

# USER MANUAL

# SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher



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# Introduction

Welcome to Kramer Electronics! Since 1981, Kramer Electronics has been providing a world of unique, creative, and affordable solutions to the vast range of problems that confront the video, audio, presentation, and broadcasting professional on a daily basis. In recent years, we have redesigned and upgraded most of our line, making the best even better!

# **Getting Started**

We recommend that you:

- Unpack the equipment carefully and save the original box and packaging materials for possible future shipment.
- Review the contents of this user manual.



Go to <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-31-HU</u> to check for up-to-date user manuals, application programs, and to check if firmware upgrades are available (where appropriate).

### **Achieving Best Performance**

- Use only good quality connection cables (we recommend Kramer high-performance, high-resolution cables) to avoid interference, deterioration in signal quality due to poor matching, and elevated noise levels (often associated with low quality cables).
- Do not secure the cables in tight bundles or roll the slack into tight coils.
- Avoid interference from neighboring electrical appliances that may adversely influence signal quality.
- Position your Kramer SWT3-31-HU away from moisture, excessive sunlight and dust.

### **Safety Instructions**



#### Caution:

- This equipment is to be used only inside a building. It may only be connected to other equipment that is installed inside a building.
- For products with relay terminals and GPI\O ports, please refer to the permitted rating for an external connection, located next to the terminal or in the User Manual.
- There are no operator serviceable parts inside the unit.



#### Warning:

- Use only the power cord that is supplied with the unit.
- To ensure continuous risk protection, replace fuses only according to the rating specified on the product label which is located on the bottom of the unit.

#### **Recycling Kramer Products**

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC aims to reduce the amount of WEEE sent for disposal to landfill or incineration by requiring it to be collected and recycled. To comply with the WEEE Directive, Kramer Electronics has made arrangements with the European Advanced Recycling Network (EARN) and will cover any costs of treatment, recycling and recovery of waste Kramer Electronics branded equipment on arrival at the EARN facility. For details of Kramer's recycling arrangements in your particular country go to our recycling pages at <a href="https://www.kramerav.com/il/quality/environment">www.kramerav.com/il/quality/environment</a>.

### **Overview**

Congratulations on purchasing your Kramer **SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher**. **SWT3-31-HU** is a high-performance auto-switcher with one USB-C and two HDMI/USB inputs and HDMI output. The connected USB peripherals, such as a room camera and microphone, are switchable for use of the active USB host, for convenient hybrid meeting operation with both room and online participants.

**SWT3-31-HU** provides exceptional quality, advanced and user-friendly operation, and flexible control.

### **Exceptional Quality**

- Hybrid-meeting Collaborative Switching Controllable coupled-signals switching of both AV and USB host inputs, for concurrent connection with AV output and space USB devices, allows collaborative hybrid meeting where multiple meeting participants are switched to share their content with both room and online meeting participants.
- HDMI Signal Switching 4K60 4:4:4 HDMI resolution and HDCP 2.3 compliant, supporting deep color, x.v.Color™, CEC, HDMI uncompressed audio channels, Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD, 2K, 4K, and 3D as specified in HDMI 2.0.
- USB 3.2 Switching USB 3.2 signals switching, enables high data-rate connection between active USB host and space USB devices, such as 4K camera, high-quality audio devices, and HID (Human Interface Devices) mouse or keyboard devices.
- HDMI Mirroring Active USB-C or HDMI input signal is mirrored to loop output port for connecting a local monitor or adding an additional unit in a daisy chain.
- I-EDIDPro<sup>™</sup> Kramer Intelligent EDID Processing<sup>™</sup> Intelligent EDID handling, processing and pass-through algorithm that ensures Plug and Play operation.

#### **Advanced and User-friendly Operation**

- BYOD Ease and Convenience Connect any DP-Alt-Mode-capable USB-C device as an AV presentation source, while providing the connected device with USB 2.0 and Ethernet connection, and (if PD-2.0-capable) up to 60 watts of power, via a single USB-C cable connection only.
- Auto Switcher Ease of Use Automatically plays signal of the plugged source on the connected display, according to user-configured preferences, such as last-connected input.

- Display Power On/Off Control with Ease: Simply press the DISPLAY ON button to toggle on / off the power of the connected CEC-enabled display. The button's LED indicator shows you whether the display is currently powered on / off.
- Simple Control Remote IP-controller connection, browser operation webpage, local panel buttons, or remotely connected contact-closure buttons, for easy and fully flexible user ports selection, signals routing, and switcher control.
- Comprehensive Management Local panel status LED, remote IP-driven firmware upgrade and management via user-friendly embedded web pages, and remote IP or local serial service and management via API commands and responses communication, for flexible service options and ensure lasting, field proven deployment.

### **Flexible Connectivity**

- Easy Online Meeting System Integrated Connectivity Built-in flexible autodisconnection operation of USB devices, such as room cameras and soundbars, enable detection of BYOD presenter disconnection by online meeting systems for their autoactivation, convenient integration, and ease of end-user operation according to space changing hybrid sessions needs.
- Built-in Intelligent Control Gateway Remote IP-driven intelligent control of connected AV, USB and sensor devices via CEC, RS-232, IR or I/O. Eliminating the need for an external control gateway, this feature reduces installation complexity and costs, to enable easy integration with control systems, such as Kramer Control.
- Secured Network Connection Standard IT-grade 802.1x authentication for secured IT LAN connectivity.
- HDMI Mirroring Active USB-C or HDMI input signal is mirrored to loop output port for connecting a local monitor or adding an additional unit in a daisy chain.
- Audio De-embedding The digital audio signal passing-through to the output, is deembedded, converted to an analog signal and sent to the stereo balanced analog audio output. This enables playing the audio on a locally connected professional audio system (such as DSP) and speakers, in parallel to playing it on the speakers connected to the AV acceptor device (such as TVs with speakers).
- Easy and Elegant Installation PoE powering via LAN port connection, and MegaTOOLS<sup>™</sup> fan-less enclosure for dropped-ceiling mounting, or side-by-side mounting of 2 units in a 1U rack space with the recommended rack adapter, for easy switcher deployment.

# **Typical Applications**

SWT3-31-HU is ideal for the following typical applications:

- Enterprise and education hybrid huddle spaces.
- Hybrid user connection element in advanced hybrid meeting solutions.

### **Controlling your SWT3-31-HU**

Control your SWT3-31-HU directly via the front panel push buttons, or:

- Via the IP commands transmitted by a controller and touch screen system, or a browser using built-in user-friendly Web pages.
- By RS-232 serial commands transmitted by a touch screen system, PC, or a serial controller.

# Defining SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher

This section defines SWT3-31-HU.

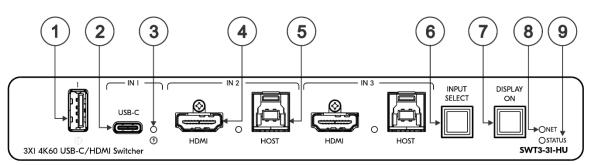


Figure 1: Figure 2: SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher Front Panel

#	Feature		Function			
1	USB Typ	e A Port	Connect to the USB local devices (for example, a USB PTZ camera).			
2	USB-C IN	N 1 Port	Connect to USB-C AV sources:		AV sources:	
			• that supp content.	ort Di	splayPort Alternate Mode, for example, a laptop) to share	
					e with the USB devices (for example, a PTZ camera) that to the device,	
			to connect	ct to th	ne LAN	
			• to charge 2.0).	the c	connected sources (that supports USB Power Delivery	
					ing, the charging icon (to the right of the connector) d lights orange.	
3	IN Status	LED 1 to 3	LED Status	Indie	cates	
	(per input port)		Lights blue	An input is selected and connected with an active AV or USE source.		
			Flashes blue	An ir	nput is selected and has no active AV signal.	
			Off	Off An input is not selected and has an active AV signal.		
$ 4\rangle$	IN Ports	HDMI	Connect to an	HDM	l source.	
5	(2 & 3)	HOST USB B 3.2 Connector	Connect to a USB host (for example, a room PC) to communicate with the USB devices (for example, a PTZ camera) connected on this device.			
6	INPUT S	ELECT Button	Press to select	t an ir	nput.	
6 7	DISPLAY	ON Button	Press to turn display On/Off. Button LED lights on sending Display On message. Button LED turns off on sending Display Off message.		n sending Display On message.	
8	NET LED	)	LED Status		Indicates	
			Dark		No IP address acquired.	
			Lights green		A valid IP address has been acquired.	
			Flashes green for A means to identify the device 60s command #IDV.		A means to identify the device in a system, using command #IDV.	
			Flashes red/green		IP fallback address has been acquired.	
9	9 STATUS LED		LED Status Indicates		Indicates	
			Dark		Power is off	
			lights white         PSU-powered on (only).           Note: This is applicable when power supply is PoE		PSU-powered on (only). Note: This is applicable when power supply is PoE mode.	

#	Feature	Function	
		Lights blue	Power is on and a source is connected.
		Lights green	Power is on, and a source and an acceptor are connected.

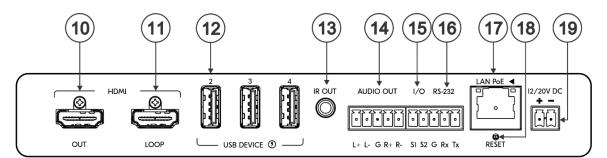


	Figure 3: SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher Front Panel			
#	Feature	Function		
10	HDMI OUT Connector	Connect to an HDMI acceptor.		
(11)	HDMI LOOP Connector	Connect to a local acceptor.		
(12)	USB DEVICE Type A Port (2 to 4)	Connect to the USB local devices (for example, a USB camera, a soundbar, microphone and so on).		
13	IR OUT 3.5mm Mini Jack	Outputs an IR signal, per command from LAN-connected controller (for example, from <b>KC-VB1</b> ), to a connected IR emitter.		
14	AUDIO OUT 5-pin Terminal Block Connector	Connect to a balanced stereo analog audio acceptor.		
(15)	I/O 2-pin Terminal Block (S1 to S2)	<ul> <li>Connect to:</li> <li>Input-triggering devices (for example, remote buttons or sensors), OR</li> <li>Output-triggered devices (for example, remote alarm LED indication).</li> <li>These GPIO ports may be configured as a digital input, digital output, or analog input ports.</li> </ul>		
16	RS-232 3-pin Terminal Block	Connect to an RS-232 controlled device (for example, the connected PTZ USB camera) to be controlled via an IP-connected controller (for example, <b>SL-240C</b> ).		
17	LAN PoE RJ-45 Connector	Connect to LAN. The device accepts power from the LAN port.		
(18)	RESET Recessed Button	For restoring factory default settings, press the RESET button and connect power to device (keep pressing longer than 6sec after power connection)		
(19)	12/20V DC Power Connector	Use the included +20V 6A power supply for powering the unit and charging the source device connected to the USB-C port, or		
		For powering the unit, without USB-C charging support, use PoE powering or an optional +12V DC 5A power adapter (purchased separately).		

# Mounting SWT3-31-HU

This section provides instructions for mounting **SWT3-31-HU**. Before installing, verify that the environment is within the recommended range:



- Operation temperature  $0^{\circ}$  to  $40^{\circ}$ C (32 to  $104^{\circ}$ F).
- Storage temperature  $-40^{\circ}$  to  $+70^{\circ}$ C (-40 to  $+158^{\circ}$ F).
- Humidity 10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing.



# Caution:

• Mount SWT3-31-HU before connecting any cables or power.



#### Warning:

- Ensure that the environment (e.g., maximum ambient temperature & air flow) is compatible for the device.
- Avoid uneven mechanical loading.
- Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used for avoiding overloading of the circuits.
- Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained.
- Maximum mounting height for the device is 2 meters.

#### Mount SWT3-31-HU in a rack:

• Use the recommended rack adapter (see <a href="https://www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-31-HU">www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-31-HU</a>).

Mount SWT3-31-HU on a surface using one of the following methods:

- Attach the rubber feet and place the unit on a flat surface.
- Mount the unit in a rack using the recommended rack adapter <u>www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-31-HU</u>.

# **Connecting SWT3-31-HU**

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Always switch off the power to each device before connecting it to your **SWT3-31-HU**. After connecting your **SWT3-31-HU**, connect its power and then switch on the power to each device.

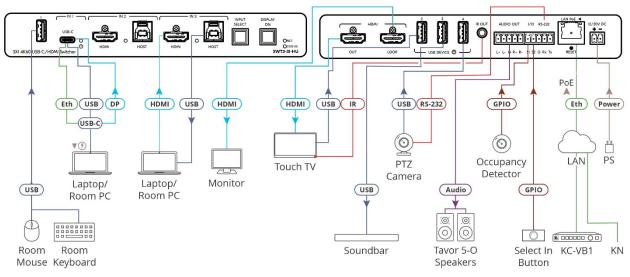


Figure 4: Connecting to the SWT3-31-HU Rear Panel

#### To connect SWT3-31-HU as illustrated in the example in Figure 4:

- Connect a USB-C source (for example, a laptop that supports Display Port Alternate Mode) to the USB-C IN connector 2.
- 2. Connect a source (for example, a room PC) to the IN 2 HDMI ④ and USB Host ⑤ connectors. Same for IN 3.
- 3. Connect the HDMI OUT port (10) to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a touch TV).
- 3. Connect the HDMI LOOP connector (1) to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a local monitor).
- 5. Connect USB DEVICE ports:



USB devices that consume power greater than the power supplied by connected port (see Technical Specifications), should be powered by an external power supply.

- Connect the room keyboard and mouse to the USB 1 type A port 1 on the front panel.
- Connect the touch TV to the USB 2 port (12) on the rear panel.
- Connect a soundbar to the USB 3 port (12) on the rear panel.
- Connect a PTZ camera to the USB 4 port (12) on the rear panel.
- 4. To control the touch TV via IR, connect IR OUT 3.5mm mini jack (13) to an IR emitter cable and attach the cable emitter side to the IR sensor of the touch TV.
- 5. To control the PTZ camera, connect the RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector (16) to the PTZ camera.

6. Connect a room controller (for example, the Kramer KC-VB1) via LAN to the LAN PoE Ethernet RJ-45 port (17).

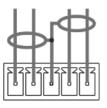
Send from the room controller via LAN:

- IR commands via the room controller to control the smart TV.
- Serial commands to control the camera.
- 7. Connect the AUDIO OUT 5-pin terminal block connector (14) to a balanced stereo audio acceptor (for example, Kramer Tavor 5-O speakers).
- 8. Connect the IO 2-pin terminal block (15):
  - To an occupancy detector.
  - To a selector button.
- 9. Connect LAN connector (17) to IT switch for LAN connection and PoE powering. Optionally, connect the power adapter to SWT3-31-HU (19) and to the mains electricity.

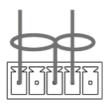
To charge the device that is connected to the USB-C port, you need to use a chargeable power adapter (purchased separately) for powering the SWT3-31-HU switcher.

# **Connecting the Output to a Balanced/Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor**

The following are the pinouts for connecting the output to a balanced or unbalanced stereo audio acceptor:



L+ L- G R+ R-Acceptor



L+ L- G R+ R-Figure 5: Connecting to a Balanced Stereo Audio Figure 6: Connecting to an Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor

# **Connecting to SWT3-31-HU via RS-232**

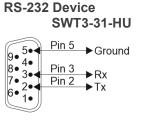
You can connect to **SWT3-31-HU** via an RS-232 connection (13) using, for example, a PC.

**SWT3-31-HU** features an RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector allowing the RS-232 to control **SWT3-31-HU**.

Connect the RS-232 terminal block on the rear panel of **SWT3-31-HU** to a PC/controller, as follows:

From the RS-232 9-pin D-sub serial port connect:

- Pin 2 to the TX pin on the SWT3-31-HU RS-232 terminal block
- Pin 3 to the RX pin on the SWT3-31-HU RS-232 terminal block
- Pin 5 to the G pin on the SWT3-31-HU RS-232 terminal block





# Operating and Controlling SWT3-31-HU

# **Principles of Operation**

This section covers the following topics:

- <u>Coupled or Individual AV+USB Switching</u> on page <u>11</u>.
- <u>Flexible SWT3-31-HU Auto Switching Policy</u> on page <u>11</u>.
- Flexible USB-C Mix of Signals on page 12.
- <u>Online Meeting Systems Integration</u> on page <u>12</u>.
- Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway on page 13.
- Flexible Remote Buttons Control on page 14.

#### **Coupled or Individual AV+USB Switching**

**SWT3-31-HU** multi-signal switching of any of the inputs to the AV output and connected USB devices, is configurable to use one of the following operation modes:

- USB follows AV coupled routing (1) Selecting an AV input, routes the AV signal to the AV output and connects, in parallel, the input-associated USB host with the connected USB devices.
- USB signal individual routing (1) Selecting an AV input, routes the AV signal to the AV output only. The USB host can be independently selected to connect with the connected USB devices (see Individual USB Host Routing.

See Routing AV and USB Host Signals on page 22.

This is very useful in hybrid sessions, for convenient switching between multiple presenters using either their BYOD laptops and/or connected space PC devices.

