In analog mode the			
	answer is 0 to 100. Get HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 2 state:
GPIO-STATE?	_	#GPIO-STATE?_gpio id <cr></cr>	2)	#GPIO-STATE?_2 <cr></cr>
	i GPIO-STATE? can only be set in digital	FEEDBACK	gpio_mode – Hardware GPIO state 0 – Low	
	out mode and the answer is 0=Low,	~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – High	
	1=High. In all other			
	modes an error message is sent.			
	The device uses this			
	command to notify the			
	user of any change regarding the step and			
	voltage in:			
	In digital mode the			
	answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
	In analog mode the			
	answer is 0 to 100.	COMMAND	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Cot CDIO 0 /
GPIO-STEP	Set HW GPIO step.	COMMAND #GPIO-STEP_gpio id,step id <cr></cr>	<pre>gpio_id - HW GPIO number (1-2) step_id - The configuration step -</pre>	Set GPIO 2 (set to Analog In) configuration step to
	in digital mode the response is 2.	FEEDBACK	See note in description.	38mV:
	· ·	~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	currentstep – The actual step depending on the measured voltage	#GPIO-STEP_2,38 <cr></cr>
	In analog mode the response is 1 to 100.			
	In other modes an			
	error is returned.	LOCALIA DE LA CALLA DE LA CALL		0.40000 5
GPIO-STEP?	Get HW GPIO step.	COMMAND #GPIO-STEP?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	<pre>gpio_id - HW GPIO number (1-2) step id - The configuration step -</pre>	Get GPIO 2configuration: #GPIO-STEP?_2 <cr></cr>
	in digital mode the response is 2.	FEEDBACK	See note in description.	
	· ·	~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	currentstep – The actual step depending on the measured voltage	
	In analog mode the response is 1 to 100.		, 5	
	In other modes an			
	error is returned.			
GPIO-THR	Set HW GPIO voltage levels.	COMMAND #GPIO-THR_gpio id,low level,high level <cr></cr>	<pre>gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1- 2)</pre>	Set GPIO 2 to a low level of 800mV and a high level of
		#GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,nigh_level <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	low_level - Voltage 500 to 28000	2200mV:
		~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	millivolts high level - Voltage 2000 to 30000	#GPIO- THR_2,800,2200 <cr></cr>
			millivolts	_ ,,
				·