### Flexible SWT3-31-HU Auto Switching Policy

Set the switching policy to:

- Manual Select an input manually and switching occurs whether a live signal is present on the input or not.
- Auto Auto Switching selection is performed according to either the Last Connected or the Priority policy.

In Last Connected policy:

- If a signal is plugged in this mode, SWT3-31-HU will switch to it.
- If the signal on the current input is lost, SWT3-31-HU automatically selects the last connected input.

The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout

In Priority policy:

- If a signal with a higher priority than the current one is plugged in this mode,
   SWT3-31-HU will switch to it.
- When the input sync signal is lost for any reason, the input with a live signal and next in priority is selected automatically.

The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout. Inputs priority is configurable; the default setting is HDMI 1 $\rightarrow$  HDMI 2  $\rightarrow$  HDMI 3  $\rightarrow$  HDMI 4

In both Last Connected and Priority modes, manually selecting an input (using the front panel, remote or web UI input select button) overrides automatic selection

See <u>Setting the Auto-Switching Policy</u> on page <u>23</u>.

#### Flexible USB-C Mix of Signals

AV and USB signals mix, and their data rate level, of the USB-C host port, can be flexibly set to either one of:

- High USB 3.0 data rate and lower 4K60 4:2:0 AV resolution mix, or
- High 4K60 4:4:4 AV resolution and lower USB 2.0 data rate mix

See Setting USB-C Host Port Signals Mix on page 31.

#### **Online Meeting Systems Integration**

USB device ports can be set to auto-disconnect following presenter disconnection, to allow smooth integration and auto-activation of connected online meeting room systems.

See Auto-disconnecting a USB Device on Inactive Host on page 32.

### **Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway**

Remote IP connected clients can send from the LAN, via the **SWT3-31-HU** built-in control gateway, CEC, RS-232, I/O and IR commands, and receive responses and notifications, to control devices connected to **SWT3-31-HU** HDMI-CEC, RS-232, I/O and IR control ports. The built-in control gateway sends the control commands (converted from the client received IP messages) to the connected controlled devices, and distributes the responses received from the connected controlled devices to all connected clients.

<u>Figure 7</u> shows the **SWT3-31-HU** built-in control gateway connection. The Kramer Control controller is connected to the switcher via LAN, sends IP commands to the switcher control gateway over the LAN connection, to send control messages to, and receive control responses from:

- The touch TV connected to the switcher via the IR and/or HDMI (CEC) ports.
- The PTZ Camera connected to the receiver via the RS-232 port.
- The Occupancy Detector & Select In Button connected to the receiver via the I/O ports.

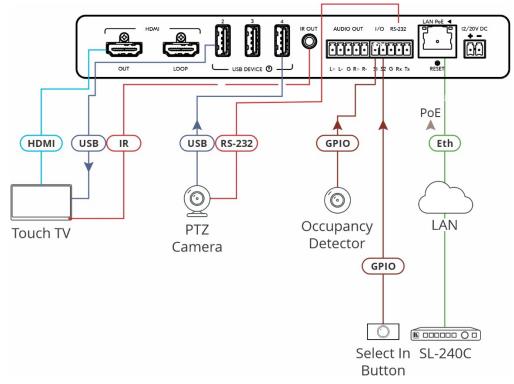


Figure 7: Controlling remotely via Control Gateway

Built-in control gateway activation, activation of the associated control ports and their attributes (such as the CEC logical address of the control gateway), as well as manual commands testing operation, is done via SWT3-31-HU control gateway webpages (see <u>Setting Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>34</u>).

### **Flexible Remote Buttons Control**

Remote contact-closure buttons can be connected to the I/O ports, for easy end user control of device functions by button press and release operation. Flexible configuration of button press/release actions and latching (default) or momentary operation mode, enable simple and custom control according to user needs.

(see Configuring Remote Buttons on page 42).

# **Using Front and Rear Panel Buttons**

SWT3-31-HU front and rear panel buttons enable the following actions:

- Selecting an INPUT.
- Turning the display on or off via the DISPLAY ON or sending on or off commands that are configured via the UI (see <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>41</u>).
- Resetting device to its factory settings (for additional instructions on resetting and resetting device (see <u>Resetting and Restarting Device</u> on page <u>28</u>).

# **Operating via Ethernet**

You can connect to SWT3-31-HU via Ethernet using either of the following methods:

- Directly to the PC using a crossover cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a</u> <u>PC</u> on page <u>14</u>).
- Via a network switch or router, using a straight-through cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet</u> <u>Port via a Network Switch</u> on page <u>16</u>).



If you want to connect via a router and your IT system is based on IPv6, speak to your IT department for specific installation instructions.

#### **Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a PC**

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-31-HU** directly to the Ethernet port on your PC using a crossover cable with RJ-45 connectors.



This type of connection is recommended for identifying **SWT3-31-HU** with the factory configured default IP address.

After connecting SWT3-31-HU to the Ethernet port, configure your PC as follows:

- 1. Click Start > Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Click Change Adapter Settings.

3. Highlight the network adapter you want to use to connect to the device and click **Change** settings of this connection.

The Local Area Connection Properties window for the selected network adapter appears as shown in Figure 8.

Local Area Connection Properties
Networking Sharing
Connect using:
Intel(R) 82579V Gigabit Network Connection
Configure
This connection uses the following items:
Client for Microsoft Networks
🗹 📇 Microsoft Network Monitor 3 Driver
🗹 💂 QoS Packet Scheduler
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver
🗹 🛶 Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder
Install Uninstall Properties
Description
TCP/IP version 6. The latest version of the internet protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
OK Cancel

Figure 8: Local Area Connection Properties Window

- 4. Highlight either Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) or Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) depending on the requirements of your IT system.
- 5. Click Properties.

The Internet Protocol Properties window relevant to your IT system appears as shown in <u>Figure 9</u> or <u>Figure 10</u>.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties	? 🔀		
General Alternate Configuration				
	You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.			
Obtain an IP address automatical	У			
O Use the following IP address:				
IP address:				
Subnet mask:				
Default gateway:				
Obtain DNS server address auton	natically			
<ul> <li>Use the following DNS server add</li> </ul>	resses:			
Preferred DNS server:				
Alternate DNS server:				
Validate settings upon exit	Ad	lvanced		
	ОК	Cancel		

Figure 9: Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties Window

Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv	6) Properties	? <mark>×</mark>
General		
	automatically if your network supports this capability, twork administrator for the appropriate IPv6 settings,	
Obtain an IPv6 address autom	atically	
Ouse the following IPv6 address	:	
IPv6 address:		
Subnet prefix length:		
Default gateway:		
<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address au</li> </ul>	tomatically	
OUse the following DNS server a	ddresses:	
Preferred DNS server:		
Alternate DNS server:		
Validate settings upon exit	Adva	anced
	OK	Cancel

Figure 10: Internet Protocol Version 6 Properties Window

 Select Use the following IP Address for static IP addressing and fill in the details as shown in <u>Figure 11</u>.

For TCP/IPv4 you can use any IP address in the range 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255 (excluding default 192.168.1.39 fallback address) that is provided by your IT department.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties				
General				
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.				
Obtain an IP address automatical	y			
• Use the following IP address:				
IP address:	192.168.1.2			
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0			
Default gateway:	1			
Obtain DNS server address autom	natically			
Ouse the following DNS server add	resses:			
Preferred DNS server:				
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·			
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced			
	OK Cancel			

Figure 11: Internet Protocol Properties Window

- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Click Close.

#### **Connecting Ethernet Port via a Network Switch**

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-31-HU** to the Ethernet port on a network switch or router using a straight-through cable with RJ-45 connectors.

### **Configuring Ethernet Port**

You can set the Ethernet parameters via the embedded Web pages.

#### **Discovering and acquiring IP address**

**SWT3-31-HU** includes IP address auto-acquiring policy via LAN-connected DHCP server by default. When no DHCP server is detected, a fallback static IP address of 192.168.1.39, and 255.255.255.0 subnet mask (class C), is assigned until an IP address is acquired via the DHCP server.

For more information, refer to Product Page Technical Note in <u>www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-31-HU</u>.

# **Using Embedded Web Pages**

**SWT3-31-HU** enables you to configure settings via Ethernet using built-in, user-friendly web pages. The Web pages are accessed using a Web browser and an Ethernet connection.



To apply the USB-C type change, device power cycle must be performed.



USB-C ethernet connection is disabled by default and is enabled only by API command. (see <u>Protocol 3000 Commands</u> on page <u>54</u>).

Before attempting to connect:

- Perform the procedure in (see <u>Operating via Ethernet</u> on page <u>14</u>).
- Ensure that your browser is supported.

The following operating systems and Web browsers are supported:

Operating Systems	Browser
Windows 10 and higher	Edge
	Chrome
Мас	Safari
iOS	Safari
Android	N/A

If a web page does not update correctly, clear your Web browser's cache.

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

Check that Security/firewalls are not blocking HTTP traffic between the device and the user PC.

To access the web pages:

1. Enter the IP address of the device in the address bar of your internet browser (default = 192.168.1.39).

If security is enabled, the Login window appears.

Sign in	
http://192.1 Your connec	68.54.30 tion to this site is not private
Username	Admin
Password	
	Sign in Cancel

Figure 12: Embedded Web Pages Login Window

2. Enter the Username (default = Admin) and Password (default = Admin) and click **Sign in**. The default web page appears.

Ø	kramer	SWT3-31-I	HU	
>>				
-12			Outputs	Analog Outputs
			OUTPUT-P HDMI 1 USB Device	Analog 1
AV	Inputs	INPUT-PO●		
EDID	lı	USB-C 1 USB Host		
		INPUT-PO●		
ţţ		HDMI 2 USB Host		
6		INPUT-PO●	AV Audio-Video	
·μ·		HDMI 3 USB Host	ψ USB	
•				
<b>–</b>				
Û				

Figure 13: AV Settings Page

3. Click the arrow at the top of the navigation list to view the menu items in detail.

Kramer SWT3-31-	HU	
<ul> <li>OPERATION</li> <li>Routing</li> </ul>	Routing	Outputs Analog Outputs
<ul> <li>✓ SETTINGS</li> <li>▲ Auto switching</li> <li>▲ Audio Video</li> <li>▲ EDID</li> <li>■ Device</li> <li>♦ Control gateway</li> </ul>	INPUT-PO USB-C 1 USB Host INPUT-PO HDMI 2 USB Host	OUTPUT-P● HDMI 1 1 1 USB Device ■ AV Audio-Video ↓ USB
<ul> <li>DIAGNOSTICS</li> <li>Status</li> <li>ADMINISTRATION</li> <li>Security</li> <li>About</li> </ul>	INPUT-PO HDMI 3 USB Host	

Figure 14: Navigation pane in Detail

4. Click the Navigation Pane on the left side of the screen to access the relevant web page.

SWT3-31-HU web pages enable performing the following actions:

- <u>Routing Signals</u> on page <u>21</u>.
- <u>Setting AV Properties</u> on page <u>23</u>.
- <u>Setting Device Properties</u> on page <u>27</u>.
- <u>Setting Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>34</u>.
- <u>Viewing Device Status</u> on page <u>44</u>.
- <u>Setting Security Properties</u> on page <u>45</u>.
- <u>Viewing the About Page</u> on page <u>49</u>.

# **Routing Signals**

This section details the following actions:

- Routing a Video Input to an Output on page 21.
- Setting Analog Audio Output Level on page 23.

#### **Routing a Video Input to an Output**

When routing any of the inputs to the output, you can set all 3 inputs to route the AV signal together with the USB signal (USB follows video coupled routing) or to independently route each individual signal.

To route the video inputs to the outputs:

1. Go to the Routing Settings page.

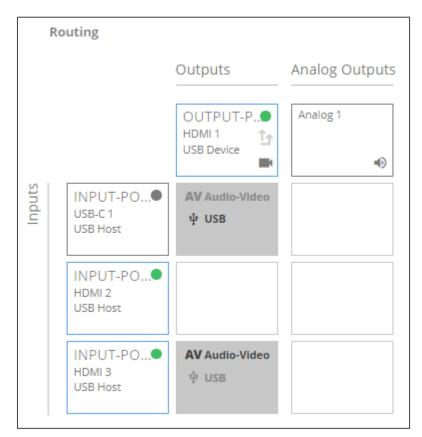


Figure 15: Routing Page

- 2. Perform the following functions:
  - Click an Input/Output cross-point (see <u>Routing AV and USB Host</u> Signals on page <u>22</u>).

A green light on a button indicates a connected source/acceptor.

- Click 1/1 to activate USB following video coupled routing.
- Click to stop/play the video.

An input is routed to the output.

**Routing AV and USB Host Signals** 

**SWT3-31-HU** enables switching any of the inputs to the output in one of the following operation modes:

- USB follows AV coupled routing (1) Selecting an input, routes the HDMI signal to the output and associates the USB devices to that selected USB host.
- USB signal individual routing ( ) Selecting an input, routes the HDMI signal to the output. The USB host can be selected separately from any of the other inputs.

Individual USB Host Routing

In the following example, USB routing does not follow video, so you can individually select the AV signal on input 3 and the USB signal on input 1. This means that the HDMI input 3 AV signal is routed to the output and the USB devices are associated with the USB-C host (Input 1).

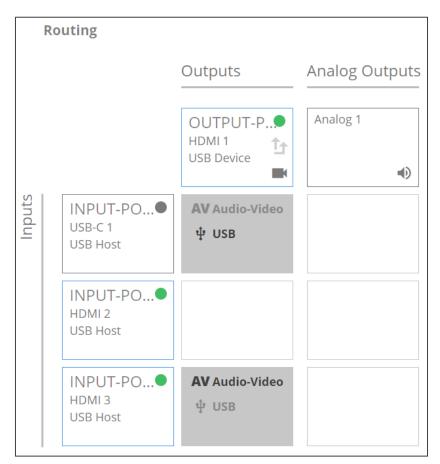


Figure 16: Individual routing of USB Host and AV Signal

## **Setting Analog Audio Output Level**

To set the audio output level:

- 1. Go to the Routing Settings page.
- 2. Under Analog Outputs click 🜒.
- 3. Set the audio level using the slider next to Analog output volume (dB, from -100 to 15).

Audio level is set.

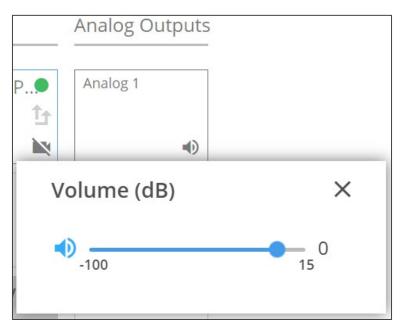


Figure 17: Setting Audio Output Level

Video inputs are routed to the outputs.

# **Setting AV Properties**

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Setting the Auto-Switching Policy</u> on page <u>23</u>.
- <u>Configuring AV Settings</u> on page <u>25</u>.
- <u>Managing EDID</u> on page <u>26</u>.

### **Setting the Auto-Switching Policy**

To set the auto-switching policy:

- 1. Go to the Auto switching page.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select the auto switching policy: **Manual**, **Last Connected** or **Priority**.

Switching policy is set.

To change input priorities:

- 1. Go to the Auto switching page.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select Priority.
- 3. Click and drag an input between high and low to change the priorities.

Auto switchin	Ig				
VIDEO					
Selection Mode	Priority	•			
High		Low			
HDM USB-C 1	SB-C 1	HDMI 3			
Drag to change the priority.					
CANCEL	SET VIDEO				

Figure 18: Changing Input Priorities

4. Click SET VIDEO.

Input priorities are set.

#### **Configuring AV Settings**

SWT3-31-HU enables configuring the device audio and video settings.

To configure audio and video settings:

1. Go to the Audio Video Settings page. The Audio Video Settings page appears.

🚫 kro	amer	SWT3-31-HU					
»		Audio Video					
*4		SETTINGS					
			USB-C	HDMI Input 2	HDMI Input 3	HDMI Output 1	
AV		Label	INPUT-PORT-1-USBC	INPUT-PORT-2-HDMI	INPUT-PORT-3-HDMI	OUTPUT-PORT-1-HDMI	
		HDCP	Yes	Yes	Yes	<ul> <li>Always On</li> <li>Follow Input</li> </ul>	
<b>#</b> #		Color Depth Force 8Bits	Disable	Disable	Disable	· Ponow input	
0		Force LPCM 2CH	Disable	Disable	Disable		
•							
0		Force RGB on Output	Disable				
		Device Auto-Unmute on volume change	Disable				
		Auto Sleep Delay	Enable				
		<b>No input signal</b> Delay output 5V power-off for	900 sec 🗘				
		CANCEL SET TIMEOUT					

Figure 19: Audio Video Settings

- 2. Perform the following actions:
- Label Change the name of an input or the output as it appears on the Routing page and EDID management page.
- HDCP For the inputs, select the Yes (default) /No switch to enable/disable HDCP for that input. For the output, select Always On keep HDCP enabled or Follow Input (default) to define the output HDCP setting according to the active input.
- Color Depth Force 8Bits Enable or Disable (default) on each input.
- Force LPCM 2CH Enable or Disable (default) on each input.
- Force RGB on Output Enable or Disable (default).
- Device Auto-Unmute on volume change When enabled changing the volume will autounmute the audio output.
- Auto Sleep Delay When no input signal is detected, the display automatically goes into sleep mode, and output is set to off. When this setting is enabled (default), it delays sleep mode for an amount of time specified in the next setting.