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
GPIO-THR?	Get HW GPIO voltage levels that were set.	COMMAND #GPIO-THR?_gpio_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-2) low_level - Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts high_level - Voltage 2000 to 30000 millivolts	Get GPIO 2: #gPIO-THR?_2 <cr></cr>
GPIO-VOLT?	Get active voltage levels of HW GPIO. i This command is not available in digital out mode.	GOMMAND GPIO-VOLT?_gpio_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-VOLT_gpio_id,voltage<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-2) voltage - Voltage 0 to 30000 millivolts	Get GPIO 1 voltage: #GPIO-VOLT?_1 <cr></cr>
HDCP-OUT	Set HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working mode on the device input: HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default]. HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF. HDCP support changes following detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.	#HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - HDBaset OUT mode - HDCP mode: 0 - Follow Input 1 - HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted, regardless of input HDCP)	Set the output HDCP mode of HDBaseT OUT to follow input: #HDCP-OUT_1,0 <cr></cr>
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. ① Get HDCP working mode on the device input: HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default]. HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF. HDCP support changes following detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.	#HDCP-OUT;_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - HDBaset OUT mode - HDCP mode: 0 - Follow Input 1 - HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted, regardless of input HDCP)	Get the output HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT: #HDCP-OUT?_1 <cr></cr>
HELP	Get command list or help for specific command.	#HELP_CR> #HELP_cmd_name <cr> FEEDBACK 1. Multi-line:</cr>	cmd_name - Name of a specific command	Get the command list: #HELP <cr> To get help for AV-SW-TIMEOUT: HELP_av-sw-timeout<c r=""></c></cr>
IDV	Set visual indication from device. ① Using this command, some devices can light a sequence of buttons or LEDs to allow identification of a specific device from similar devices.	#IDV <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@IDV_o!<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>		#IDV <cr></cr>
LOG-TAIL?	Get the list of the N last events.	#LOG-TAIL?_last_event <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOG-TAIL_last_event,ok,<list><cr><lf></lf></cr></list></cr>	last_event – the number of last events to view <n 1,2,3="" ==""></n>	Get the protocol permission level to Admin: #LOG-TAIL?_8 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
LOGIN	Set protocol	COMMAND	login_level – Level of permissions	Set the protocol permission level to Admin (when the
	permission.	#LOGIN_login_level,password <cr></cr>	required (User or Admin) password – Predefined password (by	password defined in the
	The permission	FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGIN_login level,password_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>	PASS command). Default password is	PASS command is 33333):
	system works only if security is enabled	_	an empty string	#LOGIN_admin,33333 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	with the "SECUR"	or ~nn@LOGIN_err_004 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	command.	(if bad password entered)		
	LOGIN allows the user	(
	to run commands with an End User or			
	Administrator			
	permission level.			
	When the permission system is enabled,			
	LOGIN enables			
	running commands with the User or			
	Administrator			
	permission level When set, login must			
	be performed upon			
	each connection			
	It is not mandatory to			
	enable the permission system in order to use			
	the device			
	In each device, some			
	connections allow			
	logging in to different levels. Some do not			
	work with security at			
	all.			
	Connection may			
LOGIN?	logout after timeout. Get protocol	COMMAND	login level – Level of permissions	Get the protocol permission
LOGIN?	permission state.	#LOGIN_login level <cr></cr>	required (User or Admin)	level to Admin:
	The permission	FEEDBACK	password – Predefined password (by	#LOGIN?_admin <cr></cr>
system works o security is enab	system works only if	~nn@LOGIN_login_level,password_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>	PASS command). Default password is an empty string	
	security is enabled	or	or NO SECURE if authentication is	
	with the "SECUR" command.	~nn@LOGIN_err_004 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	removed.	
		(if bad password entered)		
	LOGIN allows the user to run commands with			
	an End User or			
	Administrator permission level.			
	When the permission			
	system is enabled, LOGIN enables			
	running commands			
	with the User or Administrator			
	permission level			
	When set, login must			
	be performed upon each connection			
	It is not mandatory to			
	enable the permission			
	system in order to use the device			
	In each device, some connections allow			
	logging in to different			
	levels. Some do not work with security at			
	all.			
Conn	Connection may			
	logout after timeout.			
LOGOUT	Cancel current permission level.	COMMAND #LOGOUT <cr></cr>		#LOGOUT <cr></cr>
	'_	FEEDBACK		
	i Logs out from End User or Administrator	~nn@LOGOUT_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	permission levels to			
MODELO	Not Secure. Get device model.	COMMAND	model name - String of up to 19	Get the device model:
MODEL?	Get device model.	#MODEL?_ <cr></cr>	model_name - String of up to 19 printable ASCII chars	#MODEL?_ <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
		~nn@MODEL_model_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
NAME	Set machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine_name - String of up to 15	Set the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME_machine_name <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	device to room-442:
	The machine name	FEEDBACK	myphen, not at the beginning of end)	#NAME_room-442 <cr></cr>
	is not the same as the model name. The	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	machine name is used			
	to identify a specific machine or a network			
	in use (with DNS			
			İ	i .

- "			B 4 444 11 4	
Function NAME?	Description Get machine (DNS)	Syntax COMMAND	Parameters/Attributes machine name – String of up to 15	Example Get the DNS name of the
NAME?	name.	#NAME?_ <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include	device:
	(i) The machine name	FEEDBACK	hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	#NAME?_ <cr></cr>
	is not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The			
	machine name is used to identify a specific			
	machine or a network			
	in use (with DNS feature on).			
NAME-RST	Reset machine (DNS)	COMMAND		Reset the machine name
	name to factory default.	#NAME-RST <cr></cr>		(S/N last digits are 0102): #NAME-
		FEEDBACK ~nn@NAME-RST_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		RST_kramer_0102 <cr></cr>
	 Factory default of machine (DNS) name 	*Internation CR/CR/LF/		
	is "KRAMER_" + 4 last			
	digits of device serial number.			
NET-CONFIG	Set a network	COMMAND	netw_id-0	Set the device network
	configuration.	<pre>#NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway,[dns1],[d ns2]<cr></cr></pre>	net_ip - Network IP net_mask - Network mask	parameters to IP address 192.168.113.10, net mask
	Parameters	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	255.255.0.0, and gateway
	[DNS1] and	~nn@NET-CONFIG_netw id,net ip,net mask,gateway <cr><lf< td=""><td>3 ,</td><td>192.168.0.1:</td></lf<></cr>	3 ,	192.168.0.1:
	[DNS2] are optional.	>		#NET-CONFIG_0,192.168 .113.10,255.255.0.0,1
	For Backward			92.168.0.1 <cr></cr>
	compatibility, the id parameter can be			
	omitted. In this case,			
	the Network ID, by			
	default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	i If the gateway			
	address is not			
	compliant to the subnet mask used for			
	the host IP, the			
	command will return an error. Subnet and			
	gateway compliancy			
	specified by RFC950. Get a network	COMMAND	netw id-0	Get the device network
NET-CONFIG?	configuration.	#NET-CONFIG_netw id, net ip, net mask, gateway, [dns1], [d	net ip - Network IP	parameters:
	i Parameters	ns2] <cr></cr>	net_mask - Network mask	#NET-CONFIG?_0 <cr></cr>
	[DNS1] and	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	
	[DNS2] are optional.	~nn@NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway <cr><lf< td=""><td></td><td></td></lf<></cr>		
	For Backward			
	compatibility, the id			
	parameter can be omitted. In this case,			
	the Network ID, by			
	default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	1			
	if the gateway address is not			
	compliant to the			
	subnet mask used for the host IP, the			
	command will return			
	an error. Subnet and gateway compliancy			
	specified by RFC950.	COMMAND	N	O-+ DUOD - 1 () (
NET-DHCP?	Get DHCP mode.	COMMAND #NET-DHCP?_netw id <cr></cr>	netw_id - Network ID-the device network interface (if there are more	Get DHCP mode for port 1: #NET-DHCP?_1 <cr></cr>
1	For Backward	FEEDBACK	than one). Counting is 0 based,	
1	compatibility, the id parameter can be	~nn@NET-DHCP_netw_id,dhcp_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3	
	omitted. In this case,		dhcp_state -	
	the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is		0 – Do not use DHCP. Use the IP set by the factory or using the net-	
	the Ethernet control		ip or net-config command.	
	port.		1 – Try to use DHCP. If unavailable,	
			use the IP set by the factory or using the net-ip or net-	
			config command.	
NET-GATE	Set gateway IP.	#NET-CATE in address (CP)	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the gateway IP address to 192.168.0.1:
	(i) A network gateway	#NET-GATE_ip_address <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>		#NET-
	connects the device via another network	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		GATE_192.168.000.001<
	and maybe over the			
	Internet. Be careful of security issues. For			
	proper settings consult			
	your network administrator.			
NET-GATE?	Get gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the gateway IP address:
1	(i) A network gateway	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>	_	#NET-GĂTE?_ <cr></cr>
	connects the device via another network	FEEDBACK		
	and maybe over the	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Internet. Be aware of security problems.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NET-IP	Set IP address. i For proper settings consult your network administrator.	GOMMAND #NET-IP_ip_address <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the IP address to 192.168.1.39: #NET- IP_192.168.001.039 <cr< td=""></cr<>
NET-IP?	Get IP address.	COMMAND #NET-IP?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address. i For backward compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port.	COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	id – Network ID–the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address – Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit	#NET-MAC?_id <cr></cr>
NET-MASK	Set subnet mask. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000< CR>
NET-MASK?	Get subnet mask.	COMMAND #NET-MASK?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the subnet mask: #NET-MASK? <cr></cr>