 No input signal (active when Auto Sleep Delay is enabled) – Set the number of seconds (30 to 60,000 seconds; default = 900 seconds) after there is no signal detected, until the display goes into sleep mode. Click SET TIMEOUT after defining this setting.

Audio and video settings are configured.

#### **Managing EDID**

**SWT3-31-HU** enables you to copy an EDID from one of several different sources to the inputs.

To copy the EDID to the inputs:

1. Go to the EDID Management page.

Ô	kramer	SWT3-31-HU						
»		EDID > EDID Settings						
•1		EDID Settings						
AUTO								
AV		STEP 1: SELECT S	SOURCE					
<u>600</u>		Outputs				Inputs		
<b>:</b>		OUTPUT-P 🦎			Custom EDID	INPUT-POR SWT3-31-HU 1920x1080	INPUT-POR SWT3-31-HU 1920x1080	INPUT-POR SWT3-31-HU 1920x1080
‡‡					Upload file	Audio 256 🎟	Audio 256 🎟	Audio 256 🎟
Ø					Default			
·μ·					SWT3-31-HU 1920x1080 Audio			
•					256 🎟			
0								
		STEP 2: SELECT I	DESTINATION					
		Select all						
		INPUT-PO	INPUT-PO 🔒	INPUT-PO				
		SWT3-31-HU 1920x1080 Audio	SWT3-31-HU 1920x1080 Audio	SWT3-31-HU 1920x1080 Audio				
		COPY EDID						

Figure 20: EDID Management Page

- 2. Under Step 1, select the EDID source (the output, any of the inputs, default or custom EDID.
- 3. Under Step 2, select one or more inputs as the destination for copying the EDID.
- 4. Click COPY EDID.

The EDID is copied.

# **Setting Device Properties**

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Device Profile and Maintenance</u> on page <u>27</u>.
- <u>Settings Networking Properties</u> on page <u>30</u>.
- <u>Setting Time and Date</u> on page <u>33</u>.

#### **Device Profile and Maintenance**

**Changing Device Name** 

SWT3-31-HU enables you to change the DNS name of the device.

To change the device name:

1. Go to the Device > General page.

Ø	kramer	SWT3-31-HU			
>>		Device > General			
•4		🔅 General	🖗 Network	ឃុំ USB	Time and Date
AV		Device Name	SWT3-31-H-0000		
EDD		Model	SWT3-31-HU		
		Serial Number	0		
<b>‡</b> ‡		Firmware Version	1.0.64477 <u>Update</u>		
ଦ୍ର					
•		GLOBAL SYSTEM SE	TTINGS		
-					
Ŭ		DEVICE RESTART	EXPORT	F FLAG ME	
		FACTORY RESET	IMPORT		
	CAN	CEL SAVE			

Figure 21: Device > General Page

2. Under General Preferences, change the device name and click SAVE.

The device name is changed.

#### **Upgrading Firmware**

Ĭ

To upgrade the device firmware:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under General, click **Update**, open the relevant firmware file, and follow the instructions. The upgrade takes approximately 30-60 seconds.
- During FW upgrade, the device continues to operate, but the device UI and protocol 3000 communication are inactive. When device restarts, the status LED is lit, and HDMI output signal is disconnected until restart completes.

Firmware is updated.

Firmware Upgrade		
1 Uploading (Firmware) —————	— 2 Upgrading —	3 Restarting

Figure 22: Firmware Upgrade Process

#### **Resetting and Restarting Device**

Two types of resets can be performed:

- Restart Reboots your device and keeps all your device settings, including the IP address and password.
- Reset Reboots your device and restores all factory settings including input/output definitions, switching configuration, IP address and password (a DHCP-acquired IP address is retained).

To restart the device:

Click DEVICE RESTART on the Device > General page (Figure 21).

To perform a factory reset on the device, use one of the following actions:

- Click FACTORY RESET on the Device > General page (Figure 21).
- Using protocol 3000 commands, send FACTORY command then RESET commands.
- On the rear panel, press and hold the RESET button while connecting the power for several seconds.

#### **Exporting and Importing a Configuration File**

**SWT3-31-HU** enables you to export and store (in connected browsing PC storage) a configuration file, that records all current device settings except the routing operation setup. The stored file can then be imported to the same or different **SWT3-31-HU** device to load the recorded settings, for configuration backup and/or solution-replication purposes.

**Exporting a Configuration File** 

To export a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click **EXPORT**.
- 3. Select the storage location on your computer to save the configuration file and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is exported and saved.

#### Importing a Configuration File

To import a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click IMPORT.
- 3. Select the relevant configuration file from your computer storage and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is imported and the device restarts with the settings from the configuration file.

#### **Identifying Your Device**

To identify the device:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click FLAG ME. NET LED flashes.

FLAG ME indication turns off after 60 seconds.

The device is identified by the discovery system.

### **Settings Networking Properties**



By default, DHCP is set to on. The IP address shows the actual IP address acquired from the DHCP server, or the auto-acquired fallback IP address when there is no DHCP server detection.

To configure network settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the Network tab.

The network page appears.

Device > Network		Device > Network	
🔅 General	🛞 Network	🔅 General	🛞 Network
DHCP	on	DHCP	Off
MAC Address	00-1d-56-09-20-49	MAC Address	00-1d-56-09-20-49
IP Address	192,168, 1, 39	IP Address	192.168.1.39
Mask Address	255_255_255_0	Mask Address	255.255.0.0
Gateway Address	192,168,0,1	Gateway Address	192.168.0.1

Figure 23: Device Settings > Network Page (DHCP On/DHCP Off)

3. Change settings as needed.

If required, Set to **DHCP** (default) or static IP address resolution modes.

- 4. When in Static IP mode, perform the following actions:
  - Change the IP address.
  - Change the Mask address.
  - Change the Gateway address.

Network settings are defined.

Setting USB-C/B Host Port Signals Mix

AV and USB combined signals mix, and their data rate levels, of the USB-C/B host port, can be flexibly set.



To apply the USB-C type change, device power cycle must be performed.

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

USB-C/B ethernet connection is disabled by default and is enabled only by API command (see <u>Protocol 3000 Commands</u> on page <u>54</u>).

To select USB-C/B host port signals mix:

- 1. Go to the **Device > General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the USB tab.

🚫 kramer	SWT3-31-HU
»	Device > USB
•r#	🕸 General 🛞 Network 🜵 USB 🐻 Time and Date
VA	USB-C type USB-C 3.0 USB-C 2.0
EDID	
	Device Auto-Disconnection On inactive host
<b>#</b> #	
 ©	Device Port
	1 On
•	2 On
0	3 💽 On
	4 On
	All Off All On

Figure 24: USB Page – USB-C Host Port Data Range Level Selection

- 3. Next to USB-C/B type, select one of the following:
  - USB-C/B 3.0 High USB 10Gbps data rate and lower 4K60 4:2:0 AV resolution mix.
  - USB-C/B 2.0 High 4K60 4:4:4 AV resolution and lower USB 480Mbps data rate mix.
- 4. Click SAVE.

USB-C/B host signals mix is set.

#### Auto-disconnecting a USB Device on Inactive Host

When a host becomes inactive, you can automatically disconnect one or multiple USB devices.

To define auto-disconnection:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the USB tab.

Q	kramer	SWT3-31-HU			
»		Device > USB			
•4		🏟 General	🛞 Network	ψ USB	🐻 Time and Date
AV ®		USB-C type USB-C	3.0 USB-C 2.0		
쐚		Device Auto-Discon On inactive host	nection		
# 		Device Port			
•		1 On 2 On			
		3 🚺 On			
Ĩ		4 💽 On			
		All Off All On			
		CANCEL	SAVE		

Figure 25: USB Page – USB Device Auto-Disconnection

- 3. For each USB Device Port, set the auto disconnection status to **On** or **Off**. You can also Select **All Off** or **All On** to set all device ports to off or on, respectively.
- 4. Click **SAVE**.

USB devices are set.

#### **Setting Time and Date**

You can sync the device time and date to any server around the world.

To sync device time and date to a server:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Device**. The General tab in the Device page appears.
- 2. Select the **Time and Date** tab. The Time and Date tab appears.

🚫 kramer	SWT3-31-HU			
»	Device > Time and Date			
•4	🔹 General	Network	ឃុំ៖ USB	🐻 Time and Date
AV	Date	8/20/2023		
	Time	11:28:13		
	Time Location	(GMT+00:00) Greenwic 👻		
<b>#</b>	Daylight Savings Time	Yes No		
	Use Time Server (NTP)	Disabled V		
•	Time Server Address	129 6 15 30		
0	Server Status	🖲 Unreachable 🛛 🗘		
	Sync Every Day at (0-23)	0		
	CANCEL SAVE			

Figure 26: Device Settings – Time and Date Tab

- 3. Set the Date and Time.
- 4. Select the Time Location.
- 5. In the Use Time Server (NTP) drop-down box, click:
  - Disabled to disable the time server.
  - Manual to enable time server (NTP).
- 6. If enabled, type in server information:
  - Enter the time server address.
  - Set sync frequency (every 0 to 23 days).
- 7. Click SAVE for any change.

The devices date and time are synchronized to the server address entered.

# **Setting Control Gateway Properties**

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Setting Serial Port Properties</u> on page <u>34</u>.
- Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports on page 37.
- <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>41</u>.
- <u>Configuring Remote Buttons</u> on page <u>42</u>.
- Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF on page 43.

#### **Setting Serial Port Properties**

SWT3-31-HU enables configuring the RS-232 port in one of the following ways:

- <u>Controlling the SWT3-31-HU</u> on page <u>34</u>.
- <u>Controlling an External Device</u> on page <u>35</u>.
- <u>Controlling SWT3-31-HU Connected Display</u> on page <u>36</u>.

Controlling the SWT3-31-HU

To set the RS-232 port to control the device:

1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.

🚫 kramer	SWT3-31-HU		
>>	Control gateway > Serial Ports		
-4	🖣 Serial Ports	1010	> Action Editor
AV	SERIAL PORT PROPERT	IES	
	Device Serial Mode	RS-232	
++	Tunneling	Control	Gateway Display ON A
_	Serial configuration		
Ø	Parity	None	*
<b>9</b>	Data Bits	8	-
0	Baud Rate	115200	-
	Stop Bits	1	-



- 2. Next to Tunneling, select **Control**.
- 3. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls the SWT3-31-HU.

**Controlling an External Device** 

Control an external device via an IP-connected Controller (for example **SL-240C** that is connected via LAN)

To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.
- 2. Next to Tunneling, select Gateway.

Kramer	SWT3-31-HU		
»	Control gateway > Serial Ports		
•6	👎 Serial Ports	10 10	>∃ Action Editor
AV	SERIAL PORT PROPERTIE	S	
	Device Serial Mode	RS-232	
++	Tunneling	Control	Gateway Display ON Adv
_	Serial configuration		
Q	Parity	None	<b>*</b>
•	Data Bits	8	•
0	Baud Rate	115200	•
	Stop Bits	1	<b>•</b>

Figure 28: RS-232 as Gateway

- 3. Define the external device RS-232 settings (Parity, Data Bits, Baud Rate and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click Save.

The TUNNELING ADVANCED PROPERTIES screen appears.

TUNNELING ADVANCED PRO	OPERTIES
Protocol	TCP UDP
IP Port	5001 ‡
TCP Keep alive	10 🗘
Send replies to new client by default Bits	On On
CLOSE	

Figure 29: Setting Tunneling Advanced Properties

- 5. Select either TCP or UDP port.
- 6. Click up/down arrows to select IP Port for sending commands to RS-232.
- 7. Click up/down arrows to select desired seconds for TCP Keep alive.
- 8. Press to toggle ON Send replies to new clients by default Bits.
- 9. Click CLOSE.
- 10. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls an external device.

Controlling SWT3-31-HU Connected Display

Control an external device (for example a display), connected to SWT3-31-HU.

The **SWT3-31-HU** sends serial, CEC or IT commands, defined by the user in the Action Editor (see <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>41</u>) and then linked to the DISPLAY ON button (see <u>Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF</u> on page <u>43</u>).

To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.
- 2. Next to Tunneling, select **Display ON**.

Control gateway > Serial Ports			
Serial Ports	1 <sub>0</sub> IO	>⊒ Action Editor	O Display On
SERIAL PORT PROPERTIN	ES		
Device Serial Mode	RS-232		
Tunneling	Control G	ateway Display ON Advance	
Serial configuration			
Parity	None	•	
Data Bits	8	•	
Baud Rate	115200	<b>•</b>	
Stop Bits	1	-	

Figure 30: RS-232 Control for Display on/off

- 3. Define the display RS-232 settings (Parity, Data Bits, Baud Rate and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click **SAVE**.

RS-232 port controls the DISPLAY ON/OFF.

## **Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports**

The 2 I/O ports can control devices such as sensors, door locks, remote contact-closure buttons, audio volume and lighting control devices and can be configured via the webpages.



To enable I/O operations, Remote Button must be set to Off.

## To configure an I/O port:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab in the Device Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.

Ŧ	Serial Ports	1 <sub>0</sub> 10	>=	Action Editor	0	Display On
<u>IO 1</u> IO 2	IO 1 PROPE	RTIES				
10 2	Remote But	ton 🔵 Off				
	State ON Switch Input	Ŧ	State OFF Display Or	n (via CEC) 🔻	🗌 Mome	ntary
	I/O Type		Analog Input	Digital Input	Digital Output	]
	Pull-up Resis	stor	Enabled			
	Threshold V	DC Range	Low: 800	*	High: 2200	* *
	Read Curre	ent Step: High	Voltage: 3078	mV		

### Figure 31: I/O Ports Settings Page

- 3. Select the I/O port to be configured (IO 1 or IO 2).
- 4. Select one of the following I/O types:
  - Digital Input (default setting) (see <u>Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>38</u>).
  - Digital Output (see <u>Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type</u> on page <u>38</u>).
  - Analog Input (see <u>Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>40</u>).

 $\mathbf{(i)}$ 

The settings available on the page change depending on which trigger type is selected.

5. Click **SAVE** after setting the selected I/O type.

Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type

The Digital Input trigger mode reads the digital input of an external sensor device that is connected to the I/O port. It detects High (upon passing Max threshold from Low state) or Low (upon passing Min threshold from High state) port states according to the user defined voltage threshold levels.

To configure a digital input I/O type:

- On the GPIO page, select **Digital Input** next to I/O Type. The Digital Input options appear (<u>Figure 31</u>).
- 2. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
  - Disabled

Suitable, for example, for a high temperature alarm that exceeds the maximum voltage threshold. When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low and to be triggered it must be pulled high by the externally connected sensor.

- Enabled Detection of an open circuit as High, or a short to ground as Low. This is suitable for example, for a pushbutton switch (connecting one terminal of the switch to ground, and the other to the input) or for an alarm closing a circuit that activates a series of actions. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high, and to be triggered it must be pulled low by the externally connected sensor.
- 3. Set the Threshold VDC Low and High Range (threshold voltage at which the port changes state).
- 4. Click **Read** to refresh port status information.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Digital input I/O type is configured.

### Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type

To configure a digital output I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Digital Output next to I/O type. A warning message appears.

🔥 Warning	
When selecting <b>Digital Output</b> and the pull-up resiste	or is <b>disabled</b> , you must install a current-limiting resistor to prevent damage to the port.
	ОК
	Un

### Figure 32: Digital Output Warning

2. Make sure to follow the instructions in this warning.

3. Click **OK**. The Digital Output options appear.

Ŧ	Serial Ports	1 <u>0</u> 10	>=	Action Editor	0 D
<u>IO 1</u> IO 2	IO 1 PROPERTI	ES			
	Remote Button	Off			
	State ON None	-	State OFF None	<b>•</b>	Momentary
	I/O Type		Analog Input	Digital Input	Digital Output
	Pull-up Resistor		Disabled		
	Current Status		Low		
	CANCEL				

Figure 33: GPIO Settings Page – Digital Output I/O Type

- 4. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
  - Pullup resistor set to **Enabled**:

The port can be used for controlling devices that accept a TTL signal such as for powering LEDs. The voltage output is TTL positive logic: high: >2.4V; low: < 0.5V. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high. For the state to be low, you must select **Low** for the Current Status.

Pullup resistor **Disabled**:

The port is used for controlling external devices such as room or light switches. The external source device determines the voltage output; the maximum voltage is 30V DC and the maximum current is 100mA.

When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low. For the state to be high, select **High** for the Current Status.

Make sure that the current in this configuration does not exceed 100mA.

## 5. Click SAVE.

Digital Output I/O type is configured.

Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type

When selecting the Analog Input I/O type, the port is triggered by an external analog device, such as a volume control device. The trigger is activated once when the detected voltage is within the 0 to 30V DC voltage range.