PASS	Set password for login level. i The default password is an empty string.	#PASS_login_level,password <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PASS_login_level,password<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	login_level - Level of login to set (End User or Administrator). password - Password for the login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII chars	Set the password for the Admin protocol permission level to 33333: #PASS_admin,33333 <cr></cr>
PASS?	Get password for login level. (i) The default password is an empty string.	#PASS_login_level <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PASS_login_level,password<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	login_level - Level of login to set (End User or Administrator). password - Password for the login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII chars	Get the password for the Admin protocol permission: #PASS?_admin <cr></cr>
PRG-ACTION	Add new user command. (i) Programs matrix action as a response for external event (programmable button pressed).	#PRG-ACTION_commandNum, type, name, command <pre>CR> FEEDBACK ~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum, type, name, command</pre> CR> LF>	commandNum - Command number 0 to 4 type - External programmable button cec name - Bitmap representing command - External programmable button ID	Add a new user command: #PRG- ACTION_1,3,1,0 <cr></cr>
PRG-ACTION?	Add new user command. i Programs matrix action as a response for external event (programmable button pressed).	#PRG-ACTION?_commandNum <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum, type, name, command<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	commandNum - Command number 0 - Input 1 - Output type - External programmable button ID name - Bitmap representing command - External programmable button ID	Add a new user command: #PRG- ACTION?_0,3,1,0 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PRG-BTN-	Set program button	COMMAND	btnNum - Button number 0 to 4	Set the DISPLAY ON button
ACTION	mode	#PROG-BTN- MOD_btnNum,mode,actionOn,actionOff,btnBehavior <cr></cr>	1 and 2 are enabled when remote button is (mode) On	to mute/unmute with the press of a button:
		FEEDBACK	1 – IO 1 button	#PROG-BTN-
		~nn@PROG-BTN-	2 – IO 2 button 3 – Display On button	MOD_3,1,104,105,0 <cr></cr>
		MOD_btnNum, mode, actionOn, actionOff, btnBehavior CR> > >	mode – Remote button state	
			0 – Off	
			1-On actionOn-	
			100 – None	
			101 – Switch Input 102 – Display On (via CEC)	
			103 – Display Off (via CEC)	
			104 – Mute	
			105 – Unmute 106 – Volume ++	
			107 – Volume	
			0 – Command_01 1 – Command 02	
			2 – Command 03	
			3 – Command_04	
			4 - Custom 5 actionOff - Button_mode	
			100 – None	
			101 – Switch Input	
			102 – Display On (via CEC) 103 – Display Off (via CEC)	
			104 – Mute	
			105 – Unmute	
			106 – Volume ++ 107 – Volume	
			0 – Command_01	
			1 – Command_02 2 – Command 03	
			3 – Command_04	
			4 – Custom 5	
			btnBehavior – Button_mode 0 – Momentary mode disabled	
			1 – Momentary mode enabled	
PROG-BTN- MOD?	Get programmable buttons mode	COMMAND #PROG-BTN-MOD? <cr></cr>		Get the mode of button 3: #PROG-BTN-MOD?_3 <cr></cr>
MOD:	buttono modo	FEEDBACK ~nn@PROG-BTN-MOD_button_mode <cr><lf> Total Robin Robi</lf></cr>	button is (mode) On	
			3 – Display On button	
			mode – Remote button state	
			0 – Off 1 – On	
			actionOn -	
			100 – None 101 – Switch Input	
			102 – Display On (via CEC)	
			103 – Display Off (via CEC)	
			104 – Mute 105 – Unmute	
			106 – Volume ++	
			107 – Volume 0 – Command 01	
			1 – Command_02	
			2 - Command_03	
			3 – Command_04 4 – Custom 5	
			actionOff - Button_mode	
1			100 – None 101 – Switch Input	
1			101 – Switch Input 102 – Display On (via CEC)	
			103 – Display Off (via CEC)	
			104 – Mute 105 – Unmute	
		106 – Volume ++		
			107 – Volume	
			0 – Command_01 1 – Command_02	
			2 - Command_03	
		1	3 - Command_04	
			4 – Custom 5	
			4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode	
			btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled	
PRIORITY	Set input priority	COMMAND	btnBehavior – Button_mode 0 – Momentary mode disabled 1 – Momentary mode enabled	Set the priority to first HDMI
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	COMMAND #PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3	btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video	Set the priority to first HDMI 2, USB-C 1 second and
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	<pre>#PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 <cr></cr></pre>	btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2)	2, USB-C 1 second and HDMI 3 third:
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	<pre>#PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 <cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 - USB-C 1 2 - HDMI 2	2, USB-C 1 second and
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	<pre>#PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 <cr></cr></pre>	btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 - USB-C 1	2, USB-C 1 second and HDMI 3 third:

SWT3-41-U - Protocol 3000

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PRIORITY?	Set input priority.	COMMAND #PRIORITY?_layer type <cr></cr>	1ayer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video	Get the input priority: #PRIORITY?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	priority - Priority of inputs (1-2)	WINIONIII: LICIO
		~nn@PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priorit	1 – USB-C 1 2 – HDMI 2	
		y_3 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	3 – HDMI 3	
PROT-VER? Get device protocol version.		COMMAND #PROT-VER?	version – XX.XX where X is a decimal digit	Get the device protocol version:
	version.	FEEDBACK	decimal digit	#PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>
		~nn@PROT-VER_3000:version <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
RESET	Reset device.	COMMAND		Reset the device:
	To avoid locking	#RESET <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>		#RESET <cr></cr>
	the port due to a USB bug in Windows,	~nn@reset_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	disconnect USB connections			
	immediately after			
	running this command. If the port was locked,			
	disconnect, and reconnect the cable to			
	reopen the port.			
ROUTE	Set layer routing.	#ROUTE_layer type,out index,in index <cr></cr>	1ayer_type Layer Enumeration 1 - Video	Route video input 2 to the output:
	This command replaces all other	FEEDBACK	5 – USB	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>
	routing commands.	~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr><lf></lf></cr>	out_index 1- Output	
			in_index - Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1	
			2 – HDMI IN 2 3 – HDMI IN 3	
ROUTE?	Get layer routing state.	COMMAND	layer_type Layer Enumeration	Get video routing output:
	(i) This command	#ROUTE?_layer_type,out_index <cr></cr>	1 – Video 5 – USB	#ROUTE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
	replaces all other routing commands.	FEEDBACK ~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr><lf></lf></cr>	out_index	
	routing commands.	implooting rayer eype, out - index, in - index	1-Output in index-	
			Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1 2 – HDMI IN 2	
			3 – HDMI IN 3	
SECUR	Start/stop security.	COMMAND #SECUR_security state <cr></cr>	security_state - Security state 0 - OFF (disables security)	Enable the permission system:
	The permission system works only if	FEEDBACK	1 – ON (enables security)	#SECUR_1 <cr></cr>
	security is enabled	~nn@SECUR_security_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	with the "SECUR" command.			
SECUR?	Get security state.	COMMAND #SECUR?_security_state <cr></cr>	security_state - Security state 0 - OFF (disables security)	Enable the permission system:
	The permission system works only if	FEEDBACK	1 – ON (enables security)	#SECUR?_ <cr></cr>
	security is enabled	~nn@SECUR_security_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	with the "SECUR" command.			
SIGNAL-USB- HOST?	Get if there is an active host	COMMAND #SIGNAL-USB-HOST?_host index <cr></cr>	host_index: the number of the host port	Get if there is active host connected to port 2:
11051	connected to the	FEEDBACK	1-N	#SIGNAL-USB-HOST?
	port.	~nn@SIGNAL-USB-HOST_host_index,state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	state: Active/Inactive 0- Active	_2 <cr></cr>
	Get device serial	COMMAND	1 - Inactive serial num - 14 decimal digits,	Get the device serial
SN?	number.	#SN?_ <cr></cr>	factory assigned	number:
		FEEDBACK		#SN?_ <cr></cr>
		~nn@SN_serial_num <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
TIME	Set device time and date.	COMMAND #TIME_day of week,date,data <cr></cr>	<pre>day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT}</pre>	Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at
	(i) The year must be 4	FEEDBACK	date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where	2:30pm:
	digits.	~nn@TIME_day_of_week,date,data <cr><lf></lf></cr>	hh = hours	#TIME_mon_05-12- 2020,14:30:00 <cr></cr>
	The device does not		mm = minutes ss = seconds	
	validate the day of week from the date.			
	Time format - 24			
	hours.			
	Date format - Day, Month, Year.			
TIME?	Get device time and	COMMAND	day_of_week - One of	Get device time and date:
	date.	#TIME?_ <cr></cr>	{SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: YYYY/MM/DD where	#TIME? <cr></cr>