To configure an analog input I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Analog Input next to I/O type.

ili -	Serial Ports	1 <u>0</u> IO	>=	Action Editor	0
<u>IO 1</u> IO 2	IO 1 PROPERT	ES			
	Remote Button	Off			
	State ON None		State OFF None	- I N	Momentary
	I/O Type		Analog Input	Digital Input	Digital Output
	Maximum Repo	rted Steps:	1	*	
I					
	CANCEL			•	

Figure 34: GPIO Port Settings Page Analog Input

- Enter or use the arrows to scroll to a value (1–100) for the Maximum reported steps. This value is the number of steps that the analog input signal is divided into. To calculate the voltage of each step, use the following formula: Voltage of one step = 30V / number of steps.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Analog input I/O type is configured.

## **Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor**

Use action editor to create and test control commands via CEC, UART or IR control interfaces. You can create up to 5 commands.

To add an action:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.
- 2. Select the Action Editor tab. The Action Editor appears.

Control gateway > Action	Editor		
🖣 Serial Ports	1010	> Action Editor	O Display On
Command_01 Command_02	ACTION PROPERTIE	S	
Command_03 Command_04	Command Name	Command_01	
Custom Cmd 5	Port	CEC	<b>v</b>
	Command		
	450 characters left Syntax (like CEC-SND of RUN COMMAND	command): <port_num>, <cmo< td=""><td>d_id&gt;, <cmd_name>, <len>, <cec_command></cec_command></len></cmd_name></td></cmo<></port_num>	d_id>, <cmd_name>, <len>, <cec_command></cec_command></len></cmd_name>
CANCEL			

Figure 35: Action Editor Tab

- 3. Select a command name on the left side of the window.
- 4. Change the command name, if required.
- 5. Select the port (CEC, UART or IR).
- 6. Enter the appropriate command line, such as one of the following Display On sample commands:
  - For CEC 1,1,tv-on,2,E004

The command to power on a TV can vary depending on the specific TV model and manufacturer. However, above is a common example of a standard command to power on a TV.

- For RS232 PON
- For IR -

1,1,TVON,1,1,1,0000,006f,0022,0002,014d,00a6,0015,0015,0014,0015,0013,0014,00 15,0015,0014,0014,0014,0015,0015,0014,003e,0016,003d,0014,003f,0014,003 e,0015,003f,0013,003f,0014,003e,0015,003f,0013,0016,0013,0015,0014,0015,0013,0 016,0013,003f,0013,003e,0015,0013,003e,0015,003f,0013,003f,0013,003e,001 5,003e,0015,0015,0014,0015,0013,003f,0014,0015,0013,0014,0015,05c9,014d,0053, 0015,0e0a

- 7. Click SAVE.
- 8. Click RUN COMMAND to run the command test.

An action is entered and can be run.

## **Configuring Remote Buttons**

Remotely operate, by I/O-connected remote buttons, configured control actions (see (see <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>41</u>).

**To Configure Remote Buttons:** 

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab in the Device Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.
- 3. Press to toggle Remote Button to On.
- 4. Configure defined control actions, for button on/off states, using the **State ON**, **State OFF** drop-down boxes.
  - Button default operation mode is latching. For momentary mode, check the Momentary checkbox.

Ŧ	Serial Ports	1 <u>0</u> 10	>=	Action Editor	0	Display On
<u>IO 1</u> IO 2	IO 1 PROPER	TIES				
	Remote Butto	n 🔵 Off				
	State ON Switch Input	<b>.</b>	State OFF Display On	i (via CEC) 🔻	🗌 Mome	ntary
	I/O Type		Analog Input	Digital Input	Digital Output	)
	Pull-up Resiste	or	Enabled			
	Threshold VD	C Range	Low: 800	* *	High: 2200	*
	Read Curren	t Step: High	Voltage: 3078r	πV		

Figure 36: I/O ports settings tab – Configuring Remote Buttons

5. Click SAVE.

A control actions remote button can now be remotely operated.

## Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF

Configure CEC commands to send via DISPLAY ON button.

To add an action:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.
- 2. Select the **Display On** tab. The Display ON settings appears.

C	ontrol gateway > Display Or	n		
	🖣 Serial Ports	1010	>∃ Action Editor	O Display On
0	State ON Display On (via CEC) 👻	<sup>State OFF</sup> Display Off (via CEC)	- V Momentary	
	CANCEL	/E		

Figure 37: Action Editor Tab

- 3. Define the State On and State Off commands.
- 4. Check **Momentary** for the button to send a command on the press of a button.
- 5. Click **SAVE**.

DISPLAY ON button is configured.

# **Viewing Device Status**

View the device status.

To view the device status:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Status**.
- 2. Select the **Devices** tab. The Devices Status appears.

Q	kramer	SWT3-31-HU	
>>		Status > Devices	
•4		Devices	
AV		DEVICE STATUS	
EDID		Overall	<ul> <li>Active</li> </ul>
**			
<b>#</b> #		CHARGING TIME	
۵		Host 1	00:00:00
♥           ●           ●			
0		INPUT SIGNAL STATUS	
		USB-C	<ul> <li>Off</li> </ul>
		HDMI	• On
		HDMI	• On
		OUTPUT STATUS	
		HDMI	• On

Figure 38: Device Status Page

3. View device status.

Device status can be viewed.

## **Setting Security Properties**

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Changing Security Status</u> on page <u>45</u>.
- Defining 802.1X Authentication on page 47.

## **Changing Security Status**

By default, security status is set to On.

### **Setting Security Status to Off**

To set security status to Off:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 39).
- 2. Select the Security tab. The Security settings appears.

Ø	kramer	SWT3-31-HU		
»		Security > Security		
•4		Security	0 802.1X	
لية AV		SECURITY STATUS	on	
		Current Password		<u>Change</u>

Figure 39: Security – Security Tab

3. Set **SECURITY STATUS** to **Off**. The Security Status window appears.

Security Status Would you like to disa	Security Status Would you like to disable security?			
Enter password to disab	Enter password to disable the security.			
CANCEL	ок			

Figure 40: Security Status Message

- 4. Enter the current password.
- 5. Click **OK**.

Security status is set to Off.

## Setting Security Status to On

To set security status to on:

- 1. Go to the Security > Security (Figure 39).
- 2. Set SECURITY STATUS to On.

Security status is set to On.

## Changing Web Pages Access Password

## To change the password for accessing the embedded web pages:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the Security Tab. The Security settings appear (Figure 41).
- 3. Enter the Current Password and click **Change**. The new password settings appear.

SECURITY STATUS	On	
Current Password		<u>Change</u>
New Password		]
Confirm Password		
CANCEL		

Figure 41: Device Settings - Changing the Password

4. Enter the new password and confirmation password and click SAVE.

The password is changed.

## **Defining 802.1X Authentication**

802.1x security standard supports IT networking authentication based on LAN port and MAC address.

To configure security:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Security**. The Security settings tab in the Security page appears.
- 2. Select 802.1X tab. The 802.1X settings tab appears (see Figure 42).

🚫 kramer	SWT3-31-HU	
»	Security > 802.1X	
•t#	Security	0 802.1X
	IEEE 802.1 X AUTHENTICAT	ION 🕕 Off

Figure 42: 802.1X Tab

- 3. For 802.1x authentication, click **ON** to enable 802.1x authentication service. 802.1x supports authentication based on port and MAC address.
- 4. When set to ON check one standard authentication method to set its security attributes.
  - **PEAP-MSCHAP V2 (**Figure 43) Enter:
    - Username up to 24 alphanumeric characters, including "\_" and "-" characters within the username, and
    - · Password up to 24 ASCII characters

😡 kramer	SWT3-31-HU	
»	Security > 802.1X	
ΨĘ	Security	0 802.1X
AUTO		
AV	IEEE 802.1 X AUTHENTIC	CATION On
	Authentication Method	
<u>*</u> =	EAP-MSCHAP V2	
	Username	
9	Password	
	◯ EAP-TLS	

Figure 44: Security Tab - EAP-MSCHAP V2 Authentication

- **EAP-TLS** (Figure 45) To submit certificate from the server for authentication:
  - Enter Username,
  - Click 1 to upload the certificates and keys.



File format must be pem.

- Enter the private key password (assigned by IT administrator),
- Set Server Certificate On

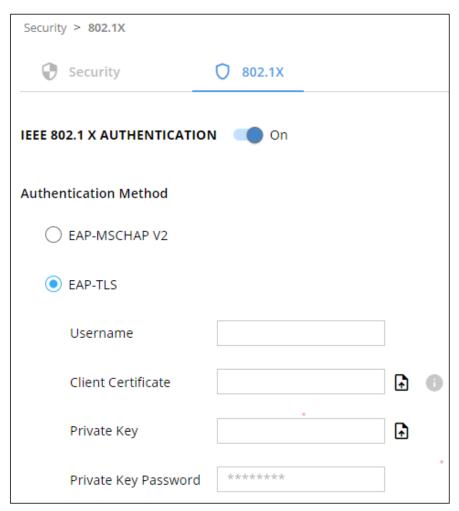


Figure 46: EAP-TLS – Certificates and Password

## 5. Click APPLY.

802.1x authentication security is configured.

## **Viewing the About Page**

View the firmware version and Kramer Electronics Ltd details in the About page.

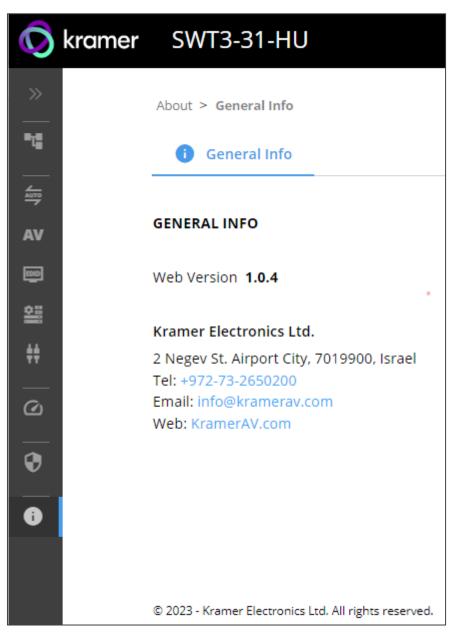


Figure 47: About Page

# **Upgrading Firmware**

Use the Kramer **K-UPLOAD** software to upgrade the firmware via ethernet or the RS-232 port, allowing RS-232 to control/program the device). The device continues to operate and once FW upload complete, you are asked to Restart no or later.

The latest version of **K-UPLOAD** and installation instructions can be downloaded from our website at: <a href="http://www.kramerav.com/support/product\_downloads.asp">www.kramerav.com/support/product\_downloads.asp</a>.

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

Note that in order to use the micro USB port, you need to install the Kramer USB driver, available at: <a href="http://www.kramerav.com/support/product\_downloads.asp">www.kramerav.com/support/product\_downloads.asp</a>.

# **Technical Specifications**

Inputs	2 HDMI	On HDMI female connectors
	1 DP Alt Mode & PD 3.0 USB-C	On a USB type–C female connector
Outputs	1 HDMI	On an HDMI connector
	1 HDMI Loop	On an HDMI connector
	1 Balanced Stereo Line Level	On a 5-pin terminal block connector
	1 IR	On a 3.5mm mini jack
Ports	1 USB 3.2 Host	On a USB–C female connector
	2 USB 3.2 Host	On USB–B female connectors
	4 USB 3.2 Device	On female USB-B connectors
	1 LAN PoE	On an RJ-45 female connector
	1 RS-232	On a 3-pin terminal block
	2 GPI/O	On 2-pin terminal block connectors
USB Features	USB 3.2 Data Rate	Up to 10Gbps
	Integrated USB Hubs	1
	Standards Compliance	USB 3.2 GEN 2, 2.0 and 1.1
Video	Max Data Rate	18Gbps bandwidth (6Gbps per graphic channel)
	Max Resolution	4K@60Hz (4:4:4) resolution
	Content Protection	HDCP 2.3
	HDMI Support	Deep Color, 3D, HDR as specified in HDMI 2.0b
Analog Audio Output	Impedance Balanced	500Ω
	THD + Noise: (Non-weighted)	-84dB (0.0065% )
	Crosstalk	<-85dB
	Max Output Signal Level	4.2Vrms
	Coupling	DC
	Impedance Balanced	500Ω
Power	Included Power Adapter	Source: 20V DC, 6A
	For HW Rev 02 and higher,	Consumption: 4.4A
	20V PSU (power supply unit) is included (replacing the 12V PSU).	Max. Power: 84W
	Optional Power Adapter	Source: 12V DC, 2A
		Consumption: 1.8A
		Max. Power: 22W
	LAN PoE	Consumption: 144mA
		Max. Power: 7.8W
	USB Charging	Max. Power: 60W
		i When powered with 20V power supply only
		Compliance: PD 3.0
	USB Device Charging	Max. Total Current: 2A
Controls	Front Panel	INPUT SELECT and DISPLAY ON buttons
Indication LEDs	Front Panel	1 NET LED
		1 STATUS LED
Environmental	Operating Temperature	0° to +40°C (32° to 104°F)
Conditions	Storage Temperature	-40° to +70°C (-40° to 158°F)

Regulatory	Safety	CE, UL, UKCA
Compliance	Environmental	RoHs, WEEE
Enclosure	Size	Mega Tool
	Туре	Aluminum
	Cooling	Convection Ventilation
General	Net Dimensions (W, D, H)	19cm x 11.6cm x 2.7cm (7.5" x 4.6" x 1.1")
	Shipping Dimensions (W, D, H)	34.5cm x 16.5cm x 5.2cm (13.6" x 6.5" x 2")
	Net Weight	0.56kg (1.24lbs)
	Shipping Weight	1.15kg (2.5lbs) approx.
Accessories	Included	20V DC 6A Power adapter and cord, USB-C multi-signal cable
Specifications are s	subject to change without notice at <u>www</u>	v.kramerav.com

# **Default Communication Parameters**

RS-232			
Baud Rate:		115,200	
Data Bits:		8	
Stop Bits:		1	
Parity:		None	
Command Format:		ASCII	
Example (Route video inp	ut 2 to the output):	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>	
Ethernet			
To reset the IP settings to confirm	the factory reset values go to: Menu->Setup ->	Factory Reset-> press Enter to	
Fallback IP Address:	192.168.1.39		
Fallback Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0		
Fallback gateway:	192.168.0.1		
Default username:	Admin		
Default password:	Admin		
Full Factory Reset			
РЗК	"#FACTORY" command.		
	After receiving "FACTORY OK" perform one of the following to restart the device and complete the procedure:		
	Power cycle		
	Send command "#RESET"		
Embedded webpages	Go to: Device>General and click FACTORY	RESET	

# Protocol 3000

Kramer devices can be operated using Kramer Protocol 3000 commands sent via serial or Ethernet ports.

# **Understanding Protocol 3000**

Protocol 3000 commands are a sequence of ASCII letters, structured according to the following.

## Command format:

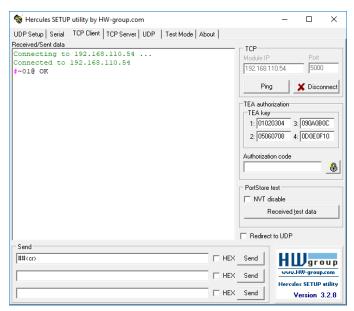
Prefix	Command Name	Constant (Space)	Parameter(s)	Suffix
#	Command	<b>.</b>	Parameter	<cr></cr>

## • Feedback format:

Prefix	Device ID	Constant	Command Name	Parameter(s)	Suffix
~	nn	Q	Command	Parameter	<cr><lf></lf></cr>

- **Command parameters** Multiple parameters must be separated by a comma (,). In addition, multiple parameters can be grouped as a single parameter using brackets ([ and ]).
- **Command chain separator character** Multiple commands can be chained in the same string. Each command is delimited by a pipe character (|).
- **Parameters attributes** Parameters may contain multiple attributes. Attributes are indicated with pointy brackets (<...>) and must be separated by a period (.).