	The year must be 4 digits.	FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME_day of week,date,data <cr><lf></lf></cr>	YYYY = Year MM = Month	
	The device does not		DD = Day	
	validate the day of		data – Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours	
	week from the date.		mm = minutes	
	Time format - 24 hours.		ss = seconds	
	Date format - Day,			
	Month, Year.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
TIME-LOC	Set local time offset from UTC/GMT.	COMMAND	utc_off - Offset of device time from	Set local time offset to 3
		#TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state <cr></cr>	UTC/GMT (without daylight time correction)	with no daylight-saving time: #TIME-LOC_3,0 <cr></cr>
	i If the time server is configured, device time calculates by adding UTC_off to UTC time (that it got from the time server) + 1 hour if daylight savings time is in effect.	FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-LOC_uttc_off,dst_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dst_state - Daylight saving time state 0 - no daylight saving time 1 - daylight saving time	
	TIME command sets the device time without considering these settings.			
TIME-LOC?	Get local time offset from UTC/GMT. (i) If the time server is configured, device time calculates by adding UTC_off to UTC time (that it got from the time server) +	GOMMAND #TIME-LOC?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	utc_off - Offset of device time from UTC/GMT (without daylight time correction) dst_state - Daylight saving time state 0 - no daylight saving time 1 - daylight saving time	Get local time offset from UTC/GMT: #TIME-LOC? <cr></cr>
	1 hour if daylight savings time is in effect. TIME command sets the device time without considering these settings.			
TIME-SRV	Set time server. 1 This command is needed for setting UDP timeout for the current client list.	<pre>COMMAND #TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour,server_sta tus<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	mode - On/Off 0 - Off 1 - On time_server_ip - Time server IP address sync_hour - Hour in day for time server sync	Set time server with IP address of 128.138.140.44 to ON: #TIME- SRV_1,128.138.140.44, 0,1 <cr></cr>
TIME-SRV?	Get time server.	COMMAND	server_status - On/Off mode - On/Off	Get time server:
	i This command is needed for setting UDP timeout for the current client list.	<pre>#TIME-SRV?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour,server_sta tus<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0 - Off 1 - On time_server_ip - Time server IP address sync_hour - Hour in day for time server sync server_status - On/Off	#TIME-SRV? <cr></cr>
UART	Set com port configuration. (1) In the FC-2x the serial port is selectable to RS-232 or RS-485 (usually serial port 1). If Serial is configured when RS-485 is selected, the RS-485 UART port automatically changes. The command is backward compatible, meaning that if the extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to. RS-232. Stop bits 1.5 is only	#URTT_com id, baud_rate, data_bits, parity, stop_bits_mod e, serial_type, 485_term <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@URT_com_id, baud_rate, data_bits, parity, stop_bits_mode, serial_type, 485_term<cr><if></if></cr></cr>	com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200 data_bits - 5-8 parity - Parity Type 0 - No 1 - Odd 2 - Even 3 - Mark 4 - Space stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0 - 232 1 - 485 485_term - 485 termination state 0 - disable 1 - enable (optional - this exists only when serial_type is 485)	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #UART_9600,8,node,1 <c< td=""></c<>
	relevant for 5 data_bits.			
UART?	Get com port configuration. The commad is backward compatible, meaning that if the extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to. RS-232. Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5 data_bits.	#UART?_com_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@UART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_mode,serial_type,485_term<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200 data_bits - 5-8 parity - Parity Type 0 - No 1 - Odd 2 - Even 3 - Mark 4 - Space stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0 - 232 1 - 485 485_term - 485 termination state 0 - disable 1 - enable (optional - this exists only when	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #UART_1,9600,8,node,1