The command framing varies according to how you interface with **SWT3-31-HU**. The following figure displays how the # command is framed using terminal communication software (such as Hercules):



# **Protocol 3000 Commands**

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
#	Protocol handshaking.	COMMAND		# <cr></cr>
-	-	# <cr></cr>	-	
	Validates the	FEEDBACK		
	Protocol 3000 connection and gets	~nn@_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>	·	
	the machine number.			
	Step-in master			
	products use this command to identify			
	the availability of a			
	device.			
AUD-LVL	Set volume level.	COMMAND	io_mode -	Set AUDIO OUT level
		<b>#AUD-LVL_</b> io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr></cr>	1 – Output	to -50.0dB:
		FEEDBACK	io_index - 1 vol level - Volume level -100db to	<b>#AUD-LVL_1</b> ,1,- 50.0 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	15dB:	30.000
			++ (increase current value by 1dB);	
			(decrease current value by 1dB)	
AUD-LVL?	Get volume level.	COMMAND	io_mode -	Get AUDIO OUT level:
		<b>#AUD-LVL?_</b> io_mode,io_index <cr></cr>	1 – Output	#AUD-LVL?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	io_index - 1	
		<pre>~nn@AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	vol_level – Volume level -100db to 15dB;	
AUD-LVL-	Get volume level min	COMMAND	io mode -	Get AUDIO OUT level
RANGE?	and max range.	#AUD-LVL-RANGE?_io mode, io index <cr></cr>	1 – Output	range:
	Ĭ	FEEDBACK	io_index - 1	#AUD-LVL-
		~nn@AUD-LVL-	min_val100db	RANGE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		RANGE_io mode, io index, min val, max val <cr><lf></lf></cr>	max_val - 15dB	
ALID_MUM	Set audio mute state		in out: Port Direction	Set Audio Mute of Analog
AUD-MUTE	for Audio ports	#AUD-MUTE_in_out, channel, mute_type, mute_state <cr></cr>	0 – In	Output one:
			1 – Out	#AUD-MUTE_1,1,1,1<
		FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-	Channel: audio channel ID	
		MUTE_in_out, channel, mute_type, mute_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	ChannelID for input 1	
			Front input 3.5 LEFT or output	
			Analog LEFT 2	
			Front input 3.5 RIGHT or output Analog RIGHT 3	
			Analog in 2 4	
			Analog in 3 RIGHT 5	
			Analog in 4 6	
			Analog in 5 7	
			USB LEFT 8	
			USB RIGHT 9	
			HDMI LEFT 10	
			HDMI RIGHT 11	
			ARC LEFT 12	
			ARC RIGHT 13	
			Generator Channel ID for Output: 1	
			output Analog LEFT 2	
			output Analog LEFT 3 USB output LEFT 4	
			USB Output RIGHT	
			mute_type: Audio Mute	
			0-INPUT MUTE	
			1 – INPUT post mute or output mute	
			mute state: Mute State	
			0-UNUTE	
			1-MUTE	
AUD-MUTE?	Get Audio Mute state	COMMAND	out_index -1	Get Audio Mute state of
	for Audio ports	<b>#AUD-MUTE_</b> in_out, channel, mute_type< <b>CR&gt;</b>	in out: Port Direction	Analog Output one
		FEEDBACK	$\overline{0}$ – In	#AUD-MUTE?_1,1,1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AUD-MUTE_in out channel, mute type <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1-Out	
			Channel: audio channel ID ChannelID for input 1	
			Front input 3.5 LEFT or output	
			Analog LEFT 2	
			Front input 3.5 RIGHT or output	
			Analog RIGHT 3	
			Analog in 2 4	
			Analog in 3 RIGHT 5	
			Analog in 4 6	
			Analog in 5 7	
			USB LEFT 8 USB RIGHT 9	
			HDMI LEFT 10	
			HDMI RIGHT 11	
			ARC LEFT 12	
			ARC RIGHT 13	
			Generator Channel ID for Output: 1	
			output Analog LEFT 2	
			output Analog LEFT 3	
			USB output LEFT 4	
			USB Output RIGHT	
			mute_type: Audio Mute	
			0 – INPUT MUTE 1 – INPUT post mute or output mute	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
AUD-MUTE- PERSIST	Set the auto audio	COMMAND	unmute_status -	Set mute mode to be
PERSIST	unmute status upon volume change.	#AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute_status <cr></cr>	0 – Mute state is not persistent and changes upon volume change	persistent and not change upon volume change:
		FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Mute state is persistent upon volume change	#AUD-MUTE- PERSIST_1 <cr></cr>
AUD-MUTE- PERSIST?	Get the auto audio unmute status.	COMMAND #AUD-MUTE-PERSIST?_ <cr></cr>	unmute_status - 0 - Mute state is not persistent and	Get auto unmute status upon volume change:
FERSISI:	unnute status.	FEEDBACK	changes upon volume change	#AUD-MUTE-
		~nn@AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Mute state is persistent upon	PERSIST?_ <cr></cr>
AUTH-802-1X-	Set authentication	COMMAND	volume change interface – Interface ID – 0	Set the authentication
ENABLE	802.1X feature for the	#AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr></cr>	enable_status -	802.1X feature on:
	specific interface.	FEEDBACK	0 – Off	#AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_0,1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AUTH-802-1X-	1 – On	ENABLE_0, ICC
		ENABLE_interface,enable_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?	Get authentication 802.1X feature for the	COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface <cr></cr>	interface - Interface ID - 0 enable status -	Get the authentication 802.1X feature status:
	specific interface.	FEEDBACK	0 – Off	#AUTH-802-1X-
		~nn@AUTH-802-1X-	1 – On	ENABLE?_0 <cr></cr>
		<pre>ENABLE_interface,enable_status<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>		
AV-SW-MODE	Set input auto switch mode (per output).	COMMAND	layer_type - Number that indicates	Set the input audio switch mode to Manual for HDMI
	mode (per output).	<pre>#AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode<cr></cr></pre>	the signal type: 1 – Video	OUT:
		FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer type,out index,connection mode <c< td=""><td>2 – Audio</td><td>#AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0<cr></cr></td></c<>	2 – Audio	#AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0 <cr></cr>
		R>LF>	out_index - 1	
			connection_mode - Connection mode	
			0 – manual	
			1 – priority switch	
AV-SW-MODE?	Get input auto switch	COMMAND	2- last connected switch layer type - Number that indicates	Get the input audio switch
	mode (per output).	#AV-SW-MODE?_layer_type,out_index <cr></cr>	the signal type:	mode for HDMI OUT:
		FEEDBACK	1 – Video 2 – Audio	#AV-SW-MODE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode <c< td=""><td>out index - 1</td><td></td></c<>	out index - 1	
		R> <lf></lf>	connection_mode - Connection	
			mode 0 – manual	
			1 – priority switch	
			2 - last connected switch	
AV-SW- TIMEOUT	Set auto switching timeout.	COMMAND	switching_mode - Switching mode	Set the auto switching timeout to 5 seconds in the
TIMEOUT	umeout.	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out <cr></cr>	0 – Video signal lost 1 – New video signal detected	event of 5V disable when no
		FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching mode, time out <cr><lf></lf></cr>	4 - Disable 5V on video output if no	input signal is detected:
			input signal detected	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT_4,5 <cr< td=""></cr<>
			<ul> <li>5 – Video cable unplugged</li> <li>7 – Video signal lost for signal routed</li> </ul>	
			as a result of a manual override	
			action time out - Timeout in seconds	
			0 - 60000	
AV-SW- TIMEOUT?	Set auto switching timeout.	COMMAND #AV-SW-TIMEOUT?, switching mode <cr></cr>	<pre>switching_mode - Switching mode 0 - Video signal lost</pre>	Get the auto switching timeout in the event of 5V
TIMEOUT	uncout.		1 – New video signal detected	disable when no input signal
		FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out <cr><lf></lf></cr>	4 - Disable 5V on video output if no	is detected:
			input signal detected 5 – Video cable unplugged	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_4 <cr></cr>
			7 – Video signal lost for signal routed	
			as a result of a manual override action	
			time out - Timeout in seconds	
	Orthur		0 - 60000	Outbase 14
BEACON-INFO?	Get beacon information, including	COMMAND #BEACON-INFO?_ <cr></cr>	<pre>port_id - ID of the Ethernet port ip string - Dot-separated</pre>	Get beacon information: #BEACON-INFO?_ <cr></cr>
	IP address, UDP	FEEDBACK	representation of the IP address	"BERGON INFO
	control port, TCP control port, MAC	~n@BEACON-	udp_port - UDP control port	
	address, model, name.	<pre>INFO_port_id, ip_string, udp_port, tcp_port, mac_address,</pre>	tcp_port - TCP control port mac_address - Dash-separated mac	
		<pre>model,name<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	address	
			model – Device model	
BUILD-DATE?	Get device build date.	COMMAND	date - Format: YYYY/MM/DD where	Get the device build date:
		#BUILD-DATE?_ <cr></cr>	YYYY = Year MM = Month	#BUILD-DATE? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	MM = Month DD = Day	
		~nn@BUILD-DATE_date,time <cr><lf></lf></cr>	time - Format: hh:mm:ss where	
			hh = hours mm = minutes	
			ss = seconds	
CEC-GW-PORT-	Set the CEC activation	COMMAND	direction_type - Direction of the	Activate CEC for the
ACTIVE	state.	<pre>#CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction type,port format,port index,state<cr< pre=""></cr<></pre>	port: out port format – Type of signal on the	HDBaseT port as a passthrough:
		>	port: hdbt	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_i
		FEEDBACK	port_index – The port number: 1	n,hdmi,1,0 <cr></cr>
			state – Global gateway activation	1
		~nn@CEC-GW-PORT-	state:	
		<pre>ACTIVE_direction_type,port_format,port_index,state<cr><lp>'</lp></cr></pre>	state: o 0 – as a passthrough o 1 – as a gateway	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE?	Get the CEC activation state.	COMMAND #CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE?_direction_type,port_format,port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction_type,port_format,port_index,state<cr &gt;<lf>'</lf></cr </cr>	<pre>direction_type - Direction of the port: out port_format - Type of signal on the port.hdbt port_index - The port number: 1 state - Global gateway activation state:</pre>	Get the Activate CEC status for the HDBaseT port as a passthrough: #CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_i n,hdmi,l <cr></cr>
CEC-MEMBERS?	Get list of CEC logical addresses.	COMMAND #CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr></cr>	<pre>o 1 - as a gateway Port_index - 1 la - 1 to 15</pre>	Set gateway members: #CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-	Set CEC notification	FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index, <la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></la2></la1>	cec ntf -	Enable CEC notification:
ACTIVE	activity (valid until the next power up).	#CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	0 – Inactive 1 – Active	#CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1 <cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?	Get CEC notification activity status.	COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	cec_ntf- 0-Inactive 1-Active	Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_ <cr></cr>
CEC-SND	Send CEC command to port.	COMMAND #CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error	Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004 <cr></cr>
COM-ROUTE?	Get tunneling port routing. (i) This command sets tunneling port routing. Every com port can send or receive data from the ETH port. Set command can edit an existing configuration.	COMMAND #COM-ROUTE?_com_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@COM-ROUTE_com_id,port_type,port_id,eth_rep_en,pin g_val<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels)         port_type - TCP/UDP         0 - TCP         1 - UDP         port_id - TCP/UDP port number         eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply         0 - COM port does not send replies to new clients         1 - COM port sends replies to new clients.         ping_val - Send an empty string to TCP client every 0 to 3600 seconds. 0 - 3600	Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels: #COM-ROUTE?_* <cr></cr>
COUNTER?	Get the sent or received CEC messages count.	COMMAND #COUNTER?_category_id,sub_category_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@COUNTER_category_id,sub_category_id,count<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	category_id - CEC messages: 0         Sub_category_id - Type of         message:         0 - Sent message         1 - Received message         count - Number range: 0-65535	Get the number of sent messages: #COUNTER?_0, 0 <cr></cr>
COUNTER-CLR	Clear CEC messages.	COMMAND #COUNTER-CLR?_category_id,sub_category_clr <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@COUNTER- CLR_category_id,sub_category_id,count<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	category_id - CEC messages: 0 Sub_category_clr - Type of message to clear: 0 - Clear sent messages 1 - Clear received messages * - Clear all CEC messages	Clear all CEC messages: #COUNTER-CLR?_0, * <cr></cr>
CPEDID	Copy EDID data from the output to the input EEPROM. (1) Destination bitmap size depends on device properties (for 64 inputs it is a 64-bit word). Example: bitmap 0x0013 means inputs 1,2 and 5 are loaded with the new EDID. In certain products Safe_mode is an optional parameter. See the HELP command for its availability.	<pre>COMMAND #CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap<cr> of #CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mode&lt; CR&gt; FEEDBACK ~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap<cr><lf> ~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mo de<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>edid_io - EDID source type (usually output) 0 - Input 1 - Output 2 - Default EDID 3 - Custom EDID src_id - Number of chosen source stage 0 - Default EDID source 1 - HDBaseT OUT or USB-C IN 2 - HDMI IN edid_io - EDID destination type 0 - Input dest_bitmap - Bitmap representing destination IDs. Format: XXXXX, where X is hex digit. The binary form of every hex digit represents corresponding destinations. 0 - indicates that EDID data is not copied to this destination. safe_mode - Safe mode (optional parameter) 0 - device accepts the EDID as is without trying to adjust (default value if no parameter is sent) 1 - device tries to adjust the EDID</pre>	Copy the EDID data from the HDBaseT Output to the HDMI Input: #CPEDID_1,1,0,0x1 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
CS-CONVERT	Set the "force RGB	COMMAND	out_index - The port number: 1	Enable force RGB color
	color space" convert mode.	<pre>#CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode<cr></cr></pre>	cs_mode – color space mode: ○ 0 – Color space pass (default)	space: #CS-CONVERT_1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	<ul> <li>0 – Color space pass (default)</li> <li>1 – Enable "force RGB color</li> </ul>	#CS-CONVERT_1, I COV
		<pre>~nn@CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode<cr><lf>'</lf></cr></pre>	space" convert mode	
CS-CONVERT?	Get the "force RGB color space" convert	COMMAND	out_index - The port number: 1	Get force RGB color space mode:
	mode.	#CS-CONVERT?_out_index <cr></cr>	cs_mode – color space mode: ○ 0 – Color space pass (default)	#CS-CONVERT?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@CS-CONVERT_out index,cs mode <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	<ul> <li>1 – Enable "force RGB color</li> </ul>	-
DEV-STATE?	Get the device state.		space" convert mode dev state – device state	Get device status:
220 01112.		#DEV-STATE?_ <cr></cr>	0-Active	#DEV-STATE?_ <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	1 – Power-on and no connected AV I/O ports (detecting cable	
		~nn@DEV-STATE_dev_state <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	connection faults)	
			2 – Power-on and standby (low	
			power; cables are either connected or not)	
DISPLAY?	Get output HPD	COMMAND	out_index - Number that indicates	Get the output HPD status
	status.	<pre>#DISPLAY?_out_index<cr></cr></pre>	the specific output: 1	of Output 1:
		FEEDBACK	status – HPD status according to	#DISPLAY?_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@DISPLAY_out_index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	signal validation	
			0 – Signal or sink is not valid 1 – Signal or sink is valid	
			2 – Sink and EDID is valid	
EDID-AUDIO	Set audio capabilities	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Set HDMI IN 2 audio
	for EDID.	<pre>#EDID-AUDIO_<direction_type>.<port_format>.<port_inde x="">.<signal_type>.<index>,audio_format<cr></cr></index></signal_type></port_inde></port_format></direction_type></pre>	signal ID: <direction type=""> - Direction of</direction>	capabilities for EDID (LPCM 6CH):
		<pre>x&gt;.<signal_type>.<index>,audio_format<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></index></signal_type></pre>	the port:	#EDID-AUDIO_in.hdmi.2
		<pre>rn@EDID-AUDIO_<direction type="">.<port format="">.<port i<="" pre=""></port></port></direction></pre>	○ IN – Input	.audio.1,2 <cr></cr>
		<pre>ndex&gt;.<signal_type>.<index>,audio_format<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type></pre>	• OUT – Output	
			<pre>• <port_format> - Type of signal</port_format></pre>	
			○ HDMI	
			ANALOG_AUDIO	
			<pre>o USB_C </pre> <pre>• <port index=""> - The port number</port></pre>	
			as printed on the front or rear	
			panel	
			<signal_type> – Signal ID attribute:</signal_type>	
			<ul> <li>AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			- Indicates a specific	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			type	
			audio_format - Audio block added to	
			EDID: 0 – Auto	
			1-LPCM 2CH	
			2-LPCM 6CH	
			3 – LPCM 8CH 4 – Bitstream	
			5– HD	
EDID-AUDIO?	Get audio capabilities	COMMAND	The following attributes comprise the	Get HDMI IN 2 audio
	for EDID.	<pre>#EDID-AUDIO?_<direction_type>.<port_format>.<port_ind ex&gt;.<signal_type>.<index><cr></cr></index></signal_type></port_ind </port_format></direction_type></pre>	signal ID: <direction type=""> - Direction of</direction>	capabilities for EDID: #EDID-AUDIO?_in.hdmi.
		FEEDBACK	the port:	2.audio.1,2 <cr></cr>
		~nn@EDID-AUDIO_audio format <cr><lf></lf></cr>	○ IN – Input	
			<ul> <li>OUT – Output</li> <li><b>ort format</b>&gt; – Type of signal</li> </ul>	
			on the port:	
			• HDMI	
			<pre>o USB_C </pre> <pre>• <pre>port index&gt; - The port number</pre></pre>	
			as printed on the front or rear	
			panel	
			<signal_type> – Signal ID attribute:</signal_type>	
			<ul> <li>AUDIO</li> </ul>	
			<index> – Indicates a specific</index>	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			type	
			audio_format - Audio block added to EDID:	
			0 – Auto	
			1-LPCM 2CH	
			2 – LPCM 6CH	
			3 – LPCM 8CH 4 – Bitstream	
			5– HD	
EDID-DC	Force removal of deep	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Remove deep color on
	color on EDID or	<pre>#EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state<cr></cr></pre>	specific input: 1 – Input 1	EDID for input 1.
	leaving it as in the			
	leaving it as in the original EDID.	FEEDBACK	2 - Input 2	#EDID-DC_1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 - Input 2 deep_color_state -	#EDID-DC_1,1 <cr></cr>
			2 – Input 2	#EDID-DC_1,1 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
EDID-DC?	Get deep color status on EDID.	COMMAND	in index – Number that indicates the	Get deep color state on
	on EDID.	#EDID-DC?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input: 1 – Input 1	EDID for input 2.
		<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	2 – Input 2	#EDID-DC?_2 <cr></cr>
		"International and the state of	deep_color_state - 0 - Don't change 1 - Remove deep color	
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port	COMMAND	port_type - TCP/UDP	Set the Ethernet port
	protocol.	<pre>#ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr></cr></pre>	$port_id - TCP/UDP$ port number (0 - 65535)	protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP, 12457 <c< td=""></c<>
	<ul> <li>If the port number you enter is already in</li> </ul>	FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id <cr><lf></lf></cr>		R>
	use, an error is returned.			
	The port number must be within the following			
ETH-PORT?	range: 0-(2^16-1). Get Ethernet port	COMMAND	port type - TCP/UDP	Get the Ethernet port
	protocol.	#ETH-PORT?_port_type <cr></cr>	port_id - TCP/UDP port number	protocol for UDP:
	(i) If the port number	FEEDBACK	(0 – 65535)	#ETH-PORT?_UDP <cr></cr>
	you enter is already in use, an error is	~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	returned.			
	The port number must be within the following			
ETH-TUNNEL?	range: 0-(2^16-1). Get an open tunnel	COMMAND	tunnel id - Tunnel ID number, * (get	Set baud rate to 9600, 8
EIII-IONNEL!	parameters.	#ETH-TUNNEL?_tunnel_id <cr></cr>	all open tunnels)	data bits, parity to none and
		FEEDBACK	cmd_name - UART number port type - TCP/UDP	stop bit to 1: #ETH-TUNNEL?_* <cr></cr>
		<pre>~nn@ETH-TUNNEL_tunnel_id,cmd_name,port_type,port_id,e th ip,remote port id,eth rep en,connection type<cr>L</cr></pre>	0-TCP	-
		F>	1-UDP port id-TCP/UDP port number	
			eth_ip - Client IP address	
			remote_port_id - Remote port number	
			eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply	
			0 – COM port does not send replies to new clients	
			1 – COM port sends replies to new	
			clients connection_type - Connection type	
			0 – not wired connection 1 – wired connection	
FACTORY	Reset device to factory	COMMAND	I – Wired connection	Reset the device to factory
	default configuration.	#FACTORY <cr></cr>		default configuration: #FACTORY <cr></cr>
	(i) This command			#FACIORI CR
	deletes all user data from the device. The	~nn@FACTORY_OK <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	deletion can take some time.			
	Your device may require powering off			
	and powering on for the changes to take			
	effect.			
FW-TYPE?	Get the current FW type status.	COMMAND #FW-TYPE? <cr></cr>	Fw_type - 0 - Application	Get the current FW type status:
	Used by Kramer	FEEDBACK	1 – Safe mode (kboot)	#FW-TYPE? <mark>_<cr></cr></mark>
	Network and KUpload	~nn@FEATURE-LIST_fw_type <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	to identify recovery process.			
GLOBAL-GW- ACTIVE	Set global gateway to active / inactive.		status – On/Off ON – Active	Set global gateway off:
ACTIVE		#GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	Off – Inactive	#AUDIO-BYPASS_OFF <cr></cr>
		~nn@GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
GLOBAL-GW-	Set global gateway to	COMMAND	status - On/Off	Get global gateway off:
ACTIVE?	active / inactive.	#GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE? <cr></cr>	ON – Active Off – Inactive	#AUDIO-BYPASS? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
GPIO-CFG	Set HW GPIO	COMMAND	gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set HW GPIO 1
	configuration.	<pre>#GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir,pullup<cr></cr></pre>	2)	configuration:
		FEEDBACK	gpio_type – Hardware GPIO type 0- analog	<b>#GPIO-CFG_1</b> ,1,1,1 <b><cr></cr></b>
		<pre>~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	1 – digital	
			<pre>gpio_dir - Hardware GPIO direction 0 - input</pre>	
			1 – output	
			pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up 0 – disable	
			1 – enable	
GPIO-CFG?	Get HW GPIO configuration.	COMMAND #GPIO-CFG?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	gpio_id – Hardware GPIO number (1- 2)	Get HW GPIO configuration: #GPIO-CFG?_1 <cr></cr>
	Ŭ	FEEDBACK	gpio_type - Hardware GPIO type	
		<pre>~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	0 – analog 1 – digital	
			gpio_dir - Hardware GPIO direction	
			0 – input 1 – output	
			pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up	
			0 – disable	
	1		1 – enable	l