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
USBA- DISCONNECT- MODE	Set USB device auto- disconnection mode	#USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_USBDevice,mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBDevice - USB device number 1 - USB Device 1 2 - USB Device 2 3 - USB Device 3 4 - USB Device 4 mode - On/Off 0 - Off 1 - On	Set USB Device 1 polycom mode to ND: #USBA-DISCONNECT- MODE_1,1 <cr></cr>
USBA- DISCONNECT- MODE?	Get USB device auto- disconnection mode	#USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE?_USBDevice <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBDevice - USB device number 1 - USB Device 1 2 - USB Device 2 3 - USB Device 3 4 - USB Device 4 mode - On/Off 0 - Off 1 - On	Get USB Device 1 polycom mode: #USBA-DISCONNECT- MODE?_1 <cr></cr>

USBC-ETH	Set USBC to	COMMAND	state - On/Off	Set USBC to Ethernet
	Ethernet connection.	#USBC-ETH_state <cr></cr>	0 – Off	connection state to ON:
		FEEDBACK	1 – On	#USBC-ETH_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@USBC-ETH_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		

VERSION?	Get firmware version number.	COMMAND #VERSION?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VERSION_firmware_versi</cr>	firmware_version = XX.XX.XXXX where the digit groups are: major.minor.build version	Get the device firmware version number: #VERSION?_ <cr></cr>
		on <cr><lf></lf></cr>		

Result and Error Codes

Syntax

In case of an error, the device responds with an error message. The error message syntax:

- ~NN@ERR XXX<CR><LF> when general error, no specific command
- ~NN@CMD ERR XXX<CR><LF> for specific command
- **NN** machine number of device, default = 01
- XXX error code

Error Codes

Error Name	Error Code	Description
P3K_NO_ERROR	0	No error
ERR_PROTOCOL_SYNTAX	1	Protocol syntax
ERR_COMMAND_NOT_AVAILABLE	2	Command not available
ERR_PARAMETER_OUT_OF_RANGE	3	Parameter out of range
ERR_UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS	4	Unauthorized access
ERR_INTERNAL_FW_ERROR	5	Internal FW error
ERR_BUSY	6	Protocol busy
ERR_WRONG_CRC	7	Wrong CRC
ERR_TIMEDOUT	8	Timeout
ERR_RESERVED	9	(Reserved)
ERR_FW_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	10	Not enough space for data (firmware, FPGA)
ERR_FS_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	11	Not enough space – file system
ERR_FS_FILE_NOT_EXISTS	12	File does not exist
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_CREATED	13	File can't be created
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_OPEN	14	File can't open
ERR_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED	15	Feature is not supported
ERR_RESERVED_2	16	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_3	17	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_4	18	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_5	19	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_6	20	(Reserved)
ERR_PACKET_CRC	21	Packet CRC error
ERR_PACKET_MISSED	22	Packet number isn't expected (missing packet)
ERR_PACKET_SIZE	23	Packet size is wrong
ERR_RESERVED_7	24	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_8	25	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_9	26	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_10	27	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_11	28	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_12	29	(Reserved)
ERR_EDID_CORRUPTED	30	EDID corrupted
ERR_NON_LISTED	31	Device specific errors
ERR_SAME_CRC	32	File has the same CRC – not changed
ERR_WRONG_MODE	33	Wrong operation mode
ERR_NOT_CONFIGURED	34	Device/chip was not initialized

The warranty obligations of Kramer Electronics Inc. ("Kramer Electronics") for this product are limited to the terms set forth below:

What is Covered

This limited warranty covers defects in materials and workmanship in this product.

What is Not Covered

This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from any alteration, modification, improper or unreasonable use or maintenance, misuse, abuse, accident, neglect, exposure to excess moisture, fire, improper packing and shipping (such claims must be presented to the carrier), lightning, power surges, or other acts of nature. This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from the installation or removal of this product from any installation, any unauthorized tampering with this product, any repairs attempted by anyone unauthorized by Kramer Electronics to make such repairs, or any other cause which does not relate directly to a defect in materials and/or workmanship of this product. This limited warranty does not cover cartons, equipment enclosures, cables or accessories used in conjunction with this product.

Without limiting any other exclusion herein, Kramer Electronics does not warrant that the product covered hereby, including, without limitation, the technology and/or integrated circuit(s) included in the product, will not become obsolete or that such items are or will remain compatible with any other product or technology with which the product may be used.