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
GPIO-STATE	Set HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to High:
	(i) GPIO-STATE? can	<pre>#GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode<cr></cr></pre>	2) gpio mode – Hardware GPIO state	#GPIO-STATE_2,1 <cr></cr>
	only be set in digital out mode and the	FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio id,gpio mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0-Low	
	answer is 0=Low,	"Ingerio-Sikie_gpio_id,gpio_mode <ck<hr></ck<hr>	1 – High	
	1=High. In all other			
	modes an error message is sent.			
	The device uses this			
	command to notify the			
	user of any change regarding the step and			
	voltage in:			
	In digital mode the			
	answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
	In analog mode the answer is 0 to 100.			
GPIO-STATE?	Get HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 2 state:
	(i) GPIO-STATE? can	#GPIO-STATE?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2) gpio mode – Hardware GPIO state	#GPIO-STATE?_2 <cr></cr>
	only be set in digital		0-Low	
	out mode and the answer is 0=Low,	~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – High	
	1=High. In all other			
	modes an error message is sent.			
	The device uses this			
	command to notify the			
	user of any change regarding the step and			
	voltage in:			
	In digital mode the			
	answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
	In analog mode the answer is 0 to 100.			
GPIO-STEP	Set HW GPIO step.	COMMAND	gpio_id - HW GPIO number (1-2)	Set GPIO 2 (set to Analog
	(i) In digital mode the	<b>#GPIO-STEP_</b> gpio_id,step_id <b><cr></cr></b>	<pre>step_id - The configuration step - See note in description.</pre>	In) configuration step to 38mV:
	response is 2.	FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	currentstep - The actual step	<pre>#gpio-step_2,38<cr></cr></pre>
	In analog mode the	"Ingerio-Sier_gpio_id, step_id, current step cover	depending on the measured voltage	
	response is 1 to 100.			
	In other modes an			
GPIO-STEP?	error is returned. Get HW GPIO step.	COMMAND	gpio id – HW GPIO number (1-2)	Get GPIO 2configuration:
	(i) In digital mode the	#GPIO-STEP?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	<pre>step_id - The configuration step - See note in description.</pre>	#GPIO-STEP? 2 <cr></cr>
	response is 2.	FEEDBACK	currentstep – The actual step	
	In analog mode the	~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	depending on the measured voltage	
	response is 1 to 100.			
	In other modes an			
GPIO-THR	error is returned. Set HW GPIO voltage	COMMAND	gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to a low level of
	levels.	#GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level <cr></cr>	2)	800mV and a high level of
		FEEDBACK	low_level – Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts	2200mV: #GPIO-
		~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	high_level - Voltage 2000 to 30000	THR_2,800,2200 <cr></cr>
GPIO-THR?	Get HW GPIO voltage	COMMAND	millivolts gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 2:
	levels that were set.	#GPIO-THR?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2)	#GPIO-THR?_2 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	low_level – Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts	
		<pre>~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	high_level - Voltage 2000 to 30000	
GPIO-VOLT?	Get active voltage	COMMAND	millivolts gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 1 voltage:
	levels of HW GPIO.	GPIO-VOLT?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2) -	#GPIO-VOLT?_1 <cr></cr>
	(i) This command is	FEEDBACK	voltage – Voltage 0 to 30000 millivolts	
	not available in digital out mode.	~nn@GPIO-VOLT_gpio_id,voltage <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
HDCP-MOD	Set HDCP mode.	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Set the input HDCP-MODE
	(i) Get HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode<cr></cr></pre>	specific input: 1 – USB-C IN	of HDMI IN to off:
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK	2 – HDMI IN	#HDCP-MOD_2,0 <cr></cr>
	input:	~nn@HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	mode – HDCP mode:	
	HDCP supported –		0 – HDCP Off 1 – HDCP On	
	HDCP ON [default].		2 – Follow Input	
	HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.		3 – HDCP defined according to the	
			connected output	
	HDCP support changes following			
	detected sink -			
	MIRROR OUTPUT.	1		1

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
HDCP-MOD?	Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND	in_index – Number that indicates the	Get the input HDCP-MODE
	(i) Get HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-MOD?_in_index<cr></cr></pre>	specific input: 1 – USB-C IN	of HDMI IN :
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK	2 – HDMI IN	#HDCP-MOD?_2 <cr></cr>
	input:	~nn@HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	mode – HDCP mode:	
	HDCP supported -		0 – HDCP Off	
	HDCP ON [default].		1 – HDCP On 2 – Follow Input	
	HDCP not supported -		3 – HDCP defined according to the	
	HDCP OFF.		connected output	
	HDCP support			
	changes following			
	detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.			
HDCP-OUT	Set HDCP mode.	COMMAND	out_index - Number that indicates	Set the output HDCP mode
	(i) Get HDCP working	<pre>#HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode<cr></cr></pre>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT	of HDBaseT OUT to follow input:
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK	mode – HDCP mode:	#HDCP-OUT_1,0 <cr></cr>
	input:	~nn@HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Follow Input	- /
	HDCP supported -		<ol> <li>HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted,</li> </ol>	
	HDCP ON [default].		regardless of input HDCP)	
	HDCP not supported -		5 1	
	HDCP OFF.			
	HDCP support			
	changes following			
	detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.			
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND	out_index - Number that indicates	Get the output
	(i) Get HDCP working	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr></cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK	mode – HDCP mode:	#HDCP-OUT?_1 <cr></cr>
	input:	~nn@HDCP-OUT_out_index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 – Follow Input	-
	HDCP supported -		1 – HDCP always ON (i.e. output	
	HDCP ON [default].		signal is always HDCP-encrypted, regardless of input HDCP)	
	HDCP not supported -		5 1	
	HDCP OFF.			
	HDCP support			
	changes following			
	detected sink - MIRROR OUTPUT.			
HDCP-STAT?	Get HDCP signal	COMMAND	io_mode - Input/Output	Get the HDCP status of the
	status of a connected device.	<pre>#HDCP-STAT?_io_mode,in_index<cr></cr></pre>	0 – Input	source device connected to USB-C IN:
		FEEDBACK	1 – Output io index – Number that indicates the	#HDCP-STAT?_0,1 <cr></cr>
	io_mode =1 – get the HDCP signal	<pre>~nn@HDCP-STAT_io_mode,in_index,status</pre>	specific number of inputs or outputs	
	status of the sink		(based on io_mode): 1 – HDBaseT OUT or USB-C IN	
	device connected to		2 – HDMI IN	
	the specified output.		status - Signal encryption status -	
	io_mode =0 – get the HDCP signal status of		valid values On/Off: 0 – HDCP Off	
	the source device		1 – HDCP On	
	connected to the			
HELP	specified input. Get command list or	COMMAND	cmd_name - Name of a specific	Get the command list:
	help for specific	#HELP <cr></cr>	command	#HELP <cr></cr>
	command.	#HELP_cmd_name <cr></cr>		
		FEEDBACK		To get help for AV-SW-TIMEOUT:
		1. Multi-line:		HELP_av-sw-timeout <c< td=""></c<>
		<pre>~nn@Device_cmd_name,_cmd_name<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>		R>
		To get help for command use: HELP (COMMAND_NAME) <cr><lf> ~nn@HELP_cmd_name:<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>		
		description <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		USAGE: usage <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
IDV	Set visual indication	COMMAND		#IDV <cr></cr>
אחד	from device.	#IDV <cr></cr>		#IDVCCK>
	-	FEEDBACK		
	<ul> <li>Using this command, some</li> </ul>	~nn@IDV_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	devices can light a			
	sequence of buttons or LEDs to allow			
	identification of a			
	specific device from			
-	similar devices.			l

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
IR-SND	Send IR stop command to port.	<pre>Syntax COMMAND #IR-SND_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,repeat_amount,total_p ackages,package_id,<pronto_command><cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@IR-SND_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,ir_status<cr><lf> COMMAND #IR-STOP_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pronto_command></pre>	<pre>ir_index - Number that indicates the specific ir port: 1-N (N= the total number of inputs) * - broadcasts to all ports sn_id - Serial number of command for flow control and response commands from device cmd_name - Command name (length limit 15 chars) repeat_amount - Of times the IR command is transmitted (limited to 50; repeats &gt; 50 are truncated to 50), default = 1 total_packages - Number of messages the original command was divided into, default = 1 package_id - Chunk serial number (only valid when Total_packages &gt; 1) pronto_command - Pronto format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) ir_status - IR Status 0 - Sent (no error) 1 - Stop 2 - Done 3 - Busy 4 - Wrong Parameter 5 - Nothing to Stop 6 - Start 7 - Timeout 8 - Error ir_index - Number that indicates the specific ir port:</pre>	Send IR stop command to IR Port 2:
		FEEDBACK ~nn@IR-STOP_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,ir_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1-N (N= the total number of inputs) * - broadcasts to all ports sn_id - Serial number of command for flow control and response commands from device cmd_name - String: IR command name limited to 15 chars. Controlling device must send the correct name (white space or commas forbidden) ir_status - IR Status 0- Sent (no error) 1 - Stop 2 - Done 3 - Busy 4 - Wrong Parameter 5 - Nothing to Stop 6 - Stat 7 - Timeout 8 - Error	#IR- STOP_2,1,power <cr></cr>
LABEL	Set input/output label	<pre>COMMAND #LABEL_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LABEL_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	<pre>io_ mode - Number that indicates the specific input:     0 - Input     1 - Output     io_index - Number that indicates the specific input:     For inputs -     1 - USB-C IN 1     2 - HDMI IN 2     3 - HDMI IN 3     For output     1 - HDMI output     switch - 0     label_txt - Custom label string     between 1 and 32 (at least one     character and not bigger than 32).</pre>	Set the HDMI input label on: #LABEL_0,2,0,hdmi <cr></cr>
LABEL?	Get input/output label	<pre>COMMAND #LABEL?_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LABEL_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	io_mode - Number that indicates the specific input: 0 - Input 1 - Output io_index - Number that indicates the specific input: For inputs - 1 - USB-C IN 1 2 - HDMI IN 2 3 - HDMI IN 3 For output 1 - HDMI output switch - 0 label_txt - Custom label string between 1 and 32 (at least one character and not bigger than 32). label string	Get the HDMI input label: #LABEL?_0,2,0,hdmi <cr< td=""></cr<>
LOCK-EDID	Lock last read EDID.	COMMAND #LOCK-EDID_in_index,lock_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOCK-EDID_in_index,lock_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	in_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - USB-C IN 2 - HDMI IN lock_mode - On/Off 0 - Off unlocks EDID 1 - On locks EDID	Lock the last read EDID from input 2: #LOCK-EDID_2,1 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
LOCK-EDID?	Get EDID Lock status.	COMMAND	<pre>in_index - Number that indicates the specific input:</pre>	Get input 2 Lock EDID status:
		#LOCK-EDID?_in_index <cr></cr>	1 – USB-C IN	#LOCK-EDID?_2 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@LOCK-EDID_in index,lock mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – HDMI IN	-
			lock_mode - On/Off 0- Off unlocks EDID 1- On locks EDID	
LOG-TAIL?	Get the list of the N	COMMAND	last_event - the number of last	Get the protocol permission
	last events.	<pre>#LOG-TAIL?_last_event<cr></cr></pre>	events to view <n 1,2,3="" ==""></n>	level to Admin: #LOG-TAIL?_8 <cr></cr>
		<pre>FEEDBACK ~nn@LOG-TAIL_last event,ok,<list><cr><lf></lf></cr></list></pre>		#LOG-IAIL ?
LOGIN	Set protocol	COMMAND	login level - Level of permissions	Set the protocol permission
	permission.	<pre>#LOGIN_login_level,password<cr></cr></pre>	required (User or Admin)	level to Admin (when the password defined in the
	The permission	FEEDBACK	password – Predefined password (by PASS command). Default password is	PASS command is 33333):
	system works only if	~nn@LOGIN_login_level,password_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>	an empty string	#LOGIN_admin,33333 <ce< td=""></ce<>
	security is enabled with the "SECUR"	or ~nn@LOGIN_err_004 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		>
	command.	(if bad password entered)		
	LOGIN allows the user			
	to run commands with an End User or			
	Administrator			
	permission level. When the permission			
	system is enabled,			
	LOGIN enables running commands			
	with the User or			
	Administrator permission level			
	When set, login must			
	be performed upon each connection			
	It is not mandatory to			
	enable the permission			
	system in order to use the device			
	In each device, some			
	connections allow			
	logging in to different			
	levels. Some do not work with security at			
	all.			
	Connection may logout after timeout.			
LOGIN?	Get protocol	COMMAND	login_level – Level of permissions	Get the protocol permission
	permission state.	<pre>#LOGIN_login_level <cr></cr></pre>	required (User or Admin) password – Predefined password (by	level to Admin: #LOGIN?_admin <cr></cr>
	The permission system works only if	FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGIN_login level,password_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>	PASS command). Default password is an empty string	
	security is enabled	or	or NO SECURE if authentication is	
	with the "SECUR" command.	~nn@LOGIN_err_004 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	removed.	
		(if bad password entered)		
	LOGIN allows the user to run commands with			
	an End User or Administrator			
	permission level.			
	When the permission			
	system is enabled, LOGIN enables			
	running commands with the User or			
	Administrator			
	permission level			
	When set, login must be performed upon			
	each connection			
	It is not mandatory to			
	enable the permission system in order to use			
	the device			
	1			
	In each device, some			1
	connections allow			
	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not			
	connections allow logging in to different			
	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all.			
	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout.			
LOGOUT	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout. Cancel current			#LOGOUT <cr></cr>
LOGOUT	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout. Cancel current permission level.	#LOGOUT <cr></cr>		#LOGOUT <cr></cr>
LOGOUT	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout. Cancel current permission level. () Logs out from End			#LOGOUT <cr></cr>
LOGOUT	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout. Cancel current permission level. () Logs out from End User or Administrator permission levels to	#LOGOUT <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>		#LOGOUT <cr></cr>
LOGOUT MODEL?	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout. Cancel current permission level. (j) Logs out from End User or Administrator	#LOGOUT <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	model_name - String of up to 19	#LOGOUT <cr> Get the device model:</cr>
	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout. Cancel current permission level. (1) Logs out from End User or Administrator permission levels to Not Secure.	<pre>#LOGOUT<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGOUT_ok<cr><lf> COMMAND #MODEL?_<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	mode1_name - String of up to 19 printable ASCII chars	
	connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout. Cancel current permission level. (1) Logs out from End User or Administrator permission levels to Not Secure.	#LOGOUT <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGOUT_0k<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr>		Get the device model:

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NAME	Set machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine_name - String of up to 15	Set the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME_machine_name <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include	device to room-442:
	(i) The machine name	FEEDBACK	hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	#NAME_room-442 <cr></cr>
	is not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The			
	machine name is used			
	to identify a specific machine or a network			
	in use (with DNS			
	feature on).			
NAME?	Get machine (DNS)	COMMAND	machine_name - String of up to 15	Get the DNS name of the
	name.	#NAME?_ <cr></cr>	alpha-numeric chars (can include hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	device: #NAME?_ <cr></cr>
	<ol> <li>The machine name</li> </ol>	FEEDBACK	nyphon, not at the beginning of ondy	
	is not the same as the	~nn@NAME_machine_name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	model name. The machine name is used			
	to identify a specific			
	machine or a network			
	in use (with DNS feature on).			
NAME-RST	Reset machine (DNS)	COMMAND		Reset the machine name
NAME-KSI	name to factory	#NAME-RST <cr></cr>		(S/N last digits are 0102):
	default.	FEEDBACK		#NAME-
	(Factory default of	~nn@NAME-RST_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		RST_kramer_0102 <cr></cr>
	machine (DNS) name	-		
	is "KRAMER_" + 4 last			
	digits of device serial			
NET-CONFIG	number. Set a network	COMMAND	netw id-0	Set the device network
COMEIG	configuration.	<b>#NET-CONFIG_</b> netw id, net ip, net mask, gateway, [dns1], [d	net ip – Network IP	parameters to IP address
	<b>•</b> -	ns2] <cr></cr>	net_mask - Network mask	192.168.113.10, net mask
	Parameters	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	255.255.0.0, and gateway
	[DNS1] and [DNS2] are optional.	~nn@NET-CONFIG_netw id, net ip, net mask, gateway <cr><lf< td=""><td></td><td>192.168.0.1: #NET-CONFIG_0,192.1</td></lf<></cr>		192.168.0.1: #NET-CONFIG_0,192.1
		>		.113.10,255.255.0.0
	For Backward			92.168.0.1 <b><cr></cr></b>
	compatibility, the id			
	parameter can be			
	omitted. In this case,			
	the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is			
	the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	(i) If the gateway			
	address is not			
	compliant to the			
	subnet mask used for			
	the host IP, the			
	command will return an error. Subnet and			
	gateway compliancy			
	specified by RFC950.			
NET-CONFIG?	Get a network configuration.	COMMAND	netw_id-0 net ip-Network IP	Get the device network parameters:
	configuration.	<pre>#NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway,[dns1],[d ns2]<cr></cr></pre>	net mask – Network mask	#NET-CONFIG?_0 <cr></cr>
	Parameters	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	
	[DNS1] and	<pre>rn@NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway<cr><lf< pre=""></lf<></cr></pre>		
	[DNS2] are optional.	>		
	For Backward			
	compatibility, the id			
	parameter can be			
	omitted. In this case,			
	the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is			
	the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	If the gateway address is not			
	compliant to the			
	subnet mask used for			
	the host IP, the			
	command will return an error. Subnet and			
	gateway compliancy			
	specified by RFC950.			
NET-DHCP?	Get DHCP mode.	COMMAND	netw_id - Network ID-the device	Get DHCP mode for port 1
	(i) For Backward	<pre>#NET-DHCP?_netw_id<cr></cr></pre>	network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based,	#NET-DHCP?_1 <cr></cr>
	compatibility, the id	FEEDBACK	meaning the control port is '0',	
	parameter can be	~nn@NET-DHCP_netw_id,dhcp_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	additional ports are 1,2,3	
	omitted. In this case,		dhcp_state -	
	the Network ID, by		0 - Do not use DHCP. Use the IP set	
	default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control		by the factory or using the <b>net</b> - ip or <b>net-config</b> command.	
	port.		1 – Try to use DHCP. If unavailable,	
	1.1	1		
			use the IP set by the factory or	
			use the IP set by the factory or using the net-ip or net-	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NET-GATE	Set gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the gateway IP address
	A network gateway	<pre>#NET-GATE_ip_address<cr></cr></pre>		to 192.168.0.1: #NET-
	connects the device	FEEDBACK		<b>GATE</b> 192.168.000.001<
	via another network	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		CR>
	and maybe over the Internet. Be careful of			
	security issues. For			
	proper settings consult			
	your network			
NET-GATE?	administrator. Get gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the gateway IP address:
NEI-GAIL:	<ol> <li>A network gateway</li> </ol>	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>		#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>
	connects the device	FEEDBACK		
	via another network and maybe over the	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Internet. Be aware of			
	security problems.		-	
NET-IP	Set IP address.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the IP address to 192.168.1.39:
	<ol> <li>For proper settings</li> </ol>	<pre>#NET-IP_ip_address<cr></cr></pre>		#NET-
	consult your network	FEEDBACK		IP_192.168.001.039 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	administrator.	~nn@NET-IP_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		>
NET-IP?	Get IP address.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the IP address:
		#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>		#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
		~nn@NET-IP_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address.	COMMAND	id - Network ID-the device network	#NET-MAC?_id <cr></cr>
		#NET-MAC?_id <cr></cr>	interface (if there are more than one).	
	(i) For backward	FEEDBACK	Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0', additional ports are	
	compatibility, the id parameter can be	~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1,2,3	
	omitted. In this case,		mac address - Unique MAC address.	
	the Network ID, by		Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X	
	default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control		is hex digit	
	port.			
NET-MASK	Set subnet mask.	COMMAND	net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the subnet mask to
	(i) For proper settings	<pre>#NET-MASK_net mask<cr></cr></pre>		255.255.0.0:
	consult your network	FEEDBACK		<b>#NET-</b> MASK_255.255.000.000<
	administrator.	~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask <cr><lf></lf></cr>		CR>
NET-MASK?	Get subnet mask.	COMMAND	net mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the subnet mask:
NET-MASK?	Oct Sublict Mask.	#NET-MASK?_ <cr></cr>		#NET-MASK? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
		~nn@NET-MASK_net mask <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
53.00	Set password for login	COMMAND	login level - Level of login to set	Set the password for the
PASS	level.	#PASS_login level,password <cr></cr>	(End User or Administrator).	Admin protocol permission
		FEEDBACK	password - Password for the	level to 33333:
	The default password is an empty	<pre>~nn@PASS_login level,password<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII	<pre>#PASS_admin,33333&lt;</pre>
	string.		chars	
	-			
PASS?	Get password for login level.	COMMAND #PASS_login level <cr></cr>	login_level – Level of login to set (End User or Administrator).	Get the password for the Admin protocol permission:
	The default		password – Password for the	#PASS?_admin <cr></cr>
	password is an empty		login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII	
	string.	~nn@PASS_login_level,password <cr><lf></lf></cr>	chars	<b>2</b>
PORTS-LIST?	Get the port list of this machine.	COMMAND #PORTS-LIST? <cr></cr>	The following attributes comprise the port ID:	Get the ports list:
			<pre>&gt; - Direction of</pre>	#PORTS-LIST?_ <cr></cr>
	The response is	FEEDBACK ~nn@PORTS-LIST, <direction type="">.<port format="">.</port></direction>	the port:	
	returned in one line and terminated	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	∘ IN	
	with <cr><lf>.</lf></cr>		• OUT	
	-		<pre>• <port_format> - Type of signal</port_format></pre>	
	The response format lists port IDs		o HDMI	
	separated by commas.		o USB C	
	. ,		<pre><port_index> - The port number</port_index></pre>	
	This is an Extended Protocol 3000		as printed on the front or rear	
	command.		panel	
PRG-ACTION	Add new user	COMMAND	commandNum – Command number 0 to	Add a new user command:
	command.	<b>#PRG-ACTION_</b> commandNum,type,name,command <b><cr></cr></b>	4 type – External programmable button	#PRG-
	(i) Programs matrix	FEEDBACK	0 – CEC	ACTION_1,3,1,0 <cr></cr>
	action as a response	<pre>~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum,type,name,command<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	1 – UART	
	for external event (programmable button		2 – IR Bitmap representing	
	pressed).		name – Bitmap representing command – External programmable	
			button ID	
PRG-ACTION?	Add new user	COMMAND	commandNum - Command number	Add a new user command:
	command.	#PRG-ACTION? commandNum <cr></cr>	0 – Input	#PRG-
	(i) Programs matrix	FEEDBACK	1 – Output	ACTION? 0,3,1,0 <cr></cr>
	action as a response	~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum,type,name,command <cr><lf></lf></cr>	type – External programmable button	
	for external event		name – Bitmap representing	
	(programmable button pressed).		command – External programmable	
			button ID	1