How Long this Coverage Lasts

The standard limited warranty for Kramer products is seven (7) years from the date of original purchase, with the following exceptions:

- 1. All Kramer VIA hardware products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty for the VIA hardware and a standard three (3) year warranty for firmware and software updates; all Kramer VIA accessories, adapters, tags, and dongles are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty.
- 2. Kramer fiber optic cables, adapter-size fiber optic extenders, pluggable optical modules, active cables, cable retractors, ring mounted adapters, portable power chargers, Kramer speakers, and Kramer touch panels are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty. Kramer 7-inch touch panels purchased on or after April 1st, 2020 are covered by a standard two (2) year warranty.
- 3. All Kramer Calibre products, all Kramer Minicom digital signage products, all HighSecLabs products, all streaming, and all wireless products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty.
- 4. All Sierra Video MultiViewers are covered by a standard five (5) year warranty.
- 5. Sierra switchers & control panels are covered by a standard seven (7) year warranty (excluding power supplies and fans that are covered for three (3) years).
- 6. K-Touch software is covered by a standard one (1) year warranty for software updates.
- 7. All Kramer passive cables are covered by a lifetime warranty.

Who is Covered

Only the original purchaser of this product is covered under this limited warranty. This limited warranty is not transferable to subsequent purchasers or owners of this product.

What Kramer Electronics Will Do

Kramer Electronics will, at its sole option, provide one of the following three remedies to whatever extent it shall deem necessary to satisfy a proper claim under this limited warranty:

- Elect to repair or facilitate the repair of any defective parts within a reasonable period of time, free of any charge for the necessary parts and labor to complete the repair and restore this product to its proper operating condition. Kramer Electronics will also pay the shipping costs necessary to return this product once the repair is complete.
- Replace this product with a direct replacement or with a similar product deemed by Kramer Electronics to perform substantially the same function as the original product. If a direct or similar replacement product is supplied, the original product's end warranty date remains unchanged and is transferred to the replacement product.
- Issue a refund of the original purchase price less depreciation to be determined based on the age of the product at the time remedy is sought under this limited warranty.

What Kramer Electronics Will Not Do Under This Limited Warranty

If this product is returned to Kramer Electronics or the authorized dealer from which it was purchased or any other party authorized to repair Kramer Electronics products, this product must be insured during shipment, with the insurance and shipping charges prepaid by you. If this product is returned uninsured, you assume all risks of loss or damage during shipment. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any costs related to the removal or re-installation of this product from or into any installation. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any costs related to any setting up this product, any adjustment of user controls or any programming required for a specific installation of this product.

How to Obtain a Remedy Under This Limited Warranty

To obtain a remedy under this limited warranty, you must contact either the authorized Kramer Electronics reseller from whom you purchased this product or the Kramer Electronics office nearest you. For a list of authorized Kramer Electronics resellers and/or Kramer Electronics authorized service providers, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact the Kramer Electronics office nearest you.

In order to pursue any remedy under this limited warranty, you must possess an original, dated receipt as proof of purchase from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If this product is returned under this limited warranty, a return authorization number, obtained from Kramer Electronics, will be required (RMA number). You may also be directed to an authorized reseller or a person authorized by Kramer Electronics to repair the product.

If it is decided that this product should be returned directly to Kramer Electronics, this product should be properly packed, preferably in the original carton, for shipping. Cartons not bearing a return authorization number will be refused.

Limitation of Liability

THE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF KRAMER ELECTRONICS UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL NOT EXCEED THE ACTUAL PURCHASE PRICE PAID FOR THE PRODUCT. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, KRAMER ELECTRONICS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONDITION, OR UNDER ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY. Some countries, districts or states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of relief, special, incidental, consequential or indirect damages, or the limitation of liability to specified amounts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.

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Other Conditions

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from country to country or state to state.

This limited warranty is void if (i) the label bearing the serial number of this product has been removed or defaced, (ii) the product is not distributed by Kramer Electronics or (iii) this product is not purchased from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If you are unsure whether a reseller is an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact a Kramer Electronics office from the list at the end of this document.

Your rights under this limited warranty are not diminished if you do not complete and return the product registration form or complete and submit the online product registration form. Kramer Electronics thanks you for purchasing a Kramer Electronics product. We hope it will give you years of satisfaction.









P/N: 2900-301686



Rev:



SAFETY WARNING

Disconnect the unit from the power supply before opening and servicing

For the latest information on our products and a list of Kramer distributors, visit our website where updates to this user manual may be found.

We welcome your questions, comments, and feedback.

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