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
Function PRG-BIN- ACTION	Description Set device's programable button, link to commands On &Off, and set command to momentary or not momentary.	Syntax COMMAND #PROG-BTN- MOD_btnNum,mode,actionOn,actionOff,btnBehavior <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PROG-BTN- MOD_btnNum,mode,actionOn,actionOff,btnBehavior<cr><lf &gt;</lf </cr></cr>	Parameters/Attributes         btnNum – Button number 0 to 4         1 and 2 are enabled when remote         button is (mode) On         1 - IO 1 button         2 - IO 2 button         3 - Display On button         mode - Remote button state         0 - Off         1 - On         action0n -         100 - None         101 - Switch Input         102 - Display On (via CEC)         103 - Display Off (via CEC)         104 - Mute         105 - Unmute         106 - Volume ++         107 - Volume         0 - Command_01         1 - Command_02         2 - Command_03         3 - Command_04         4 - Custom 5         actionOff - Button_mode         100 - None         101 - Switch Input         102 - Display Off (via CEC)         103 - Display Off (via CEC)         103 - Display Off (via CEC)         104 - Mute         105 - Unmute         106 - Volume ++         107 - Volume         0 - Command_01         1 - Command_02         2 - Command_03         3 - Command_02         2 - Command_03	Example Set the DISPLAY ON button to mute/unmute with the press of a button: #PRG-BTN- MOD_3,1,104,105,0 <cr></cr>
PROG-BTN- MOD?	Get device's programable button, link to commands On &Off, and set	COMMAND #PROG-BTN-MOD? <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled btnNum - Button number 0 to 4 1 and 2 are enabled when remote button is (mode) On	Get the mode of button 3: #PROG-BTN-MOD?_3 <cr></cr>
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	~nn@PROG-BTN-MOD_button_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1-IO 1 button 2-IO 2 button 3-Display On button mode - Remote button state 0-Off 1-On actionOn - 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display Off (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled 1 aver type - Layer Enumeration	Set the priority to first HDMI
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	<pre>COMMAND #PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 <ccr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priorit y_3<ccr><lf></lf></ccr></ccr></pre>	layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 - USB-C 1 2 - HDMI 2 3 - HDMI 3	Set the priority to first HDMI 2, USB-C1 second and HDMI 3 third: #PRIORITY_1,2,1,3 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PRIORITY?	Set input priority.	COMMAND	layer_type - Layer Enumeration	Get the input priority:
		<pre>#PRIORITY?_layer_type<cr></cr></pre>	1 – Video	#PRIORITY?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	priority – Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 – USB-C 1	
		<pre>~nn@PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priorit</pre>	2 – HDMI 2	
		y_3 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	3– HDMI 2	
PROT-VER?	Get device protocol	COMMAND	version – XX.XX where X is a	Get the device protocol
,	version.	#PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>	decimal digit	version:
		FEEDBACK		#PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>
		~nn@PROT-VER_3000:version <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
RESET	Reset device.	COMMAND		Reset the device:
10001	-	#RESET <cr></cr>		#RESET <cr></cr>
	(i) To avoid locking	FEEDBACK		
	the port due to a USB bug in Windows,	~nn@RESET_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	disconnect USB			
	connections			
	immediately after running this command.			
	If the port was locked,			
	disconnect, and			
	reconnect the cable to			
DOLIMIN	reopen the port. Set layer routing.	COMMAND	layer type Layer Enumeration	Route video input 2 to the
ROUTE	Set layer routing.	<b>#ROUTE</b> layer type,out index,in index <cr></cr>	1- Video	output:
	<li>This command</li>		5-USB	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>
	replaces all other	FEEDBACK ~nn@ROUTE_layer type,out index,in index <cr><lf></lf></cr>	out index	
	routing commands.	~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Output	
			in_index -	
			Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1 2 – HDMI IN 2	
			3 – HDMI IN 3	
ROUTE?	Get layer routing state.	COMMAND	layer type Layer Enumeration	Get video routing output:
		<pre>#ROUTE?_layer_type,out_index<cr></cr></pre>	1 – Video	#ROUTE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
	This command	FEEDBACK	5–USB	
	replaces all other routing commands.	<pre>~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	out_index	
			1 – Output	
			in_index - Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1	
			2 – HDMI IN 2	
			3 – HDMI IN 3	
SECUR	Start/stop security.	COMMAND	security_state - Security state	Enable the permission
	(i) The permission system works only if	#SECUR_security_state <cr></cr>	0 – OFF (disables security) 1 – ON (enables security)	system: #SECUR_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK		
	security is enabled	~nn@SECUR_security_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	with the "SECUR" command.			
SECUR?	Get security state.	COMMAND	security state - Security state	Enable the permission
SECOR:		#SECUR?_security state <cr></cr>	0 – OFF (disables security) 1 – ON (enables security)	system: #SECUR?_ <cr></cr>
	The permission	FEEDBACK		
	system works only if security is enabled	~nn@SECUR_security state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	with the "SECUR"			
	command.			
SIGNAL?	Get input signal status.	COMMAND	in_index – Number that indicates the	Get the input signal lock
		#SIGNAL?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input:	status of IN 1:
		FEEDBACK	1 – USB-C IN 1	#SIGNAL?_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@SIGNAL_in_index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – HDMI IN 2 3 – HDMI IN 3	
			status – Signal status according to	
			signal validation: 0 – Off	
			0 – Off	
			0 – Off 1 – On	
SN?	Get device serial	COMMAND	0 – Off 1 – On serial_num – 14 decimal digits,	Get the device serial
SN?	Get device serial number.	#SN?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Off 1 – On	number:
SN?		#sn?_ <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	0 – Off 1 – On serial_num – 14 decimal digits,	
SN?		<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0 – Off 1 – On serial_num – 14 decimal digits,	number:
	number. Set device time and	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></pre>	0 - Off 1 - On serial_num - 14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to</cr>
	number.	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT}	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at</cr>
	number. Set device time and	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY.	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm:</cr>
SN? TIME	number. Set device time and date.	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-</cr>
	Number. Set device time and date. (1) The year must be 4 digits.	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY.	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm:</cr>
	Number. Set device time and date. (1) The year must be 4 digits. The device does not	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week-One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-</cr>
	Number. Set device time and date. (1) The year must be 4 digits.	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours mm = minutes	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-</cr>
	Number. Set device time and date. (1) The year must be 4 digits. The device does not validate the day of week from the date.	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours mm = minutes	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-</cr>
	Number. Set device time and date. (1) The year must be 4 digits. The device does not validate the day of week from the date. Time format - 24	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours mm = minutes	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-</cr>
	Number. Set device time and date. (1) The year must be 4 digits. The device does not validate the day of week from the date.	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours mm = minutes	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-</cr>
	Number. Set device time and date. (1) The year must be 4 digits. The device does not validate the day of week from the date. Time format - 24	<pre>#SN?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@SN_serial_num<cr><lf> COMMAND #TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></pre>	0-Off 1-On serial_num-14 decimal digits, factory assigned day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY. data - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours mm = minutes	number: #SN?_ <cr> Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at 2:30pm: #TIME_mon_05-12-</cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
TIME?	Get device time and date.	COMMAND	day_of_week - One of {SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT}	Get device time and date: #TIME? <cr></cr>
	_	<pre>#TIME?_<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	date – Format: YYYY/MM/DD where	#TIME / CR>
	The year must be 4 digits.	<pre>~nn@TIME_day of week,date,data<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	YYYY = Year MM = Month	
	The device does not		DD = Day	
	validate the day of		<pre>data - Format: hh:mm:ss where     hh = hours</pre>	
	week from the date.		mm = minutes	
	Time format - 24		ss = seconds	
	hours.			
	Date format - Day, Month, Year.			
TIME-LOC	Set local time offset	COMMAND	utc_off - Offset of device time from	Set local time offset to 3
	from UTC/GMT.	<pre>#TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state<cr></cr></pre>	UTC/GMT (without daylight time correction)	with no daylight-saving time: #TIME-LOC.3,0 <cr></cr>
	<ul> <li>If the time server is configured, device</li> </ul>	FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-LOC_utc off,dst state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dst_state - Daylight saving time	·····
	time calculates by		state 0 – no daylight saving time	
	adding UTC_off to UTC time (that it got		1 – daylight saving time	
	from the time server) +			
	1 hour if daylight savings time is in			
	effect.			
	TIME command sets			
	the device time without considering these			
	settings.	COMMAND	0 Official of classical time from	October of the set from
TIME-LOC?	Get local time offset from UTC/GMT.	TIME-LOC?	utc_off – Offset of device time from UTC/GMT (without daylight time	Get local time offset from UTC/GMT:
	(i) If the time server is	FEEDBACK	correction) dst_state - Daylight saving time	#TIME-LOC? <cr></cr>
	configured, device	~nn@TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	state - Daylight saving time	
	time calculates by adding UTC off to		0 – no daylight saving time 1 – daylight saving time	
	UTC time (that it got		r – dayignt saving time	
	from the time server) + 1 hour if daylight			
	savings time is in effect.			
	TIME command sets the device time without			
	considering these			
TIME-SRV	settings. Set time server.	COMMAND	mode – On/Off	Set time server with IP
	(i) This command is	<pre>#TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour<cr></cr></pre>	0 – Off 1 – On	address of 128.138.140.44 to ON:
	needed for setting	FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time server ip,sync hour,server sta	time server ip - Time server IP	#TIME-
	UDP timeout for the current client list.	tus <cr><lf></lf></cr>	address	SRV_1,128.138.140.44, 0,1 <cr></cr>
			<pre>sync_hour - Hour in day for time server sync</pre>	
	Get time server.	COMMAND	server_status - On/Off mode - On/Off	Get time server:
TIME-SRV?		#TIME-SRV?_ <cr></cr>	0 - Off	#TIME-SRV? <cr></cr>
	<ul> <li>This command is needed for setting</li> </ul>	FEEDBACK	1 – On	
	UDP timeout for the	<pre>~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour,server_sta</pre>	time_server_ip - Time server IP address	
	current client list.	tus <cr><lf></lf></cr>	sync_hour – Hour in day for time	
			server_status - On/Off	
UART	Set com port configuration.	COMMAND	com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and
	-	<pre>#UART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_mod e,serial_type,485_term<cr></cr></pre>	data bits - 5-8	stop bit to 1:
	<ul> <li>In the FC-2x the serial port is selectable</li> </ul>	FEEDBACK	parity - Parity Type	#UART_9600,8,node,1 <c< td=""></c<>
	to RS-232 or RS-485	<pre>~nn@UART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_ mode,serial type,485 term<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	0 – No 1 – Odd	R⁄
	(usually serial port 1).	mode, seriar_cype, 405_cerm(CK×CLE>	2-Even	
	If Serial is configured when RS-485 is		3 – Mark 4 – Space	
	selected, the RS-485		4- Space stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2	
	UART port automatically changes.		serial_type - 232/485 0-232	
	The command is		0-232 1-485	
	backward compatible,		485_term - 485 termination state	
	meaning that if the extra parameters do		0 – disable 1 – enable	
	not exist, FW goes to.		(optional - this exists only when	
	RS-232.		serial_type is 485)	
	Stop bits 1.5 is only			
	relevant for 5			
	data_bits.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
UART?	Get com port configuration. The commad is backward compatible,	COMMAND #URRT?_com_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@URRT_com id,baud rate,data bits,parity,stop bits</cr>	<pre>com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200 data_bits - 5-8 parity - Parity Type</pre>	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #UART_1,9600,8,0,1 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to.	<pre>mode,serial_type,485_term<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	0 – No 1 – Odd 2 – Even 3 – Mark	>
	RS-232. Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5 data_bits.		4 - Space stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0 - 232 1 - 485 485_term - 485 termination state 0 - disable 1 - enable (optional - this exists only when serial_type is 485)	
USBC-ETH	Set USBC to Ethernet	COMMAND	state - On/Off	Set USBC to Ethernet
	connection.	#USBC-ETH_state <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBC-ETH_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	0 – Off 1 – On	connection state to ON: #USBC-ETH_1 <cr></cr>
USB-FV	Set USB autos- witching mode.	COMMAND #USB-FV_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USB-FV_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	mode – On/Off 0 – Off 1 – On	Set auto-switching mode to ON: #USB-FV_1 <cr></cr>
USB-FV?	Get USB auto- switching mode.	COMMAND #USB-FV?_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USB-FV_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	mode – On/Off 0 – Off 1 – On	Set auto-switching mode to ON: #USB-FV_1 <cr></cr>
USBA- DISCONNECT- MODE	Set USB device auto- disconnection mode	COMMAND #USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_USBDevice,mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBDevice - USB device number 1 - USB Device 1 2 - USB Device 2 3 - USB Device 3 4 - USB Device 3 <b>mode</b> - On/Off 0 - Off 1 - On	Set USB Device 1 polycom mode to ON: #USBA-DISCONNECT- MODE_1,1 <cr></cr>
USBA- DISCONNECT- MODE?	Get USB device auto- disconnection mode	COMMAND #USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE?_USBDevice <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBDevice - USB device number 1 - USB Device 1 2 - USB Device 2 3 - USB Device 3 4 - USB Device 4 mode - On/Off 0 - Off 1 - On	Get USB Device 1 polycom mode: #USBA-DISCONNECT- MODE?_1 <cr></cr>
VERSION?	Get firmware version number.	COMMAND #VERSION?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VERSION_firmware_version<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	firmware_version - XX.XX.XXXX where the digit groups are: major.minor.build version	Get the device firmware version number: #VERSION?_ <cr></cr>
VMUTE	Set enable/disable video on output. (i) Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	COMMAND #VMUTE_out_index,flag <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - 1 flag - Video Mute 0 - Video enabled 1 - Video disabled 2 - Blank picture	Disable the video output on output: #VMUTE_1,0 <cr></cr>
VMUTE?	Get video on output status. (i) Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	COMMAND #VMUTE?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - 1 flag - Video Mute 0 - Video enabled 1 - Video disabled 2 - Blank picture	Get video on output status: #VMUTE?_1 <cr></cr>

## **Result and Error Codes**

## **Syntax**

In case of an error, the device responds with an error message. The error message syntax:

- **~NN@ERR XXX<CR><LF>** when general error, no specific command
- ~NN@CMD ERR XXX<CR><LF> for specific command
- NN machine number of device, default = 01

• XXX – error code

## **Error Codes**

Error Name	Error Code	Description
P3K_NO_ERROR	0	No error
ERR_PROTOCOL_SYNTAX	1	Protocol syntax
ERR_COMMAND_NOT_AVAILABLE	2	Command not available
ERR_PARAMETER_OUT_OF_RANGE	3	Parameter out of range
ERR_UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS	4	Unauthorized access
ERR_INTERNAL_FW_ERROR	5	Internal FW error
ERR_BUSY	6	Protocol busy
ERR_WRONG_CRC	7	Wrong CRC
ERR_TIMEDOUT	8	Timeout
ERR_RESERVED	9	(Reserved)
ERR_FW_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	10	Not enough space for data (firmware, FPGA)
ERR_FS_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	11	Not enough space – file system
ERR_FS_FILE_NOT_EXISTS	12	File does not exist
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_CREATED	13	File can't be created
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_OPEN	14	File can't open
ERR_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED	15	Feature is not supported
ERR_RESERVED_2	16	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_3	17	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_4	18	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_5	19	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_6	20	(Reserved)
ERR_PACKET_CRC	21	Packet CRC error
ERR_PACKET_MISSED	22	Packet number isn't expected (missing packet)
ERR_PACKET_SIZE	23	Packet size is wrong
ERR_RESERVED_7	24	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_8	25	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_9	26	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_10	27	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_11	28	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_12	29	(Reserved)
ERR_EDID_CORRUPTED	30	EDID corrupted
ERR_NON_LISTED	31	Device specific errors
ERR_SAME_CRC	32	File has the same CRC – not changed
ERR_WRONG_MODE	33	Wrong operation mode
ERR_NOT_CONFIGURED	34	Device/chip was not initialized

The warranty obligations of Kramer Electronics Inc. ("Kramer Electronics") for this product are limited to the terms set forth below:

### What is Covered

This limited warranty covers defects in materials and workmanship in this product.

### What is Not Covered

This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from any alteration, modification, improper or unreasonable use or maintenance, misuse, abuse, accident, neglect, exposure to excess moisture, fire, improper packing and shipping (such claims must be presented to the carrier), lightning, power surges, or other acts of nature. This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from the installation or removal of this product from any installation, any unauthorized tampering with this product, any repairs attempted by anyone unauthorized by Kramer Electronics to make such repairs, or any other cause which does not relate directly to a defect in materials and/or workmanship of this product. This limited warranty does not cover cartons, equipment enclosures, cables or accessories used in conjunction with this product.

Without limiting any other exclusion herein, Kramer Electronics does not warrant that the product covered hereby, including, without limitation, the technology and/or integrated circuit(s) included in the product, will not become obsolete or that such items are or will remain compatible with any other product or technology with which the product may be used.

### How Long this Coverage Lasts

The standard limited warranty for Kramer products is seven (7) years from the date of original purchase, with the following exceptions:

- 1. All Kramer VIA hardware products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty for the VIA hardware and a standard three (3) year warranty for firmware and software updates; all Kramer VIA accessories, adapters, tags, and dongles are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty.
- Kramer fiber optic cables, adapter-size fiber optic extenders, pluggable optical modules, active cables, cable retractors, ring mounted adapters, portable power chargers, Kramer speakers, and Kramer touch panels are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty. Kramer 7-inch touch panels purchased on or after April 1st, 2020 are covered by a standard two (2) year warranty.
- 3. All Kramer Calibre products, all Kramer Minicom digital signage products, all HighSecLabs products, all streaming, and all wireless products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty.
- 4. All Sierra Video MultiViewers are covered by a standard five (5) year warranty.
- 5. Sierra switchers & control panels are covered by a standard seven (7) year warranty (excluding power supplies and fans that are covered for three (3) years).
- 6. K-Touch software is covered by a standard one (1) year warranty for software updates.
- 7. All Kramer passive cables are covered by a lifetime warranty.

### Who is Covered

Only the original purchaser of this product is covered under this limited warranty. This limited warranty is not transferable to subsequent purchasers or owners of this product.

### What Kramer Electronics Will Do

Kramer Electronics will, at its sole option, provide one of the following three remedies to whatever extent it shall deem necessary to satisfy a proper claim under this limited warranty:

- 1. Elect to repair or facilitate the repair of any defective parts within a reasonable period of time, free of any charge for the necessary parts and labor to complete the repair and restore this product to its proper operating condition. Kramer Electronics will also pay the shipping costs necessary to return this product once the repair is complete.
- Replace this product with a direct replacement or with a similar product deemed by Kramer Electronics to perform substantially the same function as the original product. If a direct or similar replacement product is supplied, the original product's end warranty date remains unchanged and is transferred to the replacement product.
- 3. Issue a refund of the original purchase price less depreciation to be determined based on the age of the product at the time remedy is sought under this limited warranty.

### What Kramer Electronics Will Not Do Under This Limited Warranty

If this product is returned to Kramer Electronics or the authorized dealer from which it was purchased or any other party authorized to repair Kramer Electronics products, this product must be insured during shipment, with the insurance and shipping charges prepaid by you. If this product is returned uninsured, you assume all risks of loss or damage during shipment. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any costs related to the removal or re-installation of this product from or into any installation. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any setting up this product, any adjustment of user controls or any programming required for a specific installation of this product.

#### How to Obtain a Remedy Under This Limited Warranty

To obtain a remedy under this limited warranty, you must contact either the authorized Kramer Electronics reseller from whom you purchased this product or the Kramer Electronics office nearest you. For a list of authorized Kramer Electronics resellers and/or Kramer Electronics authorized service providers, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact the Kramer Electronics office nearest you.

In order to pursue any remedy under this limited warranty, you must possess an original, dated receipt as proof of purchase from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If this product is returned under this limited warranty, a return authorization number, obtained from Kramer Electronics, will be required (RMA number). You may also be directed to an authorized reseller or a person authorized by Kramer Electronics to repair the product.

If it is decided that this product should be returned directly to Kramer Electronics, this product should be properly packed, preferably in the original carton, for shipping. Cartons not bearing a return authorization number will be refused.

#### Limitation of Liability

THE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF KRAMER ELECTRONICS UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL NOT EXCEED THE ACTUAL PURCHASE PRICE PAID FOR THE PRODUCT. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, KRAMER ELECTRONICS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY BRACH OF WARRANTY OR CONDITION, OR UNDER ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY. Some countries, districts or states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of relief, special, incidental, consequential or indirect damages, or the limitation of liability to specified amounts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.

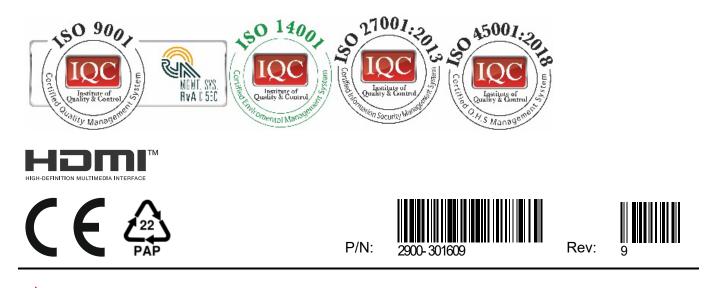
#### Exclusive Remedy

TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, THIS LIMITED WARRANTY AND THE REMEDIES SET FORTH ABOVE ARE EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, REMEDIES AND CONDITIONS, WHETHER ORAL OR WRITTEN, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, KRAMER ELECTRONICS SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IF KRAMER ELECTRONICS CANNOT LAWFULLY DISCLAIM OR EXCLUDE IMPLIED WARRANTIES UNDER APPLICABLE LAW, THEN ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES COVERING THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, SHALL APPLY TO THIS PRODUCT AS PROVIDED UNDER APPLICABLE LAW. IF ANY PRODUCT TO WHICH THIS LIMITED WARRANTY APPLIES IS A "CONSUMER PRODUCT" UNDER THE MAGNUSON-MOSS WARRANTY ACT (15 U.S.C.A. §2301, ET SEQ.) OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW, THE FOREGOING DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES SHALL NOT APPLY TO YOU, AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES ON THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR THE PARTICULAR PURPOSE, SHALL APPLY AS PROVIDED WARRANTIES SHALL NOT APPLY TO YOU, AND

### Other Conditions

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from country to country or state to state. This limited warranty is void if (i) the label bearing the serial number of this product has been removed or defaced, (ii) the product is not distributed by Kramer Electronics or (iii) this product is not purchased from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If you are unsure whether a reseller is an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact a Kramer Electronics office from the list at the end of this document. Your rights under this limited warranty are not diminished if you do not complete and return the product registration form or complete and submit the online product registration form. Kramer Electronics thanks you for purchasing a Kramer Electronics product. We hope it will give you years of satisfaction.





SAFETY WARNING Disconnect the unit from the power supply before opening and servicing

For the latest information on our products and a list of Kramer distributors, visit our website where updates to this user manual may be found.

### We welcome your questions, comments, and feedback.

